INSURANCE
Nothing can take the place of one's own country. ONE'S OWN INSURANCE COMPANIES are the BEST.

Regd. No. B. 1063

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

INSURANCE
SWADESHI in INSURANCE is easy. INDIAN INSURANCE COMPANIES are ready with their service.

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VOL. XXV NO. 10 BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 13, 1937 PRICE: ONE ANNA

Congress Ministry Scare In Madras

Government Comes Out With Assurance

Officials Need Fear None; India Act Gives Them Full Protection

MADRAS, January 12.

"Government understand" states a Government Order just issued, "that certain politicians have uttered threats that, in the event of their being returned to power at the forthcoming elections, they will dismiss or otherwise harass certain Government servants, in particular members of the police force. Government desire to assure all their officers, of whatever rank, that in no eventuality can such irresponsible threats be fulfilled against Government servants, who do their duty in good faith".

The order then quotes sections under the Government of India Act to show that no Government servant can be dismissed by any authority subordinate to that by which he was appointed, and no one can be reduced or dismissed without being given an opportunity of showing cause against the action to be taken against him, except where a person is convicted on a criminal charge.

The order also states that under the Government of India Act, Governors' special responsibility will be a safeguard for their legitimate interests.—United Press.

No Independence Within Empire

Congress President On Nation's Goal

"I Can Conceive Of A Free India Coming To Friendly Arrangement With Britain"

"In my reading of his character, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru is not primarily interested in making India 'Independent' of the Empire. If he believed the Empire were really a family of equal nations, whose individual members had a 'fair show', he would be willing that India should be one of these nations. But he thinks that vested interests have us by the throat, and that our own snobbery and brainlessness complete India's subjection, so that there can be no freedom for India until she is cut loose from all connection with us," says Mr. Edward Thompson, who specially interviewed Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru in India recently for the "News Chronicle".

The following is the text of his talk with Pandit Nehru in the form of question and answer:—

Question:—You are reported as saying that India will not 'touch' the new Constitution. What do you mean?

Answer:—There is no question of not touching the new Constitution, because the fact of our seeking elections shows that we are coming into touch with it. What is meant is that we do not approach this constitution in a spirit of co-operation.

It has been forced upon us against our will. We dislike it thoroughly, and we propose to make its functioning as difficult as possible. The Federal part of it is a monstrosity.

Question:—Still India's position being so bad, would it not be better to use the constitution, as a means of giving Indians some chance of relieving the misery.

NO SOLUTION POSSIBLE.

Answer:—The constitution is bound to fail, because it cannot solve any major problem of India. These problems of the land, poverty and unemployment demand solution. We do not think there can be a proper solution under British imperialism.

We have indicated the way out through a Constituent Assembly.

Question:—My criticism of the Congress is that it has not the courage to remember that such people as the Princes' subjects exist, or to speak up for their rights. What do you think?

Answer:—The Congress does not ignore the Princes' subjects, though its activities have largely been concentrated in British India. It stands for the same political, economic, civil and other liberties for the Indian States' subjects as for the others. It had not been able to do much for the Indian States, because it had its hands full elsewhere and many of its leaders did not want to add to their burdens. But the principle was admitted and proclaimed.

INDIA'S GAOL.

Question:—Would not a genuine "Dominion Status" be as good as independence?

Answer:—I cannot conceive of a genuine independence within the Empire for India, even to the extent of that of the British Dominions. There is no parallel between the two. I can conceive of a free India coming to a friendly arrangement with Britain.

NO DICTATORSHIP.

Question:—Would you like India to come under a dictatorship, such as we see in Fascist countries?

Answer:—I am entirely against the idea, more especially the idea of a personal dictatorship. I can imagine, however, that in times of grave crisis, unusual military crisis, a measure of group dictatorship might be necessary. But this should not be extended to ordinary times.

Question:—Is not the unity of India largely artificial and recent? Would it not be better, if India split into separate nations, on the lines of race and language?

Answer:—I think it would be unfortunate if India was split in that way. The unity of India is not only desirable but highly necessary, and I doubt, if there are any intelligent people in India who think differently. This unity, however, should not be an oppressive one, but should give full freedom for cultural and other diversity.

INDIAN POVERTY.

Question:—India's poverty appeals to every visitor; how do you propose to tackle it?

Answer:—It seems to me that the only way to solve outstanding Indian problems is to have an all-embracing planned system of Indian economy, dealing with the land, industry—big scale and village social services, etc. Such a system can only take effect, when obstructions in the shape of big vested interests have been removed. Therefore, it becomes necessary to remove most of these obstructions.

PROBLEM OF PRINCES

Q:—The British are not your only difficulty. Do you not think that between India and freedom are her communal quarrels and also the princes?

A:—I do not think the communal problem will present the slightest difficulty when economic questions are being considered.

As for the Indian princes, it is absurd to expect that they should carry in it their feudal, autocratic way because of some treaty they made with representatives of the British power a hundred years ago.

Ultimately it will be for the people of the States themselves to decide what the position of the princes will be.

ARMY QUESTION

Q:—As to the Army, some Provinces send no men for it, others send a few hundred; the overwhelming majority came from two provinces. Do you think you can ever have a democratic government, while a section of India holds the weapons and takes the risks for the rest?

A:—The Army question offers no insuperable difficulty. The Army as well as a kind of militia, will have to be recruited from all over India. There is no reason to suppose that the present Indian Army will not be loyal to the new order.

The British Army, of course will have to go.

Western India States Eleven who defeated Maharashtra Eleven by an innings and 20 runs on Sunday in the Cricket championship of India at Poona.

LICENSING YEN EXCHANGE TELLS

Bullish Sentiment In Japanese Stocks Due To Check On Imports

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

TOKIO, Jan. 12.

The licence system recently enforced by the Finance Ministry against transactions in Yen exchange, in payment for imports to Japan from abroad, was apparently successful in checking anticipatory imports, but together with the biggest budget in Japan's Parliamentary annals, strongly stimulated speculation and buying enthusiasm at home, which was in evidence since December. Explosive rise in commodity exchanges has not failed to inject a strong buying sentiment on the Stock Exchange, where the whole front has registered gains from two to 30 Yen notably in cottons, rayon, minings, steels, fertilizers and shippings.

The Tokuo Cotton Spinning Company, which operates forty mills and employs 38,000 hands, has announced that it has appropriated 800,000 Yen for employees as allowances for the rise in prices.

The Finance and Commerce Ministries' circles are, however, optimistic pointing out that the licence system in Yen Exchange transactions was not intended to restrict imports of necessary raw material, but designed to check anticipatory speculative imports. Consequently the misgivings, now felt by business and industrial circles, will be dispelled before long.

HYDARI COMMITTEE MEETING IN BOMBAY

NEW DELHI, Jan. 12.

Sir Prabhashanker Pattani left this morning, while Mr. K. C. Neogy leaves to-morrow by the Frontier Mail for Bombay in connection with the meeting of the Hydari Committee which will be held at the Nizam's Palace from the 15th to 17th January. Sardar Pannikkar and others will be in Bombay in time for the meeting.

It is understood that the Committee will, among other things, review the situation in regard to reservations and other alterations in the Instrument of Acession to the Federation in the light of the discussions that the Viceroy's representatives had with the States so far.—United Press.

TARIFF BOARD FOR SUGAR INDUSTRY

NEW DELHI, Jan. 11.

It is understood that the Government of India will shortly announce the constitution and terms of reference of the Tariff Board to inquire into the question of protection for sugar industry. The Board will commence work in April next.—United Press.

ARABS FOR INDEPENDENCE

Grand Mufti Opens Case Before Royal Commission

JERUSALEM, Jan. 12.

Declaring that the Arabs' aim was "national independence within Palestine", the Mufti of Jerusalem this morning officially opened the Arab case before the Royal Commission.—Reuter.

POPE'S PAIN INCREASES

VATICAN CITY, Jan. 12.

The Pope spent a fair night though the pain in the right leg which is attacked by varicose ulcers is increasing. His Holiness was cheerful and resigned to his condition.—Reuter.

CORONATION DURBAR

NEW DELHI, Jan. 12.

Inquiries in authoritative quarters confirm the report that definite decision in regard to dates of Coronation Durbar will be announced after H. E. the Viceroy's return to New Delhi.

It appears, the proposal for postponement of the Durbar till winter next year, does not find favour with the authorities and is discounted.—United Press.

HEART CONTROL MIRACLE

INDORE, Jan. 12.

Swami Vivekanand, who was buried alive yesterday, was dug out to-day at the appointed time in the presence of a large gathering, including the Prime Minister and other high officers of the State and the Residency.

When the pit was opened the Swami was found sitting statue-like exactly as he entered. The Swami gradually regained consciousness.

Doctors examined him and found the Swami was controlling his heart beats wonderfully till they became normal.—A. P.

SARDAR FOR MAHARASHTRA

BOMBAY, Jan. 12.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, President of the All-India Congress Parliamentary Committee, who is at present convalescing at Poly Clinic will start on the election tour in Maharashtra on the 22nd instant.

Mr. Shankerrao Deo, President of the Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee will accompany the Sardar.

They will visit Ahmednagar, Nasik and West Khandesh during the tour, which will be completed by the 27th instant. A detailed programme of the tour will be published later.—United Press.

ON PILGRIMAGE, SAYS MAHATMA

Pays Tribute To Ruler Of Travancore For Temple Entry Proclamation

TRIVANDRUM, Jan. 12.

Mahatma Gandhi arrived here to-night from Madras for participation in the temple entry celebrations and a tour of pilgrimage to Travancore temples following their being thrown open to all classes of Hindus. He was given enthusiastic reception throughout the route at wayside stations. A huge crowd gathered at Trivandrum station where Rao Bahadur Rajvaseva Niratha, Dr. N. Kunjan Pillai, Chief Secretary to the Government and Mr. G. N. Tampi, Municipal President received Mahatma Gandhi.

The Trivandrum Municipality presented him with an address to which he replied stating he had come on pilgrimage now to Travancore temples and paying tribute to the Maharaja, Maharani and Dewan Sir C. P. Ramaswami Aiyar for the temple entry proclamation. Mahatma Gandhi then motored to Cliff House where he will stay as the State guest.—A. P.

BIYANI FILES REVISION ORDER

NAGPUR, Jan. 12.

Mr. Brijlal Biyani, member of the Council of State from Berar and also President of the Berar Provincial Congress Committee, who appeared before the City Magistrate, Akola, (Berar) last evening to answer a charge of Sedition (124—A. I. P. C.) in respect of a speech he delivered at Khamgaon on November 9 last and upon whom an order was passed by the Magistrate imposing certain restrictions on his movements, it is understood is filing an application before the District Judge, Akola, praying for revision of the magistrate's order.—A. P.

Heavy Casualties Feared Sequel To Shipwreck

LONDON, Jan. 12.

Over twenty persons are missing, following the disaster to the Finnish vessel Joan Nathorden which, after striking a reef, broke in two.

The Captain sent off 22 men, two women and two children in one of the life boats, and the Captain and the remainder of the crew left in a smaller boat, as the vessel was sinking. The latter boat was washed ashore empty, but, eight men swam ashore. The remainder, as well as the entire company aboard the other life boat, are missing. Four bodies have hitherto been washed ashore. The Joan Nathorden was completing the return of her maiden voyage from New York to Helsingfors.—Reuter.

NEW YEAR PROSPECT FOR FINANCE MEMBER

Provincial Autonomy And Burma Separation Confront Him With Five Crores Demand

(From Our Correspondent.)

NEW DELHI, January 12.

Fall in customs returns does not appear to be the only worry of the Chancellor of India's Exchequer, who has to provide for four to five crores, for enabling new Provincial Autonomy to start its career on April 1, next.

SEQUEL TO BURMA SEPARATION

With the separation of Burma, the Government of India will lose about five crores in customs, fifty lakhs in income-tax and similarly sums under other heads of revenue.

Even including contribution by Burma for interest on debt and pensionary charges, etc., the Indian revenues will suffer the loss of about two and half to three crores from the commencement of the new financial year.

NIEMYER AWARD BURDEN

Then under the Nieymyer Award, part of which takes effect from All Fools' Day, the Finance Member will have to provide in this year's budget for Sind another 110 lakhs, Orissa 47 lakhs, Assam 30 lakhs and the United Provinces 26 lakhs. This does not include the usual crore for Frontier Province. These adjustments would mean the finding of about four crores in addition to the loss of two to three crores for Burma. On top of it all come the Government of India advances to provinces, on which the Central Exchequer used to earn interest. This interest as well as cash balances will have to be wiped out. Then the 12 1/2 per cent. increase in the share to jute-producing Provinces has to be reckoned. This will work out to another 50 lakhs.

The Finance Member was clever enough to put 197 lakhs in Revenue Reserve, out of the surplus expected for year 1935-36. Still another four to five crores will have to be met. Accordingly added interest attaches to this year's budget statement.

It may be mentioned in passing that the Railway Budget would have a windfall of about 50 lakhs in the form of loss on Burma Railways, which the Government of that country will have to face hereafter.

JAWAHAR DOES IT BY AIR

LAHORE, Jan. 12.

For the first time during his tour of the country as President of the Congress, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru is resorting to flying as a means of enabling him to cope with his strenuous programme of electioneering.

On January 16, after a 75 mile drive from Delhi to Bhiwani and back, he will fly from Delhi to Ambala, in a chartered National Airways plane. Pandit Nehru will then motor 70 miles to Ludhiana and on, again, the next morning to Jullundur, where he takes to the air again to visit successively Amritsar, Rawalpindi and Lahore—all on the same day.

On January 18 he flies to Ferozepore and thence to Jullundur and Sialkot. In the evening he will fly back to Lahore and the same night will leave for Dehra Dun.—A. P.

BAJAJ FOR POONA

POONA, Jan. 12.

Seth Jamnalal Bajaj who is at present in Bombay, is visiting Poona to-morrow, accompanied by Acharya Dharmadhikari of Wardha. He is expected to be here for two or three days.

Sethji will address a special meeting of merchants. He will address another meeting on the evening of the 14th instant before Sanwarwada.—United Press.

Mistakes Competition
WILL CLOSE
TO-MORROW
Entry coupons available from Bombay Chronicle Sunday Edition of 27th December 1936, 3rd and 10th January.

TABULATED ADLETS
ONE Anna Per Word
Minimum Re. 1.

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (up to 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

ADVERTISEMENTS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words—"Box No..... The "Bombay Chronicle"—must be paid for. The Management reserves to themselves the right of refusing any advertisement without giving ANY reason for doing so.

BLOCK-LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS should be addressed carefully as under:—"Box No..... The Advertisement Department, The "Bombay Chronicle," Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Number should be written distinctly.

8. MATRIMONIAL.

Educated Muslim youth interested business, wants marrying rich accomplished girl. Apply Box No. 7598, "Bombay Chronicle." Correspondence confidential.

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted—A Graduate B.Sc., to coach up a student in Inter Science B. Group. Apply with salary per month. Box No. 7591, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a qualified Assistant Civil Engineer. Salary Rs. 100. Previous experience of building construction essential. Apply immediately to the Civil Engineer, the Retreat, Shahibag, Ahmedabad. (4653).

Wanted Typist-Clerks, knowing accounts and peon for New Bank (Bombay); two L.C.P.S. Doctors, B.T. Teacher for Catholic School. Apply: Secretary, Goldwyn, Low-Bow (India) Co., Kirtee Building, Forbes Street, Bombay. (7594).

Wanted Matrics, Non-Matrics, Lawyers, Graduates, Teachers, Overseers, Sub-overseers, Doctors and Engineers to consult Hastings & Co., Fatehpuri Road, Delhi. (7595)

Wanted clerks for Mofussil service knowing Book-keeping. Salary according to qualification. Apply to: The Hindustan Construction Co., Ltd., Phoenix Building, Graham Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay. (7597)

Wanted a Trained Lady Graduate Teacher immediately. Apply stating terms to the Principal Gokalbai High School, Vile Parle (7553).

Wanted a lady teacher, knowing Gujarati with high academic qualifications for the Sarvajanik High School for Girls, Surat. The scale of salary is 150—10—250. One with previous experience and high qualifications may be given a higher start than the minimum within the scale. Apply before 1st March, 1937, stating age, qualifications and teaching and administrative experience to the Hon. Secretary, S. E. Society, Surat. (4604).

Wanted capable and experienced Overseer to supervise building work. Apply stating salary required Box No. 7583, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted an L. C. E. or a qualified draftsman who thoroughly understands Architects' Drawings. Apply stating age and experience to Box No. 7577, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted thoroughly experienced Radio Mechanic also Seagoing Motor Driver or Seagoing Steam Driver with Inland Driver certificate. Apply Box No. 7580, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a teacher to coach inter commerce student. Apply sharp Jamshedji Ratanji and Co., 93, Apollo Street. (7561).

12. TO BE LET.

To let flat, 4 bedrooms, dining room, drawing room at Harvey Road, Chowpatty. Rent Rs. 160. Apply at premises. (7592).

To Let—Excellent situation, eminently fitted for shop which was lately occupied by Marcks & Co., now by Hoar & Co., at Esplanade Road from 1st April 1937. Apply Secretary, Haji Zenal Abedin Shirazi Trust, No. 95, Ash Lane, Fort. (7589).

To Let on long or short lease the well-known Olympia Cinema from 1st February, 1937. Applicant should send their offers to Manager, Dr. Eruchshaw Jamshedji Hakim, Eruchshaw Building, 249 Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay. (7559).

13. SHOPS & ROOMS TO LET.

To Let—Shop 16' x 50' with Gallery three sides, "Tyabji Building", Carnac Road, opposite Gokuldas Hospital, from first March. Rent 260. Write Hussain Tyabji, Andheri. Phone 86119. Enquire within. (7593).

69. LOANS & MORTGAGES.

Advertiser will accord financial co-operation to cultural and reformative societies conducted by ladies and gentlemen of ability. Correspondence with printed reports from responsible parties will receive careful consideration. Write Box 7588, "Bombay Chronicle."

56. EDUCATIONAL.

Senior Cambridge Examination for those who passed or failed at Matriculation. Oral or postal tuition. Prospectus from S. P. Desai, M.Sc. (London), Principal, Bombay Tutorial College, Kavarana Building, Dhobitalao. (7566).

Matric classes for March and April Examinations. Morning and evening. Bombay Tutorial College, Kavarana Building, Dhobitalao. (7565)

St. Joseph's Academy, Dehra Dun. Conducted by the Brothers of St. Patrick (Ireland). Managing Committee:—St. George's College, (Mussoorie.)—Will have accommodation for a limited number of Boarders from 1st February 1937. Candidates for admission must be under 15 years of age. The younger boys will be under the care of an experienced Matron. A qualified Medical Officer will attend. The school buildings are new and designed on the most modern lines. The grounds and playing fields are spacious and the situation is the most favourable in Dehra Dun, open and elevated. Full particulars are contained in the prospectus which may be had from Rev. Brother Principal, St. Joseph's Academy, Rajpur Road, Dehra Dun. (4565).

56. EDUCATIONAL.

For Expert Individual Training in Shorthand, Typewriting, Bookkeeping: Join Kalkadevi Shorthand Typewriting Institution. Established 1898 by Gopaldas Laldas. Princess Street Corner, Kalkadevi Road, Bombay. (7552).

73 AGENTS WANTED

Wanted—Agents for our famous mercerised, pure silk sarees and cloth on Rs. 150 p.m. Bonus Rs. 200. Amrit Commercial Agency Ludhiana. (7576)

99. MACHINERY WANTED.

Wanted.—A small steam winch complete in perfect working order. Write price and particulars to P. O. Box 416, Bombay. (7585)

Wanted—A second-hand Roller Flour Mill Machinery. Sajjan Singh, Mill-owner, Sialkot (Punjab). (7574)

156. MISCELLANEOUS.

Tea with excellent flavour and of best quality available at cheapest price. Trial solicited. You are sure to be satisfied. Apply Jamsetji D. Warden, Glass Bungalow, Chikkalwadi.

Public Notices.

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch Per insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion	Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

Legal Notices

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that PESTONJI LIMJI PARUCK, HIRABAI LIMJI PARUCK and MANEKJI LIMJI PARUCK, Executors of Limji Manekji Paruck have contracted with our client for the absolute sale to him free from all claims and incumbrances of the undermentioned property. All persons having any claim or interest to or in the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, gift, inheritance, residence, use, trust maintenance, possession, mortgage, lease, lien, charge or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office Albert Building, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, as otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claims, if any, and the same will be considered and treated as having been absolutely waived and abandoned.

THE DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL THAT piece or parcel of land or ground of Pension and Tax tenure (redeemed) together with the messuages, tenements or dwelling houses standing thereon situate, lying and being at Girgaum Back Road (Vithalbhai Patel Road), outside the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay and assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's New No. 1106 and New Survey Nos. 7403, 7405, and 7406 and Cadastral Survey No. 610 of Girgaum Division and containing by admeasurement 3,000 square yards or thereabouts and bearing Ward Nos. 1619 (1), 1620 (2), 1621, 1619(4), 1619(2), 1619(2a) and 1620(1a) and Street Nos. 202B, 202-A, 210 200-A to 200-C, 1A, 202-D and 2-A and bounded as follows:—i.e. to say, on or towards the East by the property belonging to the Trustees of Naranji Tulsidas, on or towards the West by property formerly belonging to Anant Shivaji Desai, on or towards the North by the remaining portion of the Paruck Wadi and on or towards the South by the said Girgaum Back Road and which said premises were formerly and are now in the occupation of the tenants of the Vendors.

Dated this 11th day of January, 1937.

BHAISHANKER KANGA & GIRDHARLAL,
Purchasers' Attorneys.
4633

Public Notices.

BOMBAY: 1st November, 1936.

To,
The SHERIFF of Bombay,
BOMBAY.

Sir,

We have the honour to request you to be so good as to convene a Public Meeting of the Citizens of Bombay to give expression to their feelings of sorrow at the lamented death of Sir LALUBHAI SAMALDAS, who has rendered meritorious services to the cause of Indian Commerce and Industry.

We have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servants,

Rahimtoola Chinoy	Chunilal V. Mehta
Nowroji B. Saklatvala	Chimanlal Setalvad
Cowasji Jehangir	Sorabji N. Pochkhanawalla
Walchand Hirachand	Hormusji P. Mody
Fhiroze C. Sethna	Mangaldas V. Mehta
A. D. Shroff	Gordhandas G. Morarji
L. A. Halsall	Geoffrey L. Winterbotham
K. M. Munshi	Jehangir Boman-Behram
Mathuradas Vissanji	T. G. Mackenzie
R. C. Lowndes	Shantidas Askuran
Meyer Nissim	J. F. Macdonnel
Govindlal Shivlal Motilal	Lilavati Munshi
Hansa Mehta	Kaikobad C. Dinshaw
Nagindas T. Master	Manu Subedar
S. D. Saklatvala	M. C. Ghia
B. V. Jadhav	L. R. Tairsee
B. N. Karanjia	Fakirmahomed Sajan
M. M. Amersey	J. R. D. Tata
Shantikumar Morarji	J. C. Setalvad
Velji Napoo	V. P. Wardhe
Vithaldas D. Govindji	J. K. Mehta

and others.

In accordance with the above requisition, I hereby call a PUBLIC MEETING of the Citizens of Bombay in the Sir COWASJI JEHANGIR HALL on MONDAY, the 18th day of January, 1937 at 6 P. M. (S.T.).

Bombay, 11th January, 1937.

A. G. GRAY,
Sheriff of Bombay.
4649.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that share certificates Nos. 04535/41 for 200 shares Nos. 54676 to 54875 of the Vulcan Insurance Co., Ltd., standing in the name of Mohanraj Amritraj are LOST or MISPLACED. Any claim in respect of the above shares should be notified to the Vulcan Insurance Co., Ltd., at its Registered Office at Bombay within a month from the date hereof, otherwise duplicate share certificates for the above shares will be issued to the original shareholder.

(7597)

Legal Notices.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. RAGHAVJI PURSHOTAM has contracted to sell to our client the undermentioned property.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise, howsoever, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 13-19, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Freehold land or ground with tin sheds standing thereon situate, lying and being on the West side of the New Upper Road leading from Gowalia Tank Road in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, without the Fort in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 999 sq. yds. or little less being Plot No. 5 of Forjett Road Scheme bearing Cadastral Survey No. 22|644 of Malabar Hill Division and bounded as follows that is to say—on or towards the East by a portion of the said New Upper Road, on or towards the North by plot B, on or towards the West by the property of Dadi Limji Batliboi and on or towards the South by the property of Ibrahim Kadarbhai Mithaiwala which said plot together with other plots is registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's Old Nos. 406 and 442 and New Nos. A|2290 and A|2319; Old Survey No. 58 and New Survey No. 1|7066 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Taxes under D Ward Nos. 3393 (1E-1F), Street Nos. 57E-57F Raghavji Road and is now in the occupation of the vendor and his tenants.

Dated this 11th day of January, 1937.

DAPHTARY FERREIRA & DIVAN,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
4654

WANTED

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of Publicity Officer from persons capable also of conducting a Motoring Magazine. Salary according to qualifications. Applications in writing containing particulars of experience and of salary required together with copies of testimonials should be enclosed in envelopes superscribed "Publicity Officer" and addressed to:—

THE SECRETARY,
The Western India Automobile Association,
8, Queen's Road,
Post Box 211, Bombay.
4638

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

On behalf of our clients Messrs. LALDAS MAGANLAL and DEVIDAS MAGANLAL. Notice is hereby given that Jagmohandas Devidas Maganlal, the son of our said client Devidas Maganlal has been falsely representing to the public that he is a member of a joint Hindu family consisting of himself and our said clients and as such is entitled to a share in the properties respectively belonging to each of our said clients. The public are informed that our clients and their brother Hiralal Maganlal are and have always been separate in food worship and estate and the properties respectively belonging to each of them are their own separate and self acquired properties in which the said Jagmohandas Devidas Maganlal has no share, right, title or interest. Any person dealing with the said Jagmohandas Devidas Maganlal on the faith of the said representations will do so at his own risk.

Dated this 12th day of January, 1937.

ARDESHIR HORMUSJI DINSHAW & CO.,
Attorneys for Mr. Laldas Maganlal & Mr. Devidas Maganlal.
4656.

Auction Sales

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF THE PRINTING MACHINERY, TYPES ETC., OF RAJESHWARI PRINTING PRESS.

Under instructions from the Court Receiver, Bombay, as the Receiver appointed in Suit No. 123 of 1933 (Manubhai vs Lalitabai), Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will on TUESDAY, the 19th January, 1937 at 3-30 P.M. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at No. 127, Main Road, Dadar near Municipal Stables, printing machinery of Rageshwari Printing Press such as Double Royal Printing Machine, Tradle Printing Machine, cutting and stitching machines, stereo taking machine, Pills-making machine, Indian root-grinding machine etc. of different English and German makers, also a big lot of English, Gujrati and Marathi types, wooden stands, frames etc. in one lot or separate lots.

The above will be on view 2 days before the sale.

A deposit of 25 per cent will be required at the time of sale.

BENNETT & CO.

Auction Sales

CRAWFORD & CO.

EXTENDED DATE
TENDERS FOR (1) UMARKHADI FIRST ROAD AND BABULA TANK ROAD AND (2) KAMATHIPURA 7TH STREET PROPERTIES.

By order of Official Assignee of Bombay offers are invited for the purchase of the right, title and interest of the Insolvent Nizamuddin Abdulla Thaver and of the first and second chargeholders in the two immovable properties situate at (1) Umarkhadi First Road and Babula Tank Road and (2) Kamathipura 7th Street respectively. The offers should be enclosed in sealed covers and delivered to the undersigned on or before 3-0 p.m. (S.T.) on THURSDAY, 14th January, 1937 and should be accompanied by deposit of Rs. 2,000.

The applicants should attend at 3-0 p.m. (S.T.) on FRIDAY, 15th January, 1937, at the office of The Official Assignee High Court Premises, Fort, Bombay when the sealed covers will be opened.

CRAWFORD & CO.,
Govt. Auctioneers.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

SALE OF 100 COILS GALVANISED FENCING WIRE AND 102 COILS CONTINENTAL BRIGHT IRON WIRE.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO., will under instructions from Mr. Rustomji N. Mehta of 76, Tamarind Lane, Fort, on behalf of Messrs. J. M. Wotherspoon & Co., Ltd., of 194/200, Bishopsgate, London, E. C. 2, sell by Public Auction on Thursday the 14th January, 1937, at 3 p.m. at their Sale Rooms at 123, Medows Street, on account and at the risk of Messrs. Laxmidas Gopaldas of 430, Kalbadevi Road, the following:—

100/497 Bombay Made in Germany. Nos. 101/200.	100 Coils Galvanised Fencing Wire 1/4 inch by 7 ply. Unwrapped.
100/497 Bombay Made in Belgium.	102 Coils Continental Bright Iron Wire No. 17 Gauge, unwrapped.

25 per cent. deposit will be required at the time of sale and the balance shall be paid and the goods removed within three days of the sale.

Further particulars may be obtained from the undersigned.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

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Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer's

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Produced by the famous SAMUEL GOLDWYN.
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from the Book written by the Nobel Prize Winner
SINCLAIR LEWIS
Scenario by the Pulitzer Prize Winner
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DEVIKA RANI
in
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JANMA BHOOMI
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ROYAL OPERA HOUSE
TENTH WEEK
Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
ZENANA SHOW TO-DAY AT 1-30 P.M.

Dharmaveer
The 2nd "HUNS" Social
Simultaneously At
MAJESTIC and **WELLINGTON**
(MARATHI VERSION) (HINDI VERSION)
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(16th JAN. 1937.)
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Directed by
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Sat. Sun., Holidays Matinee at 2-30 p.m,
At
Roxy TALKIES.

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AROUND THE COURTS

BOMBAY TUESDAY,

The Esplanade Police arrested last night Pranalal Hemchand and three others on Waudby Road in the Fort on a charge of satta gambling. The suspects were bailed out.

At the Esplanade Police Court to-day, the Chief Presidency Magistrate granted an extension of the bail period.

Laxmidas, son of Govind (24) was arrested yesterday on a charge of taking opium with the intention of committing suicide.

He was immediately treated by a doctor and removed to the G. T. Hospital, where he is under Police guard.

He was enlarged on bail of Rs. 100 (Rs. 25 to be deposited) in default to be remanded into Police custody for ten days, at the Mazagaon Court to-day.

Inquest on the body of Bhiku Rakhma, who died on Dec. 28 last, as a result of injuries sustained from a motor car in motion the previous day, at De Lisle Road, was held to-day.

The Coroner's Jury returned a verdict that death was caused by shock following fracture of the base of the skull. The deceased had run into a motor taxi in motion at De Lisle Road at night and had accidentally been knocked down.

A European, named Thomas Hampson, was arrested by the City Police yesterday on a charge of having stolen three traveller's cheques of the value of £20 each from a fellow-passenger on board the s.s. "Strathaird" on November 5 last.

The accused was placed before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, to-day and remanded in custody pending further inquiries.

Mohommed, a returned deportee, with eight previous convictions, who was challenged by a Police constable on December 12 last, was convicted by Mr. I. N. Mehta Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum, to-day, to an aggregate sentence of two and half years and a fine of Rs. 180, in default to further three months' R. I.

Sawlaram Yeshoo alias Sadashiv Yeshoo and Hirabai Chandra alias Shanker were placed before Mr. I. N. Mehta, Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum, to-day, on charges of theft and disposing of stolen property. They were arrested at Tejpal Road yesterday.

The Magistrate ordered the suspects to be remanded to custody for a week.

Alli Mohmud Noor Mohmud was arrested on a charge of breach of trust in respect of ten bags of gum valued at Rs. 654-12-0 yesterday by Pydhownie Police.

He, it is alleged, called himself a commission agent, and issued cheques which were dishonoured by the Central Bank of India.

On Jan. 7 he ordered ten bags of gum from one Narsey Chatarbhuj at Nowrowji Hill Road and the next day his 'mehta' took charge of the goods, which were taken to Jumma Musjid and disposed of.

Last night a complaint was lodged.

He was enlarged on a bail of Rs. 350 without deposit; in default to be remanded into Police custody for a week by Presidency Magistrate, Mr. R. Mathlone, at Mazagaon to-day.

65 P. C. Passes In First L. C. P. S. Exam.

Out of 198 students who appeared at the First L. C. P. S. examination held in December 36, the following 130 have passed:—

M. J. Abichandani, V. V. Achwal, B. L. Adur, G. E. Airan, S. D. Ajgaonkar, T. B. Alimchandani, (Miss) S. R. Amladi, H. P. Badjan., (Miss) V. S. Bagwe, V. A. Bandekar, T. V. Bapat, V. M. Bavadekar, P. H. Baxi, K. A. Bedi, (Miss) M. M. Bhandarkar, B. S. Bhatt, R. G. Bhatt, K. C. Brahmachari, D. J. Chaudhari, M. S. Chhabra, V. V. Chhaya, B. L. Chhichhia, P. P. Dass, T. N. Date, G. G. Dave, N. D. Dave, M. N. Desai, I. F. Devadatta, B. K. Dey, R. G. Dixit, B. N. Dosi, (Miss) S. R. Erram, (Miss) T. T. Farnon, V. S. Gadagkar, (Miss) A. N. Gaitonde, (Miss) M. S. Gaitonde, (Miss) R. M. Gandhi, B. P. Ghatepande, S. R. Godbole, J. J. Gor, (Miss) G. W. Gothoskar, (Mrs.) D. R. Gurbuxani, M. B. Hanse, Silas Herbert, H. J. Hingorani, G. R. Hukkeri, B. M. Jadhav, P. S. Jadhwani, (Miss) N. J. Jhaveri, (Miss) L. R. Jhuramalani, N. V. Jogalekar, G. W. Joshi, (Miss) K. V. Joshi, N. D. Joshi, (Miss) V. V. Joshi, R. T. Kakade, A. D. Kalanke (Miss) M. N. Kamle, J. K. Kapadia, B. N. Kathare, S. P. Kedar, L. K. Keshar, A. A. Khan, M. T. Khatri, M. T. Khilnani, A. I. Kolia, C. K. Kothari, J. H. Kunchur, D. Laban, T. M. Lalvani (Miss), B. G. F. Lobo (Miss), U. S. Mansand, J. G. Mansh, S. C. Mapara (Miss), M. D. Maru, S. J. Mascarenhas, P. R. Mayenkar (Miss), C. B. Menta, H. K. Mehta, R. M. Modi, H. J. Morgan, K. G. Mulgund, J. B. Mullick, K. C. Nagori, R. N. Naik, V. L. Nevrekar, M. R. Padbidri (Miss), F. W. Pais, S. G. Pandya (Miss) S. N. Pardasaney, C. J. Parikh, L. P. Parikh, B. G. Patel, M. B. Patel, N. R. Pathak, V. V. Patil, V. D. Patki, S. M. Pethe, V. B. Phadke, K. S. Prabhune, D. B. Ranade, M. A. Ranade, K. G. Ratnaparkhi, V. C. Raval, R. N. Risbood, B. N. Shah, J. C. Shah, M. M. Shah, P. M. Shah, M. I. Shaikh (Miss), C. H. Sharma, R. G. Shelat, A. R. Shukla, P. Singh, G. D. Solanky, B. K. Tambolkar, M. B. Tanna, J. A. Thadani, H. H. Thadhaney, T. R. Tholar, V. T. Vadhbhrajani, M. J. Vaidya, M. H. Vaidya, N. L. Vaidya, S. M. Vaingankar, K. N. Vaswani (Miss), R. G. Wagh, I. R. Zanzerkia (Miss), C. George and P. Alexander Vadakur.

Mr. Schopflocher On Goodwill Mission

(From A Correspondent)

Bombay is having a very distinguished visitor in the person of Mr. Schopflocher, a millionaire of Canada, who has devoted his life to the spread of universal brotherhood and peace. He has largely contributed towards the erection of the Universal House of Worship in America which has cost millions of dollars and is built by the Bahais. He is himself a staunch and ardent Bahai, and is touring the world on a peace and goodwill mission. He arrives here on the 14th instant and will leave on the 18th.

VAPEX
WILL STOP THAT COLD
Breathe the Vapour

The funeral procession of the late Mr. Karnad Sadashivrao, ex-President of the Karnatak Provincial Congress Committee, passing along Vithalbhai Road Bombay, on Sunday noon.

CHEAPER ELECTRIC POWER

Use Of Wood Poles Will Cut Down Cost

Can electricity be supplied in future at a lower rate to India's millions than is possible at present?

The answer to this question depends to a great extent on the cheaper distribution of electric power, and the Forest Research Institute at Dehra Dun, which have some investigations on the subject to their credit, assert that treated wood poles hold the key to cheaper electricity, telegraphs and telephones in this country.

A very large proportion of the present high cost of distribution mains is due to the high cost of the steel poles and cross-arms used almost invariably at present. By using treated wood poles, the cost of electric distribution can be reduced considerably without any sacrifice to the licensees even in the long run.

RESULT OF EXPERIMENT

Experiment with several dozen wood preservatives that have been conducted in the laboratory and in the field for over a quarter of a century at the Forest Research Institute, Dehra Dun, have shown definitely that poles of practically any Indian timber, if properly treated under pressure against white ants, borers and rot, can be expected to last for at least 20 to 25 years. India's forests can supply all the pole requirements of the country for electrical transmission, distribution, and lighting purposes and also for telegraph and telephone lines. The Governments of Mysore, the North-West Frontier Province, the Punjab and Travancore have also employed, or are employing, several thousand treated wood poles for transmitting and distributing electricity over several hundred miles.

In one of their recent publications entitled "Treated Wood Poles for Electric Distribution and Service", the Forest Research Institute give practically all the preliminary information required by an electrical engineer or licensee who is considering the use of treated wood poles for overhead construction.

DEATH OF A YOUNG PUBLIC WORKER

The Late Mr. Lakhamidas Mulraj

(From A Correspondent)

In the death of Mr. Lakhamidas Mulraj at the tender age of 24 a few days ago at Matunga, the Bhatia community of Bombay has lost a young man of great promise. He took a prominent part in various social activities in Matunga and endeared himself by his obliging and affable nature to

Mr. LAKHAMIDAS MULRAJ

all with whom he came into contact.

He was also much interested in the development of swadeshi industries and besides carrying on his insurance business, he owned a soap factory in Matunga.

He leaves behind him a young widow, aged parents and a circle of friends and relatives.

IMAMWADA TENANTS' DEMANDS

Municipal Commissioner Asked To Report

At the meeting of the Improvements Committee on Tuesday consideration was given to a letter, dated the 16th December 1936, from Messrs Govind Kanhoba Shet and others, stating that they are the Hindu tenants of the B. I. T. Imamwada Chawls and suggesting that the following improvements to the chawls may, therefore, be carried out as early as possible:—

Iron railings or X.P.M. frames should be provided on the east and west sides of the chawls and in front of the staircases on the ground floors.

Walls should be erected on both the sides of the common water-closets between chawls Nos. 1 and 2, and 3 and 4 so as to prevent outsiders from entering into the chawls.

The Chawl Superintendent or the Rent Collector of the chawls should be supplied with sufficient number of electric bulbs so that he can replace the worn out bulbs immediately.

Observing that their ancestors owned houses in the above locality which were pulled down on an assurance being given to them that they would be housed in better and sanitary buildings and requesting that in the circumstances the improvements suggested may be carried out to the chawls as otherwise they would have no other alternative than to leave their ancestral place.

The matter was referred to the Municipal Commissioner for remarks.

NIZAM TO GO ON PILGRIMAGE?

HYDERABAD (Dn.) Jan. 12.

According to a report in a local paper the Nizam is proceeding early next year on a pilgrimage to Mecca and for visits to holy places in Mesopotamia, Syria and Palestine.

The Nizam, who will be going overseas for the first time in his life, is expected to be absent from the State for six months.

It is understood that he will be accompanied by several leading ulemas.—A.P.

SIND GOVERNOR ON ONE MAN RULE

SHIKARPUR, Jan. 12.

"For certain purposes the rule of a single man is more effective than the rule of a body of popular representatives, and if I were to accept the old political saying that forms of Government are immaterial and whatever is best administered is best, then I might say, the Municipality of Sukkur has no need to be constituted for the present", declared the Governor on the occasion of the opening ceremony of the main Drainage Pumping Station at Shikarpur yesterday.

It was because of his firm belief in the educative effect of self-governing institutions that he agreed to the restoration of the powers of the Shikarpur Municipality.

He hoped that the Municipality, when restored, would discharge its duties properly.—A. P.

BOY SCOUT JAMBOREE AT DELHI

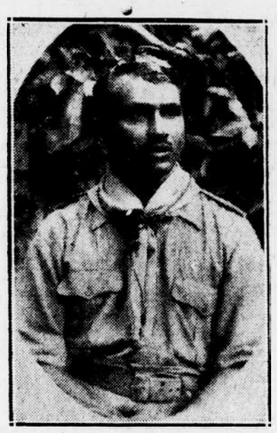
Over Sixty Kinds Of Handicrafts To Be Demonstrated By Mr. Deo

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

NAGPUR, (By Mail).

An All-India Boy Scout Jamboree will be held in Delhi in the first week of February.

The most notable feature of the show will be the demonstrative exhibition of over sixty kinds of handicrafts and rural industries conducted by Mr. T. Y. Deo, B.Sc., L. T., of Nagpur, which the Boy Scouts could adopt to make themselves self-reliant and to disseminate them amongst the rural areas, so as to enable the Indian



MR. T. Y. DEO

agriculturists to add substantially to their income during their spare time.

The new enterprise appears to be the most wholesome feature of the Boy Scout movement, which, up to this time in this country, did not much bother itself with economic usefulness.

Devotion To Village Uplift

Mr. T. Y. Deo had been intimately connected with the Provincial Boy Scout Association for the last twelve years. He attended the World Jamboree in England in 1929 and was appointed Organizing Secretary for five years in C. P. and Berar. On the expiry of his term, he has devoted himself to the organisation of handicrafts, rural industries and village uplift.

Mr. Deo will be accompanied by Mr. G. C. Tambe, B.A., LL.B., who is one of the pioneers in introducing Scout Movement in the Central Provinces and Berar.

RULE AGAINST GOVT. OFFICIAL

Labour Candidate Alleges Wrongful Disqualification

On the application of Mahomed Ebrahim Sarang, Mr. Justice Rangnekar at the High Court today issued a rule against Mr. G. F. Jennings, Registrar of Trade Unions.

The Rule was to show cause why he should not be ordered to include the name of the petitioner as a candidate for one seat in the Bombay Legislative Assembly assigned to the Trade Union of National Seamen and Dock Workers' constituency. The petitioner is a member of the Union.

The respondent who is the Registrar of Trade Unions and the returning officer for the above constituency had, it was stated, wrongly disqualified the petitioner on the allegation that he was an undischarged insolvent.

This allegation was denied by the petitioner.

Field-Club Excursion

The Hon. Secretary writes:—

The Bombay Field Club which aims at encouraging in the minds of the people interested in Art, love for historical monuments and the exploration and study of the rich archaeological area round the city of Bombay and elsewhere in India has organised an excursion to Vajreshwari on Sunday, 17th instant. Dr. N. A. Thoothi will lead the party which will start from Churchgate Station at 8 a.m. on Sunday and return the same evening. The recently excavated ancient temple at Parol will also be visited.

The expenses, including the bus and food charges will be Rs. 3 only. Those who wish to join the party are requested to give their names along with their subscription of Rs. 3 to Mr. I. B. Patel, Hon. Secretary, the Bombay Field Club, School of Economics and Sociology, University of Bombay, on or before Thursday, 14th inst.

Blaze In City Mill

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

There was an outbreak in the machinery department of the Dinshaw Petit Dyeing and Bleaching Mills, this morning.

The fire broke out at about 7 a.m. by ignition of the machinery and within five minutes, fire engines from Byculla, Gowalia Tank, Babula Tank and Bhuleshwar were on the spot.

Mr. Norman Coombs, Chief Officer, directed the operation of the fire engines and the fire was brought under control within half an hour.

The damage is estimated at about Rs. 8,000, which is covered by insurance.

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This new year, form the fine habit of following the advertisements with an eagle eye. It will save you money and help you live a richer life.

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Acceptances For To-morrow's Races

First Race: 2-30 p.m.

THE PROBATIONERS' PLATE. Distance—5 Furlongs.
Winner, Rs. 1,250; Second Rs. 400; Third, Rs. 250.

For Arabs maidens at the time of landing, landed on or after 1st July, 1936, direct from the country of foaling, and which have not won since landing. W. A. (Landing Allowance Clause in General Conditions does not apply). Allowance—Ponies 14 hands and under 4 lbs.

Green Pigeon 8-13; Dhiyab 8-13; Zaim Shammar 8-13; Gold 8-13; Eed 8-13; New Star 8-8; Dhun 8-8; Palestine 8-8; Arabistan 8-8; Taj Mahoot 8-8; Bani Tamim 8-8; Gold Cup 8-8; Kastan 8-8; Al Hyderi 8-8; Hubalyan 8-8; Harla 8-8; Al Kayid 8-8; Al Muttanna 8-8; German Soldier 8-8; Salute 8-8.

Second Race: 3-0 p.m.

THE SASSOON HOSPITAL PLATE. (Div. II.) Distance—6 Furlongs.
Winner Rs. 1,250; Second Rs 400; Third Rs. 250.

A Handicap for Arabs in Class III. landed before 1st July 1936.

Full Moon 9-0; Mulzoom 9-0; Bahadur 9-0; Suhama 8-7; Nassar Allah 8-7; Abdul Khair 8-2; Grey Prince 8-0; Sattam 8-0; Al Fazal 7-12; Five Stars 7-10; Khallan Dabih 7-7; Taj Hilla 7-4.

Third Race: 3-30 p.m.

THE CONVALESCENT PLATE. Distance—1 Mile, 1 Furlong.
Winner Rs. 1,250; Second Rs. 400; Third Rs. 250.

For Arabs in Class III. W.A. reduced 7 lbs. Penalties—Winners after 31st October, 1935, of a race or races of the aggregate value of Rs. 2,000 or over 7 lbs. or of a race or races of the aggregate value of Rs. 3,000 or over 12 lbs. Allowance—Ponies 14 hands and under, 4 lbs.

Sun Rose 9-3; Yasvant 8-10; Lookman 9-3; Tair al Zaman 8-10; Howel 8-8; Searchlight 8-8; Hazrat Beg 8-8; Gay Life 8-8; Mijlat 8-8; Hyder Beg 8-4; Taj al Nusser 8-1; Jabal Tariq 7-12; Safradon Beg 7-9; Mujbil Hamid 7-9; Lucky Son 7-5; Subah 7-1; Wafi Hamid 7-1.

Fourth Race: 4-0 p.m.

THE SASSOON HOSPITAL PLATE. (Div. I.) Distance—6 Furlongs.
Winner Rs 1,250; Second Rs. 400; Third Rs. 250.

A Handicap for Arabs in Class III. landed before 1st July, 1935.

Mijlat 9-0; Jankiz Khan 9-0; Famous 9-0; Kanz al Dowla 9-0; Tofan Beg 8-9; Watchmaker II 8-7; English Star 8-5; Golden Sceptre 8-0; Faddak 8-0; Farook 7-12; Nissiril Iraq 7-12; Masud Shammar 7-12; Gold Mine 7-7.

Fifth Race: 4-30 p.m.

THE KING EDWARD MEMORIAL HOSPITAL PLATE. Distance—6 Furlongs.
Winner Rs. 2,250; Second Rs. 750; Third Rs. 500.

A Handicap for Arabs in Class I.

Vershan 9-0; Yawir Awar 8-13; Abdul Malik 8-8; Shogat Aziz 8-1; The Viceroy 7-13; The Duke 7-12; Al Saffah 7-4.

Sixth Race: 5-0 p.m.

THE GOCULDAS TEJPAL HOSPITAL PLATE. Distance—1¼ Miles.
Winner Rs. 2,250! Second Rs. 600; Third Rs. 400.

A Handicap for Horses in Class III.

Argyll 9-4; Tobralco 9-0; Sundown 8-12; Jill's First 7-6; Kirkibost 8-8; Ballylinch 8-4; Red Flame 8-1; Devastate 7-13; Cymro 7-7; Hippy Buchan 7-6; Hill Note 7-5; Solar Barn 7-0.

Seventh Race: 5-30 p.m.

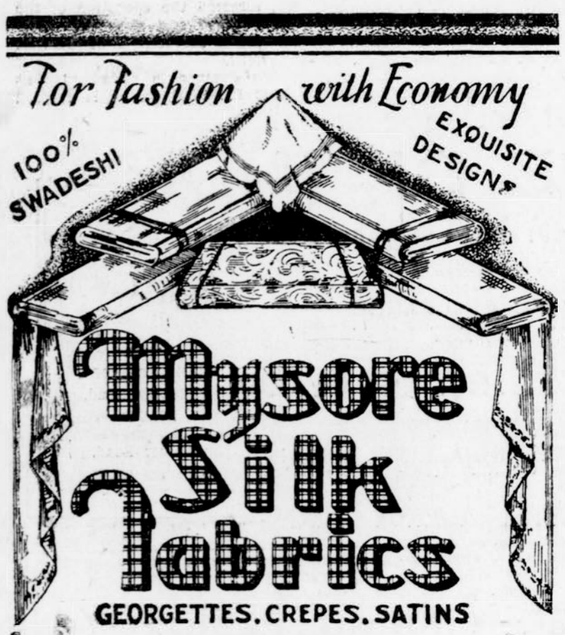
THE ST. GEORGE'S HOSPITAL PLATE. Distance—5 Furlongs.
Winner Rs. 1,700; Second Rs. 600; Third Rs. 250. A Handicap for Horses in Class IV.

Queen Bess 9-4; Column 7-7, Yes 9-2; Bold Bandit 8-13; Her Ladyship 8-12; Witness 8-11; Protect 8-9; Castletoi 8-7; Adarette 8-7; Spanish Fly 8-2; Oratorio 7-12; Nippy 7-11; Cavalier 7-7; Poor Marten 7-4; Savoy 7-0.

Eighth Race: 6-0 p.m.

THE HOSPITAL FUND PLATE. Distance—7 Furlongs.
Winner Rs. 1,700; Second Rs. 600; Third Rs. 250. A Handicap for Arabs in Class II.

No Limit 9-4; Silver Jubilee 9-2; King Ghazi 9-2; Hakim Pasha 9-2; Al Ghazi 9-0; Taj Shamama 8-13; The Knut 8-11; Blanche 8-10; Wardat Saamarra 8-7; Riyad II 8-7; Shara'a al Jamil 8-5; Zoolum 7-7; Gurji Beg 7-4.



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Ahmedabad Letter

FROST HAVOC IN GUJARAT AGAIN

Panchmahal Peasants Hit Hard: Need For Relief

(From Our Correspondent).
AHMEDABAD, Jan. 10.

There was another cold wave in the city and although the temperature had gone up to a maximum of 93.1 dropped to a minimum of 49.6. Gujarat again suffered from frost and plants have been completely destroyed in several parts. This has made the condition of poor cultivators extremely miserable. The monsoon crops had failed for want of timely rain but peasants hoped to have good winter crops as there were some good rains towards the end of the season. But their hopes have been blasted by frost and they find themselves on the verge of starvation. Efforts are being made by philanthropic persons as well as by the Gujarat Provincial Congress Committee and the Government to help the poor peasants of the Panch Mahals and much more help would be necessary practically in all parts of Gujarat.

CIVIC AFFAIRS.

The meetings of our Municipal Board are becoming somewhat lively. The Congress Municipal party was successful in getting 21 candidates elected and 3 others who were independent candidates joined the party at a later stage. The Harijan candidates and the elected Moslem candidates also made common cause with the Congress Party which now numbers 36 in a board of 60. The other independent candidates saw that individual members can do very little in the board tried to group together and form a party of their own which they called the Nationalist Party. But this was a party not based on any principles or even cohesion and it includes men like Sjt. Natwarlal G. Shah, Sjt. Nandlal Bodiwala, Sjt. Chimanlal Parekh and Sjt. Natwarlal Pathak who have repeatedly called themselves Congressmen although they did not join the Congress Party. Sjt. Dolatram Shah has always declared that he is opposed to Gandhites and the Congress ideals and he is the moving spirit of the Nationalist party in the municipality. It also includes Sjt. Jadavala, who goes about saying that he will always have his own ways. It seems that members of this party made frantic efforts to win over the Muslim members and the nominated members to their side and then to have their own office bearers. But some independent members preferred to join the Congress Party and the elected Muslim members also refused to have anything to do with such a conglomeration. The independent members who promised great many things in their election campaigns find themselves in a negligible minority.

LATE KOREISHI.

The municipal meeting on Monday was adjourned without doing any more work on account of the sad demise of Mr. Abdulla Mian Koreishi who had been a municipal councillor for some time. The president paid a tribute to the qualities of head and heart of the deceased and several members praised his learning and temperament.

CLERK JAILED.

Mr. Ramniklal Arjunlal Pandit who served as president's clerk for some years had misappropriated a sum of Rs. 5,600 from the Credit Co-operative Society of Municipal employees. His provident fund and his contributions amounting to Rs. 3,600 were paid up by him but he was unable to pay the remaining sum and he was tried by the city magistrate. Mr. Ramniklal admitted his guilt and prayed for mercy and the Magistrate convicted and sentenced him to undergo one year jail and to pay a fine of Rs. 400 or to suffer imprisonment for 8 months more.

Mr. Pranlal K. Desai, the Administrative Officer of the Municipal School Board is due to retire and an address is to be presented to him by municipal servants and school masters to-morrow. Mr. Balvantray Thakor, vice president of the municipality will preside over the function.

ONE-DAY MATCH AGAINST TASMANIA

M. C. C. All Out For 250: Result, A Draw

LAUNCESTON, Jan. 12.

The M. C. C. team commenced a one-day match against Tasmania here to-day. The weather was warm. Barely two hundred were present.

Tasmania fielded the same team as in the previous match but the M.C.C. made one change. Barnett replacing Hardstaff.

The tourists batting first, had made 111 for three wickets at lunch.

Barnett, opening with Fishlock, scored at a terrific rate hitting up 41, including six fours, in 39 minutes. He was eventually bowled off stump by Jeffrey. Soon afterwards, Fishlock was l b w to Putnam.

Wyatt and Ames sent up the century in seventy-two minutes and two runs later, Wyatt was caught by Gourlay off Thollar.

At lunch, Ames (28) and Fagg were batting with the score at 111 for three wickets.

MATCH ENDS IN DRAW.

The one-day match between the M.C.C. and Tasmania entered in a draw. Final scores: M.C.C. 250; Tasmania 145 for 5 wickets. Reuter.

SCORES.

Barnett b Jeffrey	41
Fishlock, l b w, b Putnam	23
Wyatt, c Gourlay, by Thollar	14
Ames (not out)	1
Fagg (not out)	1
Total (for three wickets)	111

LATER.

The M. C. C. were all out for 250.

Afghan Olympic Soccer Team Visit Delhi

NEW DELHI, Jan. 11.

The Afghan Olympic Football Team will be reaching Delhi on 1st February. The visitors will be playing a few matches organised by the Delhi Football Association. This is the first International Football Team to visit Delhi.—A. P.

CONGRESS R. C. OFFICE

JALGAON, Jan. 11.

The Central Office of the Reception Committee of the 50th session of the Indian National Congress has been transferred to Jalgaon from Faizpur since January 10, and only the office of Construction Committee is at Faizpur now.

Correspondence should in future be addressed to the Reception Committee Office, 50th session of the Indian National Congress, Devkinandan Narayans House, Jalgaon (E. Khandesh).—United Press.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

Empire Broadcasting

GSH 21.47 Mc/s (13.97 m.). GSF 15.14 Mc/s (19.82 m.). GSB 9.51 Mc/s (31.55 m.)

(TIME: P.M.)

7-30 Big Ben. Gounod's Faust. Act 2. 8-0 The Northern Ireland Bras Band. 8-45 'Empire Exchange.' Points of view by travellers from the Dominions and the Colonies. 9-0 A Pianoforte Recital. 9-30 'Birmingham and the Shires.' 10-0 The News and Announcements. 10-20 'Dance Music Through the Ages'.

Bombay Programme

Call Sign VUB 350.9 metres, 855 kc/s.

(TIME: A.M.)

8-0 Bhupali. The VUB Indian Orchestra. 8-15 Hindustani Duets. Allabux and Shahajan. Assisted by the VUB Indian Orchestra. 8-45 Flute Solos. S. Palkar. 9-0 Marathi Songs. Venubai Dewastali.

(TIME. P.M.)

1-0 Avalable Market Rates. Jules Craen and his Quintette. (Relayed from the Taj Mahal Hotel.) (By kind permission of the Management.) 5-30 A variety Concert. Arranged and conducted by Khurshed T. Mulla. 6-15 Talk (Marathi): "Editing a Marathi Periodical" Shripad Mahadev Varde. 6-30 Film Music. Lahanoo Nagpure. Assisted by the VUB Indian Orchestra. 7-15 Talk (Urdu): "Muslim Women's Rights in India." Shamshunisha A. M. Vishram. 7-30 Bhai Chella. In Hindustani Songs With Sarangi, Harmonium and Tabla. 8-30 Commercial News and News in Hindi. 9-0 Talk (English): "Foreign Affairs" By E. J. Gough 9-15 The News 9-30 The Radio Salon Orchestra. 11-0 Close down.

Delhi Programmes

VUD 340.13 metres, 882 kc/s

(TIME: A.M.)

8-0 Indian Music (Recorded). 9-0 Talk (Hindustani): "Before the Doctor Arrives. No. 2. Simple and Compound Fractures. By A Doctor. (A series of talks on First Aid). 9-15 Saraswati Bai of Bombay. "Sundari awe ri." Khayal Kauns (Jhaptala). "Eri ho to gauwan ke charwaiya" Khayal Jonpuri (Titala), "Rasili tori akhayan jiya lalchae." Thumri Bhairvin. 9-50 AIR Orchestra C, Multani. 10-0 Zahur-ul-Haq. "Bairan ko samjha ri nandiya." Thumri Asawari. "Rahe dil nawaz-i-ishq bhi rawish-i-taghaful-i-naz men Keh ik itiraf-i-i-qasur tha tira har ada-i-niaz men." 10-20 Shudh Bilawal. On Sitar.

(TIME: P.M.)

1-0 Mixed Spices. (A Recorded Programme). 2-0 AIR Orchestra B. Lank Dahan Sarang. 2-10 Madan Lal of Ujjain. "Jap anm bhaj nam." Khayal Shudh Sarang. "Darshan ki piasi." Thumri Bhim Plasi. "Bansi wale ko jane na dungi." Bhajan. 2-40 Zahur-ul-Haq. "Dil lubha leti hai pinhan jis men yeh andaz hai Kar diya bechain dil ko kis ki yeh awaz hai." "Ah dil ushshaq nawa-saz nahin hai Is naghma-i-jansoz men awaz nahin hai." 5-0 1st News and Weather Report (English). 5-10 1st News and Weather Report (Hindustani). 5-20 AIR Orchestra B and C. Pardeepki 5-30 Madan Lal of Ujjain. "Sundar surjanwa." Thumri Purbi. "Ao gun na kijiye." Khayal Aiman. 5-50 Kedara On Sitar. Sarod and Tabla. 6-0 Zahur-ul-Haq. "Bhagat hain mere jiwan pran.' Bhajan. "Juraa-i-jam-i-mae hoshruba leta hun Aur har ghunt peh main nam-i-Khuda leta hun." (Saghar). "Kooch us fina-i-dauran ka dikha kar chhora Dil ne akhir hamen diwana bana kar chhora." (Hasrat). 6-30 "For Villagers Only." (Delhi Market Rates and Time Signal at 7-0 p.m.) 7-30 Madan Lal of Ujjain. "Mubarakbadiyan." Khayal Darbari. "Kaun kare to se preet." Thumri Bageshwari. 7-50 Khammaj On Banjo, Piano, and Tabla. 8-0 Talk (Hindustani): "People and Things." No 2. By Abdul Majeed Khan Salik. (Weekly notes on current events in India). (Relayed from Lahore.) 8-15 AIR Orchestra B and C. Darbari and Naeki Kandra. 8-30 Saraswati Bai of Bombay. "Pratham sur sadhe." Khayal Bageshwari. "Ali ri ae nahin piya." Khayal Shankra. "Jao main to se nahin bolun." Thumri Tilak Khammaj. "Milte hain is ada se keh goya khafa nahin Kia ap ki nigah se main ashna nahin. (Hasrat). 9-15 2nd News and Weather Report (Hindustani). 9-30 2nd News and Weather Report (English). 9-45 Talk (English): "About 80 per cent." No 2 A better deal for Village Mothers. By Dr. Mabel Hayes. Jumna Hospital, Allahabad. (Sketches of the difficulties and problems facing that vast multitude—the villagers of India). 10-0 A Studio Concert.

Calcutta Programmes

VUC 370.4 metres, 810 kc/s. 49.10 metres, 6,109 kc/s. (Add 24 minutes to all times for Calcutta time.)

(TIME: P.M.)

12-36 SB A Parlophone Recorded Programme. Presented by Taylor's Gramophone Saloon. 1-16 SB Talk (English): "Poverty and Genius" No. 2. Handel: Composer of the Messiah. By Karen Hvaler. Calcutta Weather Bulletin for Ocean and Rivercraft. 1-36 "Ahvan" (An unpublished Story). By Provabati Debi Saraswati. 1-56 Religious Songs. Dhiren Das and Binapani. Manda Sundri Dassi. 2-6 Sarengee Solo Chamu Misra. 2-16 "Golokdham." With Music and Dialogue. By Gauri Kedar Bhattacharya and Gokul Mukerjee 2-51 Talk: "Legends of Many Lands." No. 2. Egypt. By Bisnu Sarma. 5-6 A Broadcast for Rural Areas. 5-36 A variety Concert. Presented my Kshitin Roy and Party. 6-36 Bhajan. Gangadhar Mukerjee 6-51 Modern Bengali song Pramode Ganguli. 7-1 "Poush Parban." A Feautre Programme. Written and produced by Bani Kumar. Music directed by Sailesh Datta Gupta. With the Jantri Sangha. 8-6 SB Talk: "The March of Events" No. 1. By Nirad Chowdhry. 8-21 "Himal" A Rare Raga. Explained and demonstrated by Prof. Kader Bux. 8-41 SB Commercial News and Weather Report (In Bengali). 8-46 SB The News and Announcements. 9-1 SB Commercial News and Weather Report (In English). 9-6 SB The News and Announcements. 9-21 SB "A man with Red Hair." 10-21 SB Dance Music.

ALLAHABAD BOATMEN ON STRIKE

Great Inconvenience To Magh Mela Pilgrims Threatened

(From A Correspondent.)
JHANSI, January 12.

All boatmen at Allahabad are observing complete hartal for the last five days taking no pilgrims to or from the 'Sangam'. They object to taking any licence unless they are also allowed to land pilgrims on both the banks without paying any additional tax to the 'Kadar'.

The Magh Mela authorities allow only one side plying of the boats which the boatmen claim they can do even without taking licence according to the royal 'Firman'.

Thousands of pilgrims from far and near would be coming on the Shankranti for a "Ashnan" and their inconvenience would be great if no settlement is arrived at and boats are not available even on that day.

Latest Gallops From Mahaluxmi

Bertha Works Well: Note Full Moon And Al Saffah As Likely Winners

FROM "CHRONICLE" SPECIAL TRACK CORRESPONDENT

Horses engaged in Thursday's mid-week fixture have been through their paces. The following gallops have been noted:—

HILL NOTE (Mendoza) and CARIOCA (Selby) covered a mile on the tan at a good pace. Both moved like fit horses.

SUNDOWN (Evans) outpaced JILL'S FIRST (Sibbritt) in a brisk mile run. Note the former as a likely winner.

DEVASTATE (Wemyss) and FLAMCOE (O'Neale) showed plenty of speed for four furlongs.

BERTHA (Bullock) finished better than SPANISH FLY (Selby) in a dash over the five. Both should run well on Thursday.

YES (Read) pleased in a fast five furlongs run. Very well just now.

POOR MARTEN (Meherji) was very satisfactory in her fast work. Has come to hand nicely.

HER LADYSHIP (Jones) and a stable companion did five furlongs in pleasing style. Former is not ready yet.

VERSHAN (Munro) gave a speedy display for six furlongs. This one is worth noting.

AL SAFFAH covered four furlongs in fast time. Should win a race before long.

NASSIRWAN (Selby) moved attractively for six furlongs. In very good fettle just now.

BADEN (Selby) gave a fair display over five furlongs. Room for improvement.

TAJ SHAMAMA (Burn) held BAHADUR AL IRAQ in a run over the seven furlongs.

GAY LIFE (Britt) had a stable mate comfortably beaten in a brisk mile spin on the grass.

GOLDEN SCEPTRE (Sibbritt) was at his best over the six furlongs. Can win if he reproduces track form.

MULZOOM (Dillon) shaped attractively for six furlongs. Fit and well.

GREY PRINCE (R. Boy) did six furlongs in pleasing fashion.

FULL MOON (Burn) and HARRA (Selby) were well together at the end of a fast five furlongs. Both should be seen to advantage again.

GREEN PIGEON (Dillon) was sent five furlongs on the tan when he gave all round satisfaction.

BANI TAMIM (Britt) spurted three furlongs in a manner suggesting all is well with him.

DHIYAB (R. Boy) pleased in fast six furlongs.

ZAIM SHAMMAR (R. Boy) went well for five furlongs. He is ready to win a race.

WAFI BURGESS (Britt) was easily superior to the stable companions in a run over five furlongs.

NOTE:—TOBRALCO, HUSSAM, AL GHAZI and VIOLENCE.

POONA SOLDIER TO HANG

Conviction For Murder Confirmed

The Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Macklin at the High Court confirmed the death sentence passed by the Sessions Judge of Poona on Private Maurice Durbin of the Royal Warwickshire Regiment who on September 27 last shot dead Pte. Percy, who belonged to the same regiment. The motive for the crime was alleged to be enmity.

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BRIGHTENS THE TEETH
INVIGORATES THE GUMS
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Dr. DE JONGH in his world renowned treatise on Cod Liver Oil stated his conviction that it was not one but ALL THE CONSTITUENTS which contributed to its value in the treatment of many diseases. This opinion was formed many years before scientists had discovered the existence of VITAMINS, and shows that Dr. DE JONGH like other great men lived in advance of his time. COD LIVER OIL contains the Vitamins A and D in correct proportion with the other constituents, and proves itself to be NATURE'S FINEST CURE.

Dr. DE JONGH'S COD LIVER OIL is prepared from the finest Norwegian Oils by a process which cannot destroy the Vitamins, and has been recommended for over 80 years by the leading medical authorities in the treatment of CONSUMPTION, DISEASES OF THE THROAT AND CHEST, RHEUMATISM, ASTHMA, RICKETS and other INFANTILE complaints, and

ALL WASTING DISEASES

Dr. De Jongh's Cod Liver Oil is sold only in Imperial Half Pint and Pint Bottles bearing Dr. De Jongh's signature.
Beware of attempts to substitute fraudulent imitations.
Proprietors: Ansar, Harford & Co., Ltd., 182 Gray's Inn Rd., London, W.C.1

City & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Posh Shud 1, 1993
Muslim: Shavval 29, 1355
Parsi: Amardad 16, 1906
Hightide: 0-35 12-20
Lowtide: 6-45 18-48
Sunrise: 7h 15m
Sunset: 6h 20m

Thursday, January 14.

Bombay Races: Second Winter Meeting, Hospital Day.

SANGIT SABHA

Prof. N. R. Phatak will deliver his address on "Personalities in the Upanishadas" to-day (Wednesday) at 6-30 p.m. in the Prarthana Mandir, Girgaum.

SOUTH INDIAN SANGEETHA SABHA

Under the auspices of the South Indian Sangeetha Sabha, Srimati D. K. Pattammal and party will give a concert at 8 p.m. to-day (Wednesday) at Byramjee Jijibhoy Hall, Matunga.

THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY

Mr. N. V. Tampi, B.A., B.T. will lecture in English at the Theosophical Society, Blavatsky Lodge Hall, French Bridge, Chowpatty, to-day (Wednesday) at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) on "The Plan for You and Me."

MIND-POWER AND HOW TO USE IT

Dr. C. S. de Radwan-Praglowski of the Vienna University will deliver a lecture in the Corporation Hall to-day (Wednesday) at 5-21 p.m. (B.T.) on "The Mind-Power and how to use it for the Cure of Nervous Troubles." The Mayor will preside.

N. B.:—Special SHIRLEY TEMPLE Souvenirs will be distributed to all Children!

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DAILY AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.

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Best-Seller Sensation
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A 20TH CENTURY FOX PICTURE: CO-STARRING
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SECOND INDIAN INDUSTRIES FAIR
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Climbs sixty feet to leap in Burning furnace.
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Bargains at Factory price in rare Swadeshi Goods.
Entrance—Ans. 2.
Time 4 to 10-30 p. m.
Behind Marine Lines Station.
Tele No. 21513

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

CAPITOL—Shirley Temple in "Dimples" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Tukaram" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Dusty Ermine" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EMPIRE—"Tarzan Escapes" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Sarla" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Awakening" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
LAMINGTON TALKIE—"Jai Bharat" Daily at 5, 7-45 and 10-30 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Savkari Pash" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
PALACE—"Romeo and Juliet." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PLAZA—"Dancing Pirate" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PATHE—"Give Me Your Heart" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"To Mary—With Love". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Village Girl" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
WELLINGTON—"Gay Birds" Daily at 5-15, 7-45 and 10-30 p.m.
WEST END—"Gay Prince" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.

ADULT EDUCATION ASSOCIATION

Professor Menezes will meet his students in English Literature to-day (Wednesday) at 6-30 p.m. in the South Wing, University Buildings. Other classes as usual.

MUNICIPAL BYE-ELECTION

Two persons have filed their nominations for the bye-election to the Municipal Corporation from the 'E' Ward (Byculla). They are Messrs. Vithaldas D. Govinddas and Ali Bahadur Khan.

SWADESHI EXHIBITION

The organisers of the Indian Industries Fair Ld. request all the Stallholders to be present before 3 p.m. in the Exhibition to-day (Wednesday) as the Exhibition will open from 3 p.m. to 5-0 p.m. specially for ladies only.

BOMBAY PRIVATE MOTOR DRIVERS' UNION

Under the auspices of the Bombay Private Motor Drivers' Union, a meeting of members will be held to-day (Wednesday) at 9 p.m. (S.T.) at Jinnah Hall. Prominent leaders will speak at the meeting. Mr. M. R. Masani will preside.

NAVIN BAL SHIKSHAK SANGH

The general meeting of the Navin Bal Shikshak Sangh, Bombay, was held at 'Shishu Vihar' Dadar, on Sunday last.

After the report and the account of the past year were passed, Sjt. Taraben Modak and Mr. Prabhubhai Upadhyaya were elected President and Secretary respectively for the coming year.

FREE CLASSES IN SANSKRIT

Mithabai Sanskrit Pathshala in the Arya Samaj, Kakadwadi (Girgaum Back Road), is conducted from 8 a.m. to 10 a.m. every day by Pandit Laxmanrao Oghale. Free tuitions are given in Sanskrit and Mathematics (up to Matric) as usual. Vedic rituals are taught according to Arya Samaj methods.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS

The outward P and O mail steamer 'Viceroy of India' with the mails from London of 31st ultimo arrived at Aden at 5 a.m. on the 10th instant and left there at 9 a.m. the same day.

In ordinary course she should arrive in Bombay at 6 p.m. on Thursday the 14th instant.

Steamer Clan Skene arrived Suez on Sunday evening, January 10.

OPENING OF ELECTRIC POWER HOUSE AT MANMAD

A Manmad correspondent writes:

Thursday (the 7th January) was a red letter day in the annals of Manmad, for on that day the Town had the good fortune of being for the first time electrically illuminated. The pleasant function of declaring open the Power House and switching on the lights was done by the Collector of Nasik, Mr. A. P. Le Mesurier.

ANTHROPOLOGICAL SOCIETY

An ordinary monthly meeting of the Society will be held in the Lecture Hall of the University School of Economics and Sociology (University South Wing) Fuller Road, Bombay, to-day (Wednesday) at 6 p.m. (S.T.) when a paper will be read on "Tree Worship at Mohenjo Daro" by Rev. Fr. H. Heras, S.J. The lecture will be illustrated with magic lantern slides.

SUGAR MERCHANTS' ASSOCIATION

(From A Correspondent)

The annual general meeting of the Sugar Merchants' Association was held on Saturday last in the Association's Hall at Khand Bazar, Sheth Jagjiwan Ujamshi Mulji being in the chair. The annual report for S. Y. 1992 and the audited balance sheet and a statement of the expenditure and income were adopted unanimously.

The President spoke about difficulties suffered by the merchants in the Indian sugar trade.

The following were elected office-bearers for S. Y. 1993.

President: Sheth Jagjiwan Ujamshi Mulji.

Vice-President: Sheth Sankalchand G. Shah.

Hon. Secretary: Sheth Indrajit Tribhuvandas Parekh.

Members of the Managing Committee: Sheth Madanji Ratanji, Sheth Luxmidas Vachraj, Sheth Dhyabhai Dosachand, Sheth Amthalal Vithaldas, Sheth Manilal Dosachand, Sheth Manilal Ukamshi, Sheth Vainkunthlal Lalluram and Sheth Jagjiwan Maganlal.

Arbitration Board: Sheth Jagjiwan Ujamshi Mulji, Sheth Sankalchand G. Shah, Sheth Madanji Ratanji, Sheth Indrajit T. Parekh, Sheth Luxmidas Vachraj, Sheth Dahyabhai Dosachand, Sheth Manilal Ukamshi.

'QUAKE SHOCK IN CITY SUBURBS

Residents Rush Out Of Houses On Hearing Rumbling Noise

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

An earthquake shock was felt last night at about 10 o'clock by the residents of Kurla and surrounding places and a rumbling noise was heard in all the villages between Kurla and Vile Parle.

Many of the residents of Andheri, Jogeshwari, Vile Parle, Santa Cruz and surrounding areas terrified at the rumbling noise rushed out of their houses in the open streets to avoid the danger from house collapses.

Though the earthquake was not of a great intensity the windows and shutters shook violently enough at many places.

It is not known so far if any damage has been done to life and property.

A little girl who seems to possess supernatural sensitiveness in these matters forecasts rain in the near future.

SWADESHI EXHIBITION FOUND

The following articles have been found at the Swadeshi Exhibition at Marine Lines. Owners, kindly make necessary inquiries there. (1) One cloth bag. (2) One money purse containing coins. (3) Spects with case. (4) Two caps.

A. K. M. D. SAMAJONNATI PARISHAD

The 5th session of the Akhil Kshatriya Maratha Dhangar Samajonnati Parishad will be held at Poona, in Wakade Bang (near Bhamburda Railway Station) on 17th, 18th and 19th instant, when Shri. Keshav Ramchandra Kshirsagar of Mohol, District Sholapur, will preside.

BYCULLA DISTRICT CONGRESS COMMITTEE

The following members have been taken in the Election Committee on the E Ward D. C. C.:—

Messrs. R. K. Achrekar, R. D. Hamand, A. J. Lobo, B. S. Chilap, K. L. Borkar, V. R. Tulla, J. J. Choksi, Dr. Balsara, Dr. V. R. Bhoosrath, S. L. Silam, R. N. Bhalinge, N. V. Godse, V. M. Tayade, Purshottamdas Mistry, Balasaheb M. Mhatre, D. V. Khade, N. C. Pupala, Gangadharrao Shanbhag.

The Byculla District Congress Committee authorizes the above Election Committee to take in as many members as possible to facilitate work.

A meeting of the Election Propaganda Committee will be held on Thursday the 14th January 1937 at 8-30 p.m. (S.T.) in the office of Byculla District Congress Committee opposite Khatau Makanji Mills, Byculla.

ELECTION PROPAGANDA MEETING

Under the auspices of the Bombay 'G' Ward and Suburban Districts Joint Election Committee, a public meeting will be held to-day (Wednesday) at 5-30 p.m. at Kurla Maidan opposite Sarweshwar Temple, Takkya Ward, when Sjt. Khetsibhai will preside and Sjts. Kandalkar, Gawande, Alwe, B. R. Dhurandhar of "Navakal" and the Congress candidates, Messrs. B. G. Kher, Solicitor, D. N. Wandrekar, Advocate, and S. Songaonkar will address the meeting.

ANJUMAN-I-ISLAM HIGH SCHOOL RETAINS GILES SHIELD

The final round of the Giles Shield Cricket Tourney resulted this morning in favour of the Anjuman-i-Islam High School.

The match began yesterday on the ground of the Islam Gymkhana between the Anjuman-i-Islam High School and the Union High School. The Union High School scored 29 runs in the first innings and 61 in the second innings. The Anjuman-i-Islam High School made 200 runs in the first innings and thus won the match by an inning and 130 runs, thereby retaining the Giles Shield for the current year.

THE KANARA STUDENTS' UNION

The Kanara Students' Union has passed the following condolence resolution on the death of the late Mr. Karnad Sadashivrao:

"This general body places on record its deep sorrow at the death of late Mr. Karnad Sadashivrao, whose counsel was a source of strength to all social workers, whose noble sacrifice was an inspiration to the ease-loving and whose courage was a solvent for the weakness of the weak. Of his policy and achievement, this is not the day to speak. So far as he is concerned, the chapter is closed and the records are sealed up to await the judgment of the historians, but that he will fulfill a large space in the historians' pages none of us can doubt. However the value of his work may be assessed, no one will question his noble-hearted devotion to the interests of his mother country as he conceived them, or to impute to him any motive other than an unsparing desire to serve his country and prays Almighty God to grant the deceased's relations fortitude to bear the calamity and to grant peace to the soul of the deceased."

SARASWAT VIDYARTHI SAHAYAK MANDALI

The Managing Committee of the S. V. S. Mandali, Bombay acknowledges, with grateful thanks, the receipt of the following donations received by them recently:—

(1) Dr. Miss Kashibai Nadkarni, L. C. P. S., Porbunder Rs. 101; (2) Mr. Narottam Purshottam Naik, Bombay, Rs. 101; (3) Mr. Narayan Vithal Kamat, Bombay Rs. 100; (4) Dr. M. R. Divekar M.B., B.S., Bombay Rs. 100; (5) Dr. Manmohan Dattoba Amonkar, M.B., B. S., Bombay Rs. 100; (6) Mr. Gopal Shantaram Sanzagiri, Bombay, Rs. 100; (7) Mr. Sheshagiri Narayan Kalbag, Bombay Rs. 100; (8) Mr. Vinayak Waman Kuwadekar, Bombay Rs. 100; (9) Mr. Mahadeo Dattaji Rege, Bombay Rs. 100; (10) Messrs. Shamrao Vithal Co-operative Bank, Ltd., Bombay Rs. 75; (11) Mr. N. V. Mandalik, B.A., LL.B., J.P., Trustee, Edward Rehatsek Bequest, Bombay Rs. 50; (12) Messrs. Bombay Company, Ltd., Madras as per the Will of Late Mr. Gopal Narayan Pawse, Rs 200; total Rs. 1,227.

"Towards Successful Life"

Read next article on "Standard of Material Comforts" appearing in the series on Saturday, January 16, 1937. Have you any constructive suggestions criticism to offer on this subject? If so, please writ to us briefly.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST

Order For Tata Steel Sleepers

At a meeting of the Trustees of the Port of Bombay held on Tuesday, the audited accounts for the half year ended 30th September 1936 were approved for submission to Government.

The quotation of the Tata Iron and Steel Co. Ltd. for the supply of 4,000 steel sleepers required for renewals on the B. P. T. Railway during 1937-38 was accepted.

Estimates were sanctioned amounting to Rs. 23,400 for providing nahnies with drainage at the labourers' quarters at Antop Village, and Rs. 733 for constructing a flight of 10 ft. wide steps to the water at Sassoon Dock to facilitate the landing of fish.

Certain amendments of the B. P. T. Railway Goods Tariff providing for inclusive rates for the carriage of cotton from the Cotton Depot to the Docks were sanctioned consequent upon the re-opening last April of the B. P. T. Railway for this traffic.

A lease for one year, to be continued thereafter subject to a month's notice of determination on either side, of about 7,220 square yards of land on the Mazagon-Sewri Reclamation was granted to Lever Bros. (India) Ltd. for use as a staff recreation ground. A 20-year renewal of leasehold Rent Roll No. 396 (1,332 square yards) on the Elphinstone Estate was granted for godowns; also a renewal on yearly tenancy of leasehold Rent Roll No. 398 (1,263 square yards) on the same Estate.

Institute Of Engineers (India)

TO-DAY'S PROGRAMME

To-day (Wednesday) at 8-30 a.m. Visit to (1) Bombay Municipal Test Road under construction, Fergusson Road. (2) Tata's Dharavi Receiving Station, Dharavi.

Leave office of the Institution, Bombay Centre, by Bus at 8 a.m. Arrive Fergusson Road at 8-30 a.m. Leave Fergusson Road at 9-30 a.m. Arrive Receiving Station at 9-45 a.m. Return by Bus by the same route at about 11 a.m.

At 3 p.m. Trip in Bombay Harbour and Bharat Tile Works—Uran.

Leave from Ballard Pier Mole Station at 3 p.m. Return to Mole at 8 p.m.

The trip is open to members and their guests (Ladies and Gents).

The cost of steamer fare will be Rs. 1/8 per head.

Messrs. Bharat Tiles Co. have very kindly offered to provide tea and refreshments to the party after the visit.

POSTAL NOTICES

Registered and unregistered mails for Straits Settlements, Hongkong and Shanghai via Negapatam will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 5-0 and 6-30 p.m. respectively on Thursday the 14th instant.

Superscribed registered and unregistered mails for Singapore, and Japan per s.s. 'Genoa Maru' will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 12-30 and 1 p.m. respectively on Wednesday the 13th instant.

Registered and unregistered mails for Mauritius and Reunion per extra s. s. 'Indraporea' via Madura, Colombo and Batavia will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 3 p.m. on Saturday the 16th instant and 6-30 p.m. on Sunday the 17th instant respectively.

FOUR STAR CAST IN WARNER'S

New Film "Little Big Shot" At Pathe

The new Warner Bros. picture, "Little Big Shot" which opens at the Pathe to-day offers four stars in the leading rolls. Headed by Sybil Jason (a young 40lb. bundle of joy) seen last week in the technicolour short "Changing of the Guard" screened with "Give me your heart", with Robert Armstrong of "G Men" fame, Edward Everett Horton, of a dozen hits and Glenda Farrell, the charming wisecracking Gold Digger, the cast of the film is a magnificent one.

The story with its tense drama, hilarious comedy, tender pathos and a delightful Romance, has the picturesque and colourful background of the Great White Way, depicting the lives of the denizens who make their living by their wits, and some by gangster methods.

Sybil Jason, is a talented little actress. She sings, dances with unusual grace and her impersonations of Mae West, Greta Garbo and Jimmy Durante are amazing. She is not just a child actress, she is the sweetest little lady you have ever met and she is bound to be the greatest little star of them all.

Supporting the four stars is a brilliant cast of featured players which includes such notables as Jack La Rue, Arthur Clinton, J. Carroll Naish, Edgar Kennedy, Addison Richards and many others.

The film was directed by Warner's ace director, Michael Curtis who was responsible for the direction of the ever outstanding hit "Captain Blood" and the forthcoming "Charge of the Light Brigade."

Rs. 16,000 FOR JAMIA MILLIA

Seth Jamnalal Bajaj's Donation

It is understood that Seth Jamnalalji Bajaj has paid his donation of Rs. 16,000 to the Jamia Millia, National Muslim University, Delhi.

JAMIA PRINCIPAL TO UNDERGO OPERATION

Dr. Zakir Hussain's Severe Eye Trouble

Doctor Zakir Husain, the Principal of the Jamia Milia, the National Muslim University of Delhi, has come to Bombay for treatment of glucoma and is staying with Dr. K. A. Hamid at Cuffe Parade. Prominent eye specialists who have examined his eye pronounce it to be a severe case and he is to be operated upon to-day.

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(BY A SUBURBAN MAN)

In another column of yesterday's issue of this paper was a report of heated discussion at the Parle Municipal meeting over the allotment of seats. A few months ago I had given full details in the column of the Bandra-Santa Cruz controversy for a similar cause. This question is now under the consideration of Government.

Taking these and various other points into consideration I often wonder..... Has amalgamation in any respect been a boon to these two areas? Or is there a likelyhood that it will be a boon? Will there always be a controversy between the members of these two areas?

BABY WEEK PREPARATIONS

Great preparations are being made for the Bandra Baby and Health week which will be opened on Friday January 15, by Sir Ali Mahomed Khan Dehlvi, Minister for Local Self-Government.

This, as I said before, is being held in St. Stanislaus' School, ground and I am told quite a number of interesting stalls where well-known physicians and publicists will explain to the public.

The Baby and Health show will comprise of, a maternity stall, a infant feeding and invalid diets stall, a malaria and filaria stall, an eruptive fever stall, a plague stall, an ophthalmic stall, a venereal disease stall and a welfare stall.

Besides these there will be some more stalls interesting to the general public and to mothers where useful information about infant feeding, infant welfare, sanitation, disinfectants will be given. Then there will be a cinema show daily. Both the exhibitions and cinema show are open to the public free of cost. A band is to play every day from 5 to 8 p.m.

On January 16, the examination of babies will be held starting at 4 p.m. For the purpose of awarding prizes the babies are to be classed in two divisions, one for those whose income is below Rs. 30 and others for those above Rs. 30, and these divisions are to be divided into four sections.

Section I for babies from one to six months, section II for babies from six to twelve months, section III for babies from one to one and a half year, and section IV for babies from one and a half to two years.

The prizes for this will be three cash prizes in each section of each division presented by Dr. Mrs. Cecilia D'Monte. Besides these 24 prizes there will be four consolation prizes presented by Mrs. J. Dyer. Then there is a cup to the best baby in the show presented by Mrs. Tara S. Desai. That is not all; all babies are to be given a toy as a souvenir of the occasion. So do not forget to take your baby. Particulars can be had from the Committee or from the Municipal Office.

IN AND AROUND BOMBAY

(From Our Staff Correspondents)

Pattammal Makes A Mark

Srimati Pattammal's 'premiere' at Matunga was a success for which she could legitimately take credit. For the first time, the South Indian Sangeet Sabha introduced the experiment of an advance programme, and it was surprising to see the artiste skipping through the major portion of it and reserving her thunders' to the last. Her rendering of "Munu Ravana" was a bit cursory, but "Pakkala Nilapadi" showed her to better advantage especially in the softer touches of "Karnarapriya" She was at her best in "Kamboji Fallavi". The cut, and finish of her "swaras" were masterly and gave a taste of the Naina Pillai style. Her padams and javalis were much appreciated. Her 'National songs' created a furore and there was a demand for more and sometimes 'once more' of the same song even after four hours' recital.

Lawyers & The Corporation

The Bombay Municipality wants to bring itself in line with Calcutta, Madras and Karachi Municipalities in imposing certain restrictions over Councillors who are Lawyers. In the aforesaid Municipalities the Municipal Act provides that a Councillor shall cease to be a Councillor if he is professionally interested or engaged in any case for or against the Corporation. There is already a Standing Order passed by the Municipal Corporation in 1923 which provides that no Councillor shall appear in a professional capacity before the Municipal Commissioner or his subordinates. It would, therefore, appear that the proposal now made to amend the Municipal Act to impose restriction upon a Municipal Councillor, who is a Lawyer, is only an extension of the wholesome principle already approved by the Municipal Corporation and is analogus to similar provisions made in Municipal Acts elsewhere. Of course, provision is made for the exemption of the Lawyer Councillor who renders free service for the enforcement of civic rights or for the removal of legitimate public grievances.

B. D. D. Chawls In Scheme Of Slum Clearance

Measure Of Great Utility To Industrial Labour

Mr. T. A. J. Ayyar, B.A., Manager B D D Chawls delivered a lecture on "Industrial Housing in Bombay" at the Nagpada neighbourhood house on Tuesday evening.

Speaking of the genesis of the Industrial Housing Scheme of the Bombay Government the lecturer said that enquiries made by the Municipal Commissioner of Bombay in 1919 disclosed the fact that nearly 893,000 persons were living in one room tenements and that the total shortage of one-room tenements amounted to 64,000. The conditions under which the mill-workers and industrial workers were compelled to live in consequence of the congestion in Bombay were most unsatisfactory.

To remedy this state of affairs the Government came forward with a project to house Industrial Labour. The scheme as originally planned envisaged the erection of 50,000 one room tenements designed so as to be convertible at a later date into tenements of two rooms. This project was not fully carried through.

The Industrial Housing Scheme as it is to-day, comprises 207 chawls of 80 rooms each, 121 of these chawls are at Worli, 32 at DeLisle Road, 42 at Naigaum and 12 at Sewri. The total outlay on the whole scheme was approximately Rs. 349 lacs. The return by way of rent is 6¼ lacs a year.

The number of chawls occupied at present is 143 and the number of occupancies is 8,350. This large number of vacancies is chiefly attributable to the majority of the chawls at Worli—66 out of 121—lying entirely vacant. The lecturer went on to consider the reasons for these vacancies and suggested remedies for the same.

Summing up the good that has resulted from the scheme Mr. Ayyar said: 'On a calm retrospect it cannot be denied that the scheme has been responsible for removing many slum areas and providing better housing conditions for thousands of workers who would otherwise have been compelled to live in most squalid and unhealthy surroundings. As a beneficent measure it must rank high among the great works of public utility which the Bombay Government has ever undertaken."

Dr. Clifford Manshardt thanked the lecturer for his speech.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE

G. I. P. Railway

TIMINGS AT VICTORIA TERMINUS

Timings at Victoria Terminus on and from 1st October 1936):—

Trains	Arr. H.M	Dep H.M.
Madras Mail	6 00	22 00
Peshawar and Lucknow Express	6 15	23 00
Calcutta Mail via Nagpur	7 30	17 45
Calcutta Mail via Chheoki	8 15	20 55
Madras Express	10 15	13 45
Deccan Queen	10 25	17 15
Punjab Mail	10 55	18 55
Poona Mail	11 43	15 50
Nagpur Express	14 55	21 10
Poona Fast Passenger	17 0	11 50
Poona Express	19 38	8 15
Allahabad Express	20 15	7 0

B. B. & C. I. Railway

TIMINGS AT BOMBAY CENTRAL

Mail, Express and Passenger train timings in force from 1st October 1936:

Trains	Arr. H.M	Dep H M
Ahmedabad Passenger	5 35	22 20
Delhi Express	6 00	22 05
Gujarat Mail	6 45	20 25
Kathiawar Mail	7 40	21 50
Frontier Mail	8 30	21 30
Frontier Mail on Saturdays	8 35	—
Ahmedabad Passenger	14 20	13 40
Kathiawar Express	19 00	8 45
Baroda Passenger	21 10	8 55

ARRIVALS AT BALLARD PIER

Frontier Mail (on Saturdays only) for passengers for Europe at 8 55

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 13, 1937

CONGRESS AND MUSLIMS

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru has given a fitting reply to Mr. Jinnah's criticism of the Congress in its relation to the Muslims. It will be remembered that a few days ago Mr. Jinnah took exception to the Pandit's claim that essentially there are only two parties, namely, the Government and the Congress, representing the people, and contended that there was a third party, the Muslims, whom he ventured to ask the Congress to leave alone. Pandit Jawaharlal has now issued a statement pointing out that Mr. Jinnah's description of the Muslims as a third party outside the Congress is absurd and unjust to the Muslims themselves. It is absurd because there are numerous Muslims in the Congress itself or owning allegiance to it. And it is unfair to the Muslims to say that in the national struggle between the Congress and the Government the entire community forms a mere third party of indifferent spectators. The thousands of Muslims in the Frontier Province, who made history in the struggle, will not fail to condemn the description of the community as a whole as being outside the struggle and outside the Congress. As far Mr. Jinnah's own attitude, Pandit Jawaharlal pertinently observes that "between British Imperialism and Indian nationalism, he would have them remain as a political group apart, apparently playing off one against the other and seeking communal advantage even at the cost of the larger public good." The Pandit rightly observes further that since the ties that bind the people are common economic interests and, in the case of a subject country, especially common national interests, "to encourage the communal consideration of a political and economic problem is to encourage reaction and go back to the middle ages."

Contact With Masses

Comparing the Congress and the Muslim League in their respective attitude towards the Muslim masses, Pandit Jawaharlal observes that while the League represents only a small group of Muslims functioning in the higher region of the upper middle classes, the Congress is getting into most intimate contact with the masses of all communities. And of himself as a representative of the Congress he says: "I have come into greater touch with the Muslim masses than most members of the Muslim League. I know more about their hunger, poverty, misery than those who talk in terms of percentages and seats in councils and places in the State's service. As the President of the Congress, I represent the hunger and poverty of the mass of Muslims as well of the Hindus." This is no idle boast. It is based on facts which Mr. Jinnah himself cannot deny.

Basis Of Co-operation

It is deplorable for any responsible Indian leader to seek to isolate Muslims from the Congress. Such a policy will of course be most acceptable to the bureaucracy. But an ex-Congress leader like Mr. Jinnah should be above it. The interests of the Muslim masses are best served by the Congress, which is fighting the battles of the masses in general far more effectively than the Muslim League or the Muslim Conference, as at present constituted, can hope to do. What has the League done all these years to ameliorate the condition of the Muslim masses in the villages? And what is it doing now? Making alliances with confirmed reactionaries in the distribution of seats in the legislatures is hardly the way to serve the interests of the Muslim masses. The League and its supporters will serve the interests of the Muslims and the country alike by making common cause with the Congress. Pandit Jawaharlal has himself offered to co-operate with pleasure with the Muslim League, as with other organisations; but he rightly insists that "the basis of this co-operation must be anti-imperialism and the good of the masses". We have no doubt discerning Muslims will strive to co-operate with the Congress in its struggle against imperialism and for the good of the masses.

Firmness Tells

PARIS, January 11.

Decided relaxation of the Franco-German tension is evident following the Berlin reports of mutual assurances between Herr Hitler and the French Ambassador, while Colonel Beigbeder's reply to the French "demarche" on behalf of the Spanish authorities that no contingent of foreign legion was stationed in Morocco or was expected there is regarded as adequate in Paris.

The above cable represents the latest phase in the grave situation that has arisen over the reported pressure of German troops in Morocco. The fact that tension has been eased is welcome. But the significant moral it points to is that firmness tells. The aims, designs and activities of Fascist Powers are very well-known. If Britain and France refused to turn a blind eye to these activities, if they refused to accept "reserves" and other means of temporising and insisted on adopting a firm and determined policy, Germany and Italy have given ample proof that their bluff can be called and that they can be made even now to behave as they ought long ago to have behaved in the Spanish crisis.

Congress Candidates' Handicap

The case in which the Hon. Mr. Brijlal Biyani, a member of the Council of State and President of the Berar Provincial Congress Committee, has been prosecuted under Section 124 A, of the Penal Code in connection with a recent speech of his is but one of many such in various parts of the country. We shall not go into the merits of this particular case as it is 'sub judice', but we wholeheartedly endorse Sardar Vallabhbhai's suggestion that Mr. Biyani should furnish any security that may be demanded from him and fight the case. Meanwhile, it is up to the people all over the country to realise the handicap of Congress candidates in their election propaganda and to lighten their task by giving them every possible assistance. If in any case a Congress candidate is unfairly dealt with by officials, that should be a special reason why he should be offered more than ordinary assistance.

OUR STOCK EXCHANGE

What Is Wrong With It?

(BY G. V. PATEL).

II.

The repeated crisis which we have had on our Stock Exchange clearly indicate that our working methods are most defective and need drastic changes. During the same period there were no similar crises in other countries except the Government orders in Britain at the time of going off the Gold Standard. Our troubles and difficulties are local and need careful investigation

Meaning of Crisis

The word crisis is often used in Share Bazar without any serious cause and whenever prices assume abnormal movement, it is always said that a crisis is facing the exchange. But all these crises are generally overcome without much damage. This shows that there is usually no sufficient cause for a crisis. The word crisis can only be used when a majority of members are involved in huge losses on either side and when only for the sake of the stability of the whole Exchange there may be need to use emergency power. Such state can only come when there is a big financial crisis in a country involving failures of banking institutions or in case of strained political relations of a country.

The principle of closing down markets is bad and harmful. It shows a state of overtrading and development of an unhealthy state of the market owing to the existence of operations of parties who are unable to meet their liabilities and seek protection from the Stock Exchange authority. Thus the task of the Board of Directors becomes difficult. Naturally any interference is likely to help only one side, with the result that opposite party whose interest has to be sacrificed will not approve the same measure. At the same time, the Directors of the Board are also interested in Bazar and naturally, to some extent, they are also not likely to support the official move. Anyhow the steps taken by the Stock Exchange Authority will always be criticised.

Closing of Market

At the top of above difficulties there is no device to measure whether a crisis is threatened or not. It is difficult to say whether the situation needs the use of emergency powers. There is no way to ascertain losses of members to Exchange and their clients and even after ascertaining the extent of profits and losses, there is nothing to reveal whether all responsibilities will be met in full. Thus the principle of closing down of the market often is bad and harmful. It impairs confidence of investors owing to the absence of a market. We want a market to function at all times. The investor must be assured that the market will be always there working regularly and there will be no deadlock. The first and primary necessity of a Stock Exchange is to be continuous and as far as possible free from official intervention. The Board of Directors must possess all powers but the use of such powers should not be made unless and until the situation demands and even then it can only be done by inviting responsible opinion of an advisory Committee composed of members elected by legislatures, local Banks, Chambers of Commerce etc.

It appears that there is a suggestion to bring outsiders as Directors but such a demand seems to be far-fetched as the members of the Stock Exchange and their Directors are able enough to look after their market without the assistance of outsiders. The Board of Directors must be given all powers while outsiders may be consulted in case of need, particularly when the question of closing down of trading comes in but this closing down business must be avoided except in case of unforeseen grave situation.

Overtrading

All our crises are mostly due to overtrading except one when the market was suddenly overtaken by Fazal Mills troubles. Overtrading is the root cause of all troubles. Even overtrading is difficult to detect and as long as all business done is backed by sound finances, there seems little cause for any worry. But when business is done without sufficient backing of money, the condition of the market becomes unhealthy and at times, calls for protection. This overtrading is directly or indirectly supported by members of the Exchange and it ultimately endangers the stability of the market. Brokers allow unlimited business of weak parties and when losses amount beyond the capacity of speculating public, it is always said that outsiders are responsible for the difficulties of the Share Bazar as they do not meet their liabilities in full and ultimately the Brokers have to suffer. This belief is erroneous as brokers are not com-

(Continued on page 12 Col. 7)

Our Moscow Letter

Japanese Plans In China

By ABDUL AZIZ AZAD

MOSCOW, Dec. 16.

With the imprisonment of Chiang Kai-Shek and the rebellion of Chang Hseuh-liang's troops, the world's attention has once more been shifted to the far East and to Sino-Japanese relations, to the further process of the Japanese advance into the Republic of China and to the pending aggressive actions of the Japanese against China.

We are living in an epoch which will undoubtedly be termed by future historians as an epoch of wars and disaster, an epoch of distrust and aggression, an epoch of the shameless demonstration of might, brutality and like qualities. After the world war comes the occupation of Manchuria by the Japanese and the seizure of Abyssinia by Italy, while the unprecedented events in Spain are shaking the world's very foundations. The lawful Spanish Government is in vain calling for justice, its voice is like an echo in the wilderness. Meanwhile the fascist rebels, those enemies of culture and civilisation, are being openly supported by Germany and Italy, not only with all possible kinds of weapons for war, but with men and officers, and yet no one has raised even a finger against that. To-day as never before the brutal motto of "Might is Right" is being practised, and the law of the stronger nation having the right to rule over weaker nations has been put into life.

German-Japanese Pact

Recently we informed our public about the new war-alliance agreement signed between Germany and Japan. This was followed by rapprochements between Japan and Italy and Japan and Poland.

After Chang Hsueh-liang's rebellion the real object of the above agreements between Japan and her new "friends" become quite obvious, particularly when one learns of the demands made by Chang Hsueh-Liang, which are more than a naive provocation.

These demands are as follows: (1) China must declare war against Japan (2) China must take back her lost provinces in Manchuria (3) China must turn her face towards the Soviet Union and establish close friendly relations with the USSR. (4) China must form a united front with the Communist provinces in China, etc.

Chang Hsuh-liang's Game

Why has Chang Hseuh-liang suddenly turned out to be such a "red hot" Communist, redder than the Reds? Did he not give all of Manchuria to the Japanese without showing the slightest signs of opposition? Could he not have offered some resistance then and acted on the principle that he is now declaring. Certainly he could have done much, but for some mysterious reasons, which, by the way, are now no longer mysterious, he did not utter a word and took his bag and baggage, together with his huge army, and at its head retreated from his stronghold, smiling at Japan's ownership of Manchuria. Now he wants to repeat the same thing and under this provocative Red disguise invites the Japanese army to occupy more provinces of China, if not all of it, and to disperse the Nanking Government which, as is well-known, has recently been trying with considerable success to unite all China. This latter fact of course, goes against the interests of the Japanese who would like to have a weak and divided China in their neighbourhood rather than a strong and united Chinese nation.

It is still more illuminating to know that only a day after this event took place in China the Japanese newspapers in Tokyo had "authentic information" to the effect that the rebel Chinese general had already concluded an offensive and defensive alliance with the Soviet Union and that the USSR was actively backing the rebels. It is not difficult to grasp the real aim of such "information" —which is to make the USSR guilty for what Japan is doing. Was not Japan preparing for these events when she signed the military alliance with Germany and like agreements with Italy and Poland a few weeks ago?

Russia's Reaction

The Soviet press and public opinion has long been warning that war is being rapidly prepared and, true to speak, she is quite well prepared for it. The recent events in China have given additional proof in exposing the plans and the activities of the war-mongers, and who knows but that these events may not develop into the dreadful war that is expected. Commenting upon Chang Hseuh-liang's rebellion, "Pravda", the official newspaper of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union, writes in an editorial:

"The uprising of Chang Hseuh-liang's troops and the arrest of Chiang Kai-shek are of special significance against the background of the increasing Japanese aggression in China.

"Consolidation of Chinese forces developing under the pressure of the anti-Japanese movement has grown tremendously in recent months, uniting scattered Chinese parts into one consolidated power to resist foreign aggression is the one fundamental task facing the Nanking Government. Instigated by the enemies of the Chinese people, the reactionaries are putting up stubborn resistance to these attempts.

"An explanation of the reasons for the rebellion of the troops of Chang Hseuh-liang must undoubtedly be sought in the machinations of the pro-Japanese elements in China", states the newspaper and continues, "It is no accident that the name of the former chairman of the Nanking Government, Wang Ching-wei, driven out by the people for his concessioning policy towards Japanese imperialism, is closely linked with the rising of the troops of Chang Hseuh-liang".

"Pravda" goes on to discuss the anti-Soviet provocations which have appeared in the Japanese press in connection with these events. It calls these stories camouflage for the aggressive actions of Japanese imperialism and states: "The malicious inventions of 'Nichi Nichi' will deceive no one. The Soviet Union remains true to its policy of strict non-intervention in the affairs of foreign countries".

The official Government organ "Izvestiya", also deals at length with the latest development on the Chinese scene and points out that in the recent past events in China were developing very favourably for the true national interests of that country. The paper says:

"The failure of the Japanese to capture Suiyuan, the sweeping movement of the masses for emancipation and its growing influence on the policy of the Nanking Government—all this created serious difficulties for the Japanese Imperialists. The failure of the Japanese imperialists in Suiyuan has stirred the spirit of China and has opened up the question of recapturing the conquered province of Chahar".

"Izvestiya" speaks of the Japanese stories about Soviet aid to the Chinese rebels as "Neither the first nor the last provocation of its kind".

FRANKLY SPEAKING

B. N. RAILWAY STRIKE.

Can one hope that a better sense of reality has dawned on the Government of India, and that they are likely to realise their obligations to the workers in the Bengal-Nagpur Railway? Mr. Giri, as also Mr. N. M. Joshi, who had especially proceeded to Delhi for the purpose, had interviews on the subject of the strike with Sir Frank Noyce and Sir Guthrie Russel. The outcome of these interviews is not known. We only wish the Government would accept their duty of intervening in the dispute in spite of the blatant fiat of the Railway Company that no dispute exists at all. But whether Government render justice to the strikers or deny it to them, it is the clear and urgent duty of the public to do everything in its power to make the miscry of the workers less hard to bear. In this connection we are glad to note that the Congress President has, as was only to be expected, declared the complete solidarity of the Congress with the strikers.

Y. M. C. A. CONFERENCE.

Mysore must be congratulated upon, being selected as the venue of this year's session of the World Conference of Y. M. C. A.'s. This is the first time in its history extending to nearly three-quarters of a century that the Y.M.C.A. is holding its annual gathering in an eastern country, which as pointed out by Dr. Mott, "is a reminder of the shifting of the centre of gravity in world interest and concern." The Y.M.C.A. has shown an excellent record of progress in this country and has brought together numberless young men together in an atmosphere of fellowship and service. It is a trite remark that the future of the world rests with the youth. But it has been invested with an added meaning during the last few fateful years, when the forces of reaction and progress are opposed to each other in a grim struggle. Sir Mirza Ismail, the Dewan of Mysore, struck the right note when he observed that "We (we take it that Sir Mirza was not talking merely as a Mysorean, but as an Indian) are not merely your hosts. We are with you in the fight for unity and peace between the nations of the world." The Y.M.C.A. will always receive the cordial cooperation of Indians in furthering the great ideals it has placed before its members.

CALL TO STUDENTS.

At an election meeting, held in the Jain Vidyalaya Hall, on Monday, Mr. Nariman referred to the magnificent response of Bombay students to the Congress call in 1921 in spite of the heavy sacrifices it involved. But, at present, so far at any rate as the elections are concerned, students can do much without any sacrifice. If a number of them offer themselves as Congress volunteers for a few weeks for election work, it can hardly be called a heavy sacrifice, but the result of their collective organised assistance will be a great advantage to the Congress. We are confident, therefore, that, Bombay students will, once again, rise to the occasion.

APT SUGGESTION

The speech delivered by H. E. the Governor of Bombay on the occasion of the seventeenth anniversary dinner of the Institution of Engineers rightly stressed the necessity of having a clear-cut plan for the industrial development of India. In this connection, the Governor's suggestion that a body like the Institution of Engineers should appoint a committee of experts to which businessmen and financiers can look for advice and guidance is very opportune and appropriate. Much of the reason why capital is so shy in this country is that the capitalist is generally left to his own resources and has not the guidance of the State —when embarking on any new enterprise. He has a right to expect guidance. It is to be hoped, therefore, that the idea mooted by the Governor will be explored further.

Bohra Girl's Lead

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The news published in your yesterday's issue about the marriage of Miss Shirin Tayeball Mandaviwalla at Karachi must have brought untold joy and relief to the numerous engaged Bohra couples who have been condemned to a life of celibacy because the Bohra High Priest and his deputies, have, for some paltry reason or other, been withholding their formal con sent to their marriage.

Every one possessing even a passing acquaintance with Islamic religion knows that amongst Muslims carriage is purely a matter of civil contract. All that is needed to make a valid marriage is the consent of the parties or, where they are minors, the consent of their guardians and the presence of two honourable witnesses to bear testimony to the fact of the marriage. All Mohamedans, no matter what the sect they belong to, including the Bohras, are governed by this well-recognized law of Islam. But our present High Priest, ever since he came on the 'Gadi" of his forebears, has been preaching a new doctrine viz. that

(Continued on page 9, column 4.)

'QUAKE SHOCK IN SUBURBS
—Headline.

Bombayites, vote for Sabavala!

* * * *

"As the President of the Congress, I represent the hunger and poverty of the mass of Muslims as well as of the Hindus".
—Jawaharlal.

That's the trouble. That's how the Congress cuts across the Hindus and Muslims who represent the loaves and fishes of the class.

* * * *

The United Press reports from Madras that Mahatma Gandhi was received with cheers and a most flattering invitation in general by large crowds on his arrival.

We flatly decline to believe it. We must wait for the real truth for authoritative statements from that great patriot, Mr. C.S. Ranga Iyer, and the patriotic "Justice".

And, any way, what were the Collectors, Sub-Collectors, Police Inspectors and Constable doing? They don't seem to have been in evidence at all. The Raja of Bobbili must wake up.

* * * *

The Police Department in the Central Provinces, it is reported, have called for a daily report of the activities of Congress candidates.

Apropos of the above the following report is, of course, unfounded:—

"At a meeting of the C. P. Legislative Council (now no more) a question was asked if the Hon'ble the Home Member would throw any light on the reports.

The Hon'ble Mr. E. Raghavendra Rao, replied curtly, that it did not need further light".

* * * *

Apropos of the publication of the Beaumont Report, the "Times of India" condemns "invidious rumours and the malicious distortion of unauthorised versions".

Does it, in a confessional fit, refer to the rumour it started, when an accurate forecast was published, a rumour—and "on high authority too!—that the forecast was "mainly inaccurate"?

* * * *

The "Times of India"—the "Evening News of India" fully agreeing —now writes:—

"In short, the report is primarily—and properly—an indictment of the Board of Control. That Body appointed as Captain one who had no experience of first class cricket in England and little of captaining first class sides any where". (Ye Gods! Oh, ye Gods).

It would be interesting to find how the Maharajkumar "managed"—as the Delhi Representative of the "Times of India" said—to get himself elected by the Board, who among the representatives of the Cricket Associations voted for Vizzy AND WHY.

Wouldn't the "Times of India" help, in the public interest? The Delhi correspondent *can* get the information we are sure.

* * * *

It is unreliably stated that the Maharajkumar of Vizianagram has telegraphed to his friendly Press protesting against desertion of the ship of his prestige as a Captain

* * * *

In reply to New Year hopes for real peace, etc., expressed on behalf of the Papal Nuncio, Herr Hitler declared that Germany could look with satisfaction upon the past year.

Oh yes. Germany made tremendous progress in—armaments, Spain, etc.

* * * *

Subscriptions to the People's Defence Fund for buying aeroplanes and armaments from Britain total a million pounds, says a Cairo cable.

It is to the credit of Italy, let us frankly acknowledge, that Egypt has been placed on the armament map of the world.

But aren't these Britishers lucky? Even the devil of war and his ways help "God's Own Englishmen"

* * * *

"She's got a head like a doorknob'.

'What do you mean?'

'Any man can turn it.'

BOMBARDMENT OF MALAGA

Battle To Possess Madrid Continues Unabated

Britain Awaits Non-Intervention Replies

GIERALTAR, January 12.

Malaga was subjected to the heaviest bombardment since the outbreak of war yesterday afternoon, according to reports of Danish and Norwegian steamers, which were alongside the quay, when six insurgent aeroplanes appeared and dropped 100 incendiary bombs, while two insurgent cruisers rained 200 shells on the town. Casualties are estimated at 300. A hospital has been damaged and a number of other buildings set fire to and damaged.—Reuter.

GOVERNMENT CLAIM IMPROVED POSITION

MADRID, Jan. 12

A communique claims that Government forces have improved their positions as a result of an attack launched in the sector north of Madrid.—Reuter

300 KILLED IN FIERCE RIOTING

BAYONNE, Jan. 12.

The refugees who have arrived on board the French sloop "Epinal" state that over two hundred persons have been killed in a fierce rioting at Bilbao.—Reuter.

INSURGENTS CLAIM CAPTURE OF RUSSIAN TANKS

SALAMANCA, Jan. 12.

An insurgent communique reports a heavy repulse of Government counter-attacks in the region of Lasrozas Majadahouda near the junction of Escorial-Corunna roads and the capture of four Russian tanks.

INSURGENTS SEIZE SOVIET SHIPS

MOSCOW, Jan. 11.

The newspapers report that Spanish insurgent warships in the Bay of Biscay have seized the Soviet steamer "Smidmovich" from Leningrad with a cargo of foodstuffs for Spain and have escorted it to an insurgent port.

The papers comment bitterly against the lawless acts of Fascist pirates on all the sea routes near the Spanish shores under the pretence of searching for arms.—Reuter.

FRANCO-GERMAN ASSURANCE

PARIS, Jan. 11.

Decided relaxation of the Franco-German tension is evident following the Berlin reports of mutual assurances between Herr Hitler and the French Ambassador, while Colonel Beigbeder's reply to the French "demarche" on behalf of the Spanish authorities that no contingent of foreign legion was stationed in Morocco or was expected there is regarded as adequate in Paris.

NO CRISIS

A spokesman at the Quai d'Orsay declared that he did not consider any serious crisis had arisen.

Authoritative circles consider that French press reports regarding the numbers of Germans disembarking in Morocco are much exaggerated.

GERMAN ASSURANCE

According to a Berlin message Herr Hitler gave the French Ambassador assurances that Germany had no intention of violating in any way the integrity of Spanish territory or possessions while the French Ambassador assured Herr Hitler that France was firmly resolved to respect the integrity of Spain and the status of Spanish Morocco within the existing agreements.—Reuter.

450,000 EVACUATE MADRID

MADRID, Jan. 11.

While the battle for the possession of Madrid continued and insurgent attacks on Aravaca University city it is claimed were repulsed with heavy losses, fresh efforts are being made to evacuate civilians from Madrid whose population of a million is augmented by fifty per cent by refugees from the provinces.

Hitherto some 450,000 have been sent to other places in Government territory.

Facilities are now provided for evacuation of eight to ten thousand daily.

Jiminez, President, Evacuation Committee, has assured the refugees that their houses and furniture will be cared for by the police.

Anyone refusing to evacuate may have his food-card suppressed and summoned before the Control Tribunal.

BRITAIN AWAITS NON-INTERVENTION REPLIES

Prepares Elaborate Plans To Put It in Practice

LONDON, Jan. 11.

Replies from five Governments to the British communication urging simultaneous and immediate action to check the despatch of "volunteers" to Spain are now awaited.

In view of the acceptance in principle already given and almost unanimous insistence of the importance of the matter, early and favourable replies—which in the case of France has been already foreshadowed—are anticipated.

The announcement of the intention to enforce the Foreign Enlistment Act in Britain will doubtless be followed by positive measures of an analogous nature in other countries.

MEASURES READY

As soon as extension of the non-intervention agreement has been accepted by all parties, control measures envisaged for matters already covered will naturally apply also to the arrival of foreign nations for service in the civil war.

Much painstaking work has been done by experts attached to the Non-Intervention Committee on the scheme of supervision which with the Non-Intervention Committee's suggestions is understood to be provisional, and it is hoped that the ultimate proposals may prove acceptable to both the sides in the civil war.

NO CONFIRMATION

It was stated in London to-day that the British Government had been unable to confirm, from its own sources, the information in French reports of the landing of German troops in Spanish Morocco.

The Spanish insurgents have had the assistance of German technicians in considerable numbers in connection with the improvement of fortification of Ceuta which is owned in full sovereignty by Spain.

ITALY "RESERVE" TOWARDS BRITISH NOTE

ROME, Jan. 12.

It is stated in authoritative quarters taat the attitude of the Italian Government to the new British Non-Intervention Note was "absolultutely reserved but not negative".

Consultation will be begun shortly with German Government with a view to similar replies by both the Governments.

It is believed that behind the reserved attitude of the Italian Government there is a certain satisfaction as it is beginning be felt here that the situation in Spain holds the increasing danger of international complications.

"NO FOREIGN UNIT IN MOROCCO

Insurgents' Reply To French "Demarche"

PARIS, Jan. 11.

A communique states that Col. Beigbeder, on behalf of Gen. Franco replied to French "Demarche" that no established unit and no contingent of Foreign Legion was stationed in Morocco or was expected there.

Col. Beigbeder added that Ceutan authorities realise the grave international consequences which would result from disembarkation of foreign contingents at any point in Morocco.—Reuter.

France's Assurance To Germany

BERLIN, Jan. 11.

It is understood that M. Poncet at the New Year reception took the opportunity of exchanging with Herr Hitler mutual assurances that the integrity of Spain and Spanish Morocco would be respected.—Reuter's Special

Bill Prepared To Prevent French Recruits For Spain

LONDON, Jan. 12.

A Paris press message states that the Chamber Committee of Civil and Criminal Legislation will meet on Wednesday to consider a private bill to prevent recruiting of French volunteers for Spain.

The message adds that it is understood that the French Cabinet at its next meeting will consider the question and introduce a bill for the same purpose.

RED ARMY'S ADVANCE ON SIANFU

Chinese Students Give Rousing Reception

SHANGHAI, Jan. 12.

According to Chinese reports the Communist Army advancing South eastwards from Kansu has reached the points five miles from Sianfu, where deputations of students and others are preparing to welcome them.

Arrivals from Sianfu report that the city is completely dominated by Red elements.

Meanwhile, Government forces are steadily advancing towards Sianfu from the east.—Reuter.

HOW CAPT. SANGER MET WITH ACCIDENT

SIALKOT, Jan. 12.

Further details of the accident to Capt. and Mrs. Sanger now available show that the car went off the road between Suchetgarh and Ranbirsinghpura on the Jammu Road and the car overturned. Capt. Sanger was thrown off clear but Mrs. Sanger was caught under the car. Passing villagers called the Lambardar of the nearest village, who took them in "Charpoys" to the police station and 'phoned to Jammu for an ambulance car. Both were unconscious but have since regained consciousness and are being attended upon by Col. Millar, Director of Medical Services, Kashmir.

Capt. Sanger has serious fractures of the ribs and the condition of both is serious.—A. P.

GERMANY WILL LAUNCH 16 NEW DESTROYERS

BERLIN, Jan. 11

The first of the series of sixteen new destroyers claimed to be of the most modern construction will be launched in the Kiel Canal on 14th January.

The destroyers will be 1625 tons.

Fifteen others are being launched at various shipyards in the near future.—Reuter.

ROOSEVELT'S NEW ECONOMY DRIVE

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.

President Roosevelt has recommended to the Congress a thorough reorganisation of Government's administrative machinery, including the creation of two new Cabinet posts, namely. Secretary for Social Welfare and Secretary for Public Works, and the appointment of six Executive Assistants to the President, whose duty will be to relieve President Roosevelt of the volume of detail work.

The President recommends the grouping together of 105 independent Federal Agencies, under appropriate Departments, and the extension of Civil Service to include a quarter million Government servants.

He estimates the reorganisation will effect economies amounting to 30 million dollars yearly.—Reuter.

"Fair Lead's" Maiden Run

BIRMINGHAM, Jan 12.

It was expected that His Majesty would complete a double today. "Fair Lead" started 8/13 on her maiden two mile hurdle, but although with leaders till a mile from home, dropped back and finished fifth out of nineteen.

"Fair Lead" competed in hurdles for the first time to-day. —Reuter.

SIR FRANCIS YOUNGHUSBAND TO ATTEND CONGRESS OF RELIGION.

LONDON, Jan. 11

Sir Francis Younghusband has accepted the invitation of the Ramakrishna Centenary Celebrations Committee to attend the Congress of Religions in Calcutta on March 1.

Sir Francis will represent the World Congress of Faiths which held a Congress in London last July. —Reuter.

PROSPECT OF B. N. R. STRIKE SETTLEMENT

Sequel To Leaders' Talk With Sir F. Noyce

NEW DELHI, Jan. 12.

The "United Press" gathers that the interview of Messrs. N. M. Joshi, M.L.A., and V. V. Giri, M.L.A., Labour leaders, with Sir Frank Noyce, Member for Industries and Labour, has resulted in clearing of the position of the workers involved in the B. N. Railway strike.

There appears to be a more sympathetic appreciation of the situation and their plea for appointment of a Court of Inquiry may receive careful consideration. While it is not possible to state at this juncture what attitude the Government of India may eventually take in the matter, the fact that the Railway Member is away in Bombay and will not return till Thursday evening points to the unavoidable delay in the decision.

Mr. Joshi, who left for Bombay this morning appeared optimistic as to the outcome of his and Mr. Giri's efforts in New Delhi.—United Press.

E. I. Railway Workers' Protest

LUCKNOW, Jan. 11.

A resolution, protesting against the help given by the East Indian Railway authorities to the Bengal Nagpur Railway whose workers are at present on strike, was passed at a meeting of the Railway workers of Lucknow held on Saturday last.

The meeting further appealed to the Railway Board to ask all State managed railways to remain neutral in this connection.

By another resolution, the meeting administered a stern warning to the East Indian Railway authorities and called upon the workers of the Railway to be prepared for a general strike, in case the East Indian Railway authorities refused to call back the workers they had sent to the aid of Bengal Nagpur Railway authorities.

The meeting was presided over by Dal Chand, a worker, and addressed among others, by Mr. Mohan Lal Saxena, M.L.A., President of the East Indian Railwaymen's Union.—United Press.

RELIEF FUND FOR B. N. R. STRIKERS

Bombay Citizens' Move

As decided at the informal meeting held at the Servants of India Society at the invitation of Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta, President of the Railwaymen's Federation, the citizens meeting in support of B. N. Railway strikers will be held on Thursday the 14th at 6 p.m. at the Jinnah Hall. The meeting will be held under the auspices of the Railwaymen's Federation, the Federation of Trade Unions, the All-India Trade Union Congress and the Congress Socialist Party.

It is understood that the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee has also agreed to participate in the meeting.

The meeting, besides expressing solidarity with the strikers, will take steps for organising a relief fund for the forty thousand and odd strikers.

FRENCH ATLANTIC FLEET LEAVING FOR MEDITERRANEAN

PARIS, Jan. 11.

The French Atlantic squadron which will leave Brest shortly for the annual manoeuvres off the Moroccan coast is composed of three battleships, the "Provence," the "Bretagne" and the "Lorraine," each of 22,000 tons with ten 13.4 inch guns.

The second light cruiser squadron, submarine squadrons, an aircraft carrier and air squadrons.

The manoeuvres will last a month which, it is pointed out, is the normal period.—Reuter.

SPECIOUS & UNTENABLE

Asaf Ali Replies To Govt. Objections To Postpone Assembly Session

NEW DELHI, (By Mail).

Mr. Asaf Ali, Chief Whip of the Congress Party, in the Legislative Assembly has issued the following statement:—

I am as surprised at Sir N. N. Sircar's reply to Mr. Bhulabhai Desai's letter, which has appeared in the newspapers on January 10, as the Officiating Secretary to the Legislative Department was on January 9 when I asked him about the Government's decision regarding the proposal of the Leader of the Opposition. The Secretary had no knowledge of the communication of any proposal for the postponement of the session of the Assembly until mid-day on January 9, when I went to discuss it with him.

The reply of the Leader of the House appeared to me to be based on a misconception of the actual state of Legislative business expected to be disposed of between the 25th January and 20th February.

PROGRAMME OF BUSINESS

According to the programme of business arranged by the President and the Government the total number of working days from 25th January to 20th February is 20 and not 26 as Sir N. N. Sircar's letter states. Out of these 20 days no less than six cut of a total of eight are non-official days. In other words if the Government decline to alter the proposed arrangement, most of the non-official Bills and resolutions will be proceeded with in the absence of the Opposition. i.e., the Congress and the Congress Nationalist Parties. This certainly will be an obvious illustration of playing 'Hamlet' without Hamlet. During the remaining 12 official days, 16th, 18th and 19th February will be taken up by the presentation, general discussion, and one out of four days of voting of demands for grants relating to the Railway Budget. The Railway Budget is one of the most important items of legislative work, and to proceed with it in the absence of the Opposition is to reduce legislative business to a farce.

OPEN TO ACCUSATION

During the remaining nine days, i.e., 25th, 26th and 27th January, 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 8th, 9th and 10th March, if the Government proceed with the Road-Rail Resolution, New Insurance Law, the Motor Vehicles Act Amendment Bill, or any other piece of legislation, in which questions of principle are involved, they will expose themselves to the charge of so arranging the legislative business and the electoral work in the Provinces, as to wipe out opposition by a stratagem. It is not correct that in the present arrangement of legislative business all Saturdays are working days, and surely the fact that certain members have booked their passages cannot and should not be a sufficient ground for disregarding the important fact that more than 50 per cent. of the elected members who constitute the Official Opposition cannot both participate in the general election throughout the country and attend the Assembly in Delhi simultaneously. It is on the face of it a specious and untenable plea.

PRESENT ARRANGEMENT NOT DISTURBED

Further as regards the two Budgets and the Finance Bill, even if the session of the Assembly commences from the 20th February, the present arrangement of dates fixed for budgets and the Finance Bill are not disturbed. Only the other official businesss and all non-official business will have to be shifted into April. There is a drawback in that position too, for if all candidates put up by the Congress succeeded at the polls, the Opposition will be reduced in April. In discussing it all with the Officiating Secretary, I pointed out the way to a reasonable rearrangement. I have only to add that the proposal for postponement by the Leader of the Opposition was in the interest of a large majority of elected members; for, so far as my information goes the present arrangement is not likely to suit the Independent Party either. But in any case the Congress and the Nationalist Parties constitute the majority of the elected members, and unless the Government are determined to ignore the Official Opposition, they have to reconsider the question.—United Press.

Nawanagar Get Lead Of 89 Runs

Merchant Takes 4 Wickets In Second Day's Play For Ranji Trophy

In the second day's play of the Ranji Trophy Tournament between Bombay and Nawanagar, the Nawanagar Eleven were all out for 263 runs in their first innings, with a lead of 89 runs.

Bombay had made 63 for one wicket at close.

THE SCORES:

BOMBAY (1st Innings)	....	**174**
BOMBAY (2nd Innings) for one wicket	....	**63**
NAWANAGAR (1st Innings)	....	**263**

(From Our Correspondent).

FOONA, Jan. 12.

The second day's play in the Ranji Trophy match between Bombay and Navanagar was resumed at 11 this morning by overnight not-outs, Abdul Aziz and Manilal in the first innings of Navanagar. Richard and Divekar were placed in charge of the attack, the former sending a maiden. Merchant was brought on to bowl in place of Divekar, when he had sent three overs including two maidens. Players who were steady took full twenty minutes to add twelve runs to the overnight score, and telegraphed 100 of the innings which Aziz did by scoring a single off Havewala, who had replaced Richard.

Aziz next completed his individual 50, but soon lost Manilal to a successful l.b.w. appeal in Havewala's next over. (106-3-12).

Indravijaysinghji, the next man, was stumped by Hindlekar before he had cracked his duck (109-4-0).

Marshall now joined Abdul Aziz and both took the score to 130, when Vadkar was brought on from the northern end, in place of Havewala. Marshall soon vacated in favour of Amarsingh, Merchant smashing his wicket. (135-5-18).

Merchant followed this success of his with two other victims, Amarsingh and Wensley (Captain), both giving straight overhanging catches to Vadkar and Baporia, respectively, in Merchant's same over (141-6-4), and (142-7-0).

Merchant's analysis then reading four wickets for 26 runs.

After 150 were telegraphed Abdul Aziz had a life when he had made 71, Vadkar missing a sharp catch, off Merchant. Abdul Aziz and Yadvendrasing were playing with 80 and 4, respectively, and the score at lunch was 163 for 7, inclusive of seven extras.

Play After Lunch

The lunch interval marked an interesting point. Bombay resumed bowling after lunch with the resolve to dismiss the opposition if possible before 174 (which was Bombay's first innings score) or as near it as possible. But Yadvendrasing and Abdul Aziz were very careful, especially as the latter hoped to reach his individual century. The Bombay skipper effected quick bowling changes without effect. Both the players trotted onwards and when 200 was near Abdul Aziz offered a catch off Richard which Havewalla accepted (194—8—89).

Mumarak Ali, the next man in, had to return without cracking his duck, being caught by Merchant off Richards in the same over (194—9—0).

Ranbirsing, the last man, joined Yadvendrasing and 200 were soon telegraphed. Merchant, Kalapesi, Divekar, Richard—all were tried by Jai, but the pair gained strength and went on adding runs helped at times by slackened fielding. Both players escaped being stumped out at 228, once by a mistake of Merchant and another time by the bad throw of Canteenwalla. Two-fifty appeared on the board and it came to the lot of Baporia to separate them at 263, when in Baporia's second over Ranbirsing was caught by Kalapesi (263—10—46), his partner returning bat in hand for 44.

Navanagar in their first innings were all out for 263, with 89 runs lead against Bombay, the last wicket partnership between Yadvendrasing and Ranbirsing, yielding 69 runs, before the latter was held by Kalapesi off Baporia. Of the lunch (not outs), Abdul Aziz was held by Havewala off Richard (194—8—89), while Mubarak was caught by Merchant off Richard (194—9—0). Yadvendrasing not out 44 and extras 12.

Bombay's Second Venture

Merchant and Hindlekar next opened Bombay's second innings and faced the attack from Amarsing and Mubarak Ali.

Starting well the pair led the score to 36 when Vinoo Mankad replaced Mubarak.

Wensley himself took over charge from Amarsing when he had sent 14 overs, of which seven were maidens, for 20 runs. On the last ball of the over Wensley succeeded in an l.b.w. appeal against Hindlekar (59—1—33).

Kalapesi was the next man in, and he with Merchant remained not out at the end of the day's play when Bombay's second innings score was 63 for one wicket. Merchant and Kalapesi were not out with 25 and 0 respectively. Extras were five.

Score:—

NAWANAGAR (1st Innings).

Vinoo Mankad, c Hindlekar, b Kalapesi	.....	5
Kolha, c Vadker	.....	33
Manilal l-b-w., b Havewala...		12
Indravijay Singh, st. Hindlekar, b Merchant	.....	0
Marshall, b Merchant	.....	18
Amar Singh, c Vadkar, b Merchant	.....	4
Wensley, c Baporia, b Merchant	.....	0
Abdul Aziz, c Havewalla, b Richard	.....	89
Mumarak Ali, c Merchant, b Richards	.....	0

(Continued on Page 8, Col. 5.)

Strike In U. S. Motor Industry

115,000 Workers Rendered Idle: 9,000 Of General Motors Also Affected

DETROIT, Jan. 11.

Over 115 thousand workers in the United States motor industry are now idle.

The General Motors Corporation to-day closed down their Oldsmobile Factory with nine thousand employees owing to shortage of parts due to the action of strikers in other factories.

There was a minor riot in the Pontiac factory, the only Corporation works hitherto unaffected by the strike, where a group of workers attempted a "Sit Down" strike and were forcibly ejected.

The leaders of the strike have gone to Washington to confer with Mr. H. John Lewis, the Chairman of the Committee for Industrial Organisation and Mr. McGrady, the Assistant Secretary of Labour.—Reuter.

POLICE OPEN FIRE ON STRIKERS

FLINT (Michigan): Jan. 12.

Thirteen civilians and two policemen have been admitted into hospital, mostly suffering from gunshot wounds as the result of a fierce 20-minute street fight between Police and the strike-pickets outside the Fisher Motor Body-Building Factory, where "Sit Down" strikers have now been in occupation for a week.

The affair is the most serious one since the beginning of the General Motor workers' strike in which over a hundred thousand are now idle.

The Police twice charged the pickets and used tear-gas bombs against the hostile crowd, which rapidly gathered and demonstrated on behalf of the strikers.—Reuter.

COMPANY GUARDS SUMMONED TO PREVENT "ELOODSHED."

The demonstrators had not dispersed at midnight.

Governor Murphy has ordered the mobilisation of the Company National Guard to prevent further bloodshed.—Reuter.

Socialists Deplore T. U. C. Decision

Party Will Stand By Congress In Fight To Capture Legislatures

The Executive Committee of the Bombay Congress Socialist Party has issued the following statement:—

"Only five weeks are left for the date of elections to the Bombay Legislative Assembly from this city. The Congress has nominated candidates for all the seats and in the coming weeks the city will be in the throes of a contest between the Congress and its opponents.

The Issue

The fight in the country generally is between the Congress, which represents the nation's will to freedom on the one hand, and the allies, open or concealed, of Imperialism on the other.

The Congress stands for the wrecking of the Government of India Act and its replacement by a constitution devised by a Constituent Assembly freely elected by the entire people under conditions where power passes to the hands of the masses of this country.

Co-operators All

All other Parties, be they Liberals, Muslim communalists, or Hindu "Nationalists" stand for the working of the Act and thus for co-operation with foreign rule.

Work For Congress Success

It is, therefore, the duty of all who desire Indian Independence, who stand for radical thought, who desire social changes which are inconceivable within the four corners of this Imperialist Constitution, not only to vote for the Congress but to work actively for the candidates it has put into the field.

The Annual Conference of the All-India Congress Socialist Party, meeting recently at Faizpur, declared its whole-hearted support to the Congress in the election campaign. We, therefore, appeal to members of the Party in the city to throw themselves into the fray and to support Congress candidates in their respective wards.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, the President of the Congress, has explained in a recent circular that the election campaign gives a wonderful opportunity for popularizing the Election Manifesto of the Congress and parts of its programme, such as the general strike on 1st April and the boycott of the Coronation. Bombay, which boasts of a progressive and intelligent electorate, should be able to utilize the election campaign for rousing political consciousness amongst its citizens.

T. U. C.'s BLUNDER

We are aware that in one constituency, namely, "E" and "F" wards, there is a candidate supported by the All-India Trade Union Congress in spite of the fact that there are two Congress candidates already nominated for that constituency. We do not desire to go into the personal merits of the candidates concerned,

but it is a matter of regret that this unhappy position should have been created of the T.U.C. opposing the Indian National Congress in this constituency, while supporting it generally throughout the country. The choice of the Congress Socialist Party, which has intimate relations with both organizations, would of necessity be an unpleasant one, but nonetheless it is clear. In no circumstances can we, a Party of Congressmen, give support to any candidate standing against Congress nominees in a general or territorial constituency.

We think, in view of all the circumstances of the case, the decision of the A.I.T.U.C. Executive to support Comrade Joglekar is unfortunate and we must therefore appeal to the voters in that constituency to support the Congress candidates.

The Congress Socialist Party offers its co-operation to the Congress and joins in its appeal to the citizens of Bombay to see that all the Congress candidates in the city are returned to the Legislature.

Congress Bears No Ill-Will To Labour

NIMBKAR'S BARGAINING ATTITUDE EXPOSED

Appeal To T. U. C. To Withdraw Rival Candidate

Mr. S. K. Patil, General Secretary of the Bombay Presidency Congress Parliamentary Board, has issued the following statement explaining why the application of Mr. R. S. Nimbkar for a Congress ticket was not accepted by the Congress Parliamentary Board:—

It is a well-known fact that the Bombay City Congress Parliamentary Committee decided, by a unanimous vote, that the candidature of Mr. R. S. Nimbkar on Congress ticket for one of the two general seats from "E" and "F" Wards Constituency could not be accepted, in preference to the other two candidates, who were finally chosen by the Committee to represent the Congress in the Bombay Legislative Assembly.

FULL OF MIS-STATEMENTS

In this connection, there has been a good deal of mischievous propaganda both in the Press and on the platform and it has, therefore, become necessary to clear the Congress position in this behalf by explaining the reasons that led the City Parliamentary Committee and also the Presidency Congress Parliamentary Board to take the decision that they ultimately did. Mr. Nimbkar himself has come out with a pompous statement, which is full of mis-statements of facts and absurd insinuations against the Congress.

Mr. Nimbkar and some of his friends on the T. U. C. executive seem to imagine that the Congress was under an obligation to select a candidate recommended by the T. U. C. This is very ridiculous presumption and untenable on the face of it. Those who have got a little knowledge of the new Act, know it very well that organized Labour in the Presidency has been given a special representation in the Assembly by allotting seven seats to Labour Unions in various places. It was, in the very beginning, made clear to Mr. Nimbkar himself and his friends that the T. U. C. as such had no claim whatsoever, as a body, to a seat in the general constituency, in view of the fact that Labour was specially provided for.

PREPOSTEROUS ATTITUDE

There is enough proof on our record to show that Mr. Nimbkar was not even prepared to sign the Congress pledge, unless he was given some kind of guarantee that he would be selected as one of the Congress candidates. This was a preposterous attitude and Mr. Nimbkar was flatly told by the Parliamentary Committee that they could not entertain any such conditional pledge. It was more out of helplessness, than out of any willingness on his part, that Mr. Nimbkar was ultimately compelled to submit to unconditional pledge to the Committee. In submitting this pledge, he took just the same chance as every other applicant did.

To the request of the T. U. C. to select Mr. Nimbkar as a Congress candidate, a categorical reply was given that the Parliamentary Committee was not prepared to make any commitment in advance and they would consider the recommendation at the proper time. At the time of the selection of candidates, the City Congress Parliamentary Committee gave a very careful consideration to the correspondence that had passed between the T. U. C. and the Parliamentary Committee. The Committee ultimately decided that Mr. Nimbkar's candidature was unacceptable for more than one reasons.

QUESTION OF MERITS

It is indeed absurd to suggest that Mr. Nimbkar's candidature was rejected because he was the nominee of the T. U. C. In fact, the T. U. C. was not called upon to nominate any candidate for this seat because the seat was not constitutionally under their jurisdiction. Their suggestion could at best be treated as a recommendation and I can assure my friends of the T. U. C. that the members of the Parliamentary Committee did give their best attention to their recommendation. If the candidate, on his own merits, would have been acceptable to the Committee, there was not the least possibility of his being rejected, because he was the nominee of the T. U. C. In fact, the recommendation of the T. U. C. would have been an additional reason for selecting Mr. Nimbkar as a Congress candidate, if, on merits, as a Congressman, he was acceptable in preference to either of the other two candidates.

SOLICITUDE FOR LABOUR.

Ever since he came out of the jail, Mr. Nimbkar has been making speeches condemning the Congress, in season and out of season. The Parliamentary Committee had every reason to doubt Mr. Nimbkar's loyalty to the Congress and the results have amply shown that this doubt was more than justified. I am not divulging a secret when I state that with a sincere desire to have a candidate of Labour inclinations and associations, the President of the City Parliamentary Committee had actually written to Mrs. Maniben Mulji, one of the prominent Labour leaders and an official of the T. U. C., actually requesting her to accept the Congress ticket, in place of Mr. Nimbkar. This is enough to convince any critic of the Congress that Mr. Nimbkar was rejected on his own merits, and not because he was a nominee of the T. U. C. The Parliamentary Committee would not have gone out of its way to request Mrs. Maniben Mulji to contest the elections, if, as Mr. Nimbkar alleges, the Congress wanted to direct its forces against the working class. Surely, Mr. Nimbkar does not presume that he is the sole and undisputed representative of the working class.

WHY THIS EXTRA DEMAND.

In his statement, Mr. Nimbkar had unsuccessfuly tried to draw an analogy between the Labour constituency of Sholapur and "E" and "F" Wards constituency in Bombay. He seems to forget that the Sholapur constituency is constitutionally a Labour constituency set apart for unorganised Labour, while the City constituency, to which he lays a claim, is a general constituency made up of voters enrolled purely on residential qualifications. I do not know by what stretch of imagination the T. U. C. can claim any special representation in a general constituency, over and above the special representation, they have already got. It is simply ridiculous to claim an additional seat for Labour in a general constituency, on the pretext that the constituency is made up of voters, some of whom are workers. As workers they have got a special representation and surely they cannot have it both ways.

If this claim of labour to have additional seats in the general constituencies was accepted, surely it would have landed the Congress into many more difficulties. What if the executive of the Kisan Congress had demanded that its nominees should be selected from the village constituencies because the villages were made up of Kisans? If the T. U. C. on behalf of the City workers, and the Kisan Congress on behalf of the villagers claimed all the seats, certainly there would be nothing for the Congress to do.

CONFLICT OF LOYALTIES.

I must point out that Mr. Nimbkar has laid too much unnecessary emphasis on what he calls a "United Front." I do not know what his idea of a "United Front" is. It is perversion to suggest that the scheme of a "United Front" will be dashed to the ground, if Mr. Nimbkar is not given a Congress ticket. If Mr. Nimbkar was really sincere in his desire for a United Front, he would have been the last man to flout the decision of the Congress, as he has been doing. I am not at all surprised at the attitude of Mr. Nimbkar and his friends on this question. This is an inevitable conflict of loyalties. Mr. Nimbkar and his friends must know that the Congress shall never give quarters to those whose loyalty to the Congress is as questionable as theirs.

If the T. U. C. was serious in its intention to fall in a line with the Congress, it should have accepted the implications of the Congress pledge and declined to put up a rival candidate against the nominee of the Congress. But, unfortunately, what happened was that the moment the Congress decision was out, Mr. Nimbkar and his group put forward Mr. Joglekar in place of Mr. Nimbkar in the opposition to the Congress candidate.

In this connection, I may mention the commendable attitude of the Roy Group of Labour leaders, who, out of a true sense of discipline, declined to interfere with the Congress choice, once it was made.

APPEAL TO T. U. C.

The Congress will continue as ever to co-operate with the reasonable leaders of the working class movement in the hope that the struggle of independence may gather greater strength. Is it even now too late to appeal to the leaders of the T. U. C. to take a saner view of the situation and withdraw Mr. Joglekar from the field, so that any anti-Congress candidate may not benefit at the expense both of Mr. Joglekar and the Congress nominee?

Bardoli Invites Congress Session

REQUEST TO GUJERAT P. C. C.

Taluk Hopes To Fulfil All Expectations

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

BARDOLI, Jan. 12.

The members of the Bardoli Taluka Congress Committee met to-day and passed various resolutions, the most important of them being in regard to the invitation for the next Congress which is as under:

"This committee humbly requests the Gujarat Provincial Congress Committee to select a village of this Taluka as venue of the next session of the Indian National Congress.

If this request is kindly granted the people of this Taluka hope to fulfil to the best of their abilities the expectations of Mahatma Gandhiji and to deserve the honour."

CROWDED PROGRAMME FOR CONGRESS PRESIDENT

BAREILLY, Jan. 12.

A busy programme awaits Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, the Congress President, when he visits Moradabad and Dehra Dun. The former place he will visit on January 15 and the latter on January 19.

Pandit Nehru will reach Chandausi early morning on January 15. He will then proceed to Birari and address a meeting there at about 9-30 p.m. He then proceeds to Sambhal where he will also address a meeting. At Amroha he will address a meeting at about 2-30 p.m. He reaches Moradabad later from there when he will be taken out in a procession through the city, after which he will again address a meeting.

Pandit Nehru is expected to arrive at Hardwar on January 19 at 5 p.m. and address public meetings at Rishikesh at 9 a.m., Rankpohkri at 10 a.m., Dehra Dun at about 12 noon and at Sahaspore at about 1-30 p.m.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru will leave for Saharanpur at 4-30 p.m. where immediately after his arrival he will address a mass meeting.

He is also making an extensive tour of the Bijnore District.—United Press.

ADDRESS AT HINDI PRACHAR SABHA

MADRAS, Jan. 11.

The Hindi Prachar Sabha building in Mambalam was the scene of great enthusiasm this evening, when Mahatma Gandhi conducted the evening prayers before he left for Trivandrum.

The gathering included a large number of ladies and prominent leaders, Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar was also present.

Gandhiji was greeted with cheers of "Gandhiji-ki-Jai" and, after receiving a welcome address in Hindi on behalf of the Hindi Prachar workers, he commenced the prayer.

Messrs. Mahadev Desai and Pyarelal and Shrimati Prabhavati Ben recited some songs, which the whole gathering heard with rapt attention.

Gandhiji was, even during his short stay here, approached for autographs by enthusiasts and he complied with their request on receiving contributions from them. One girl wanted Gandhiji's autograph in Tamil for which he demanded five rupees.

While Mr. Mahadev Desai and Mr. Pyarelal, his secretaries, and party took train at Egmore, Gandhiji got in at Tambaram, a way side station, 15 miles from Madras.—United Press.

MRS. NAIDU FOR MEERUT

MEERUT, Jan. 12.

Mrs. Sarojini Naidu is visiting Meerut on Sunday next. Among her other public engagements there will be a special meeting of the students and the gentry under the auspices of the Tarun Anushilan Samiti, which will be addressed by her in English. She will address ladies and the public separately in Hindustani.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Congress President, is also visiting Meerut on January 22. He will devote one whole day for Meerut when he will visit several places in the district and will address a mass meeting in the evening at Meerut.

Dr. Satya Pal, Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose and some other leaders have also been invited to pay visits to Meerut shortly.—United Press.

OBSTRUCTION CHARGE

Sir Md. Yakub Criticises Demand For Assembly Postponement

BOMBAY, Jan. 12.

Sir Mahomed Yakub, M.L.A., who is in Bombay in connection with the meeting of the Governing Body of "Dufferin" has issued the following statement to the press:—

"It was an act of extreme discourtesy on the part of Mr. Bhulabhai Desai to negotiate with the leader of the House for postponing the dates of the forthcoming Assembly session without consulting the other party leaders and prominent members. Mr. Jinnah, the leader of the Independent Party, and the leader of the Opposition live in the same city and are members of the same bar and Mr. Desai could very easily have consulted Mr. Jinnah if he cared to do so.

This is another instance of the high-handedness of the Congress party in the Assembly and their desire to conduct the proceedings of the Assembly according to their sweet will.

There are not more than half a dozen members of the Central Assembly, who are themselves contesting elections to Provincial Assemblies. When leaders like Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Sardar Patel, Babu Rajendra Prasad and Mrs. Naidu are making whirlwind tours in the country, it would be extremely absurd to suggest that a few Congress members of the Assembly were indispensible.

The chief aim and the declared policy of the Congress in joining the legislatures is to obstruct and paralyse the Government of the country and the proposal made by Mr. Desai, the Leader of the Opposition, was aimed at giving effect to this policy".—A.P.

NAWANAGAR LEAD IN RANJI TROPHY

(Continued from page 7.)

Ranbirsing, c Kalapesi, b Baporia	....	46
Yadawavendra Singh (not out)		44
Extras	..	12
Total	....	263

Merchant captured 4 wickets for 26. Richard captured 2 wickets for 54, Merchant 4 for 45 and Baporia 1 for 6.

Fall of wickets:...1 for 5; 2 for 61; 3 for 106; 4 for 109; 5 for 135; 6 for 141; 7 for 142; 8 for 194; 9 for 194.

BOMBAY (Second Innings)

Hindlekar l.b.w., b Wensley ..		33
Kalapesi (not out)	.....	0
Merchant (not out)	.....	25
Extras	....	5
Total	.....	63

Congress Alone Stands For Freedom

Voters Must Give Open Verdict In Its Favour At Polls

"The only organisation which can effectively carry on the struggle for Indian Independence is the Indian National Congress. There is no other rorganisation in India which can do it. Hence it will be the duty of the voters to solidly support the candidates set up by the Indian National Congress and thus give an open verdict in favour of the Congress which has been carrying on the struggle for Indian Independence for the last fifty years. On the 17th of February, those Indians who have been enfranchised will have to cast their vote either in favour of freedom for India or in favour of continuation of foreign domination over the country. The only course left for all self-respecting Indians is to vote solidly for the candidates set up by the Congress".

So said Mr. Shankerrao Deo, member of the Congress Working Committee, in the course of his address at a public meeting held on Tuesday night at Maganbaug Sun Mill Road, Dadar. Mr. Ishwarbhai Patel was in the Chair.

Mr. I. S. Patel in the course of his speech said that he was confident that all those living in that area would solidly vote for the Congress. He warned the voters of the locality against becoming victims of communal and sectional appeals made on behalf of the candidates who were opposing the Congress. The Congress represented the nation, including all the communities, parties and sections in the country. He appealed to those present to enrol themselves as volunteers and help in carrying the message of the Congress to everyone in that locality.

FREEDOM V. SLAVERY

Mr. Shankerrao Deo in the course of his speech said that there was no doubt that as the day for polling came nearer, the enthusiasm of the people in favour of the Congress should reach high pitch. Those who are opposing the Congress should not be voted for, not because they were individually less capable, but because the Congress stood for a certain principle and objective, for which others did not stand. Congress was fighting the elections not only in Bombay, but in the whole country on a definite political programme namely the winning of independence for India. The fight was between freedom and slavery. The Indian National Congress had been fighting for the freedom of India, so that Indians might be one of the free Nations of the world.

VOTE FOR CONGRESS

The speaker deplored the differences among the different communities, and thought that it greatly hampered the progress of the country towards Independence. Voters should not forget that the poverty of the people and the growing unemployment in the country could not be properly tackled so long as the government in the country was not in the hands of the people. And if the people wanted that these problems should be effectively tackled, the only course left for them was to solidly vote for the Congress.

POWER FOR PEOPLE.

Mr. B. G. Kher, in the course of his address reminded the audience of the glorious days of 1930 and 1932 when lacs responded to the call of the Congress and thousands faced lathi charges and courted jail. This was the first time that the Congress had decided to contest the elections with a view to see that those reactionaries who had been hampering the country's progress towards its goal of freedom were replaced by the soldiers of the Congress in the Legislatures. The voters should realise their responsibility before they cast their votes. The people of the country have at present no voice in the administration. The Congress wanted that it should be the Indian people who should decide how India should be governed and would stand no outside dictation. Towards that end, the Congress had been carrying on the struggle for the past fifty years.

Mr. Charles Mascarenhas said that it was the duty of every Indian to vote for the Congress, in view of what the Congress had done for the country. If everyone realised that he was a slave in his own country, he had no other option left but to vote for the Congress.

Mr. V. B. Karnik, Labour Leader, said that the Congress was composed of all communities sections and classes in the country. Workers also formed part of it, and as one of the representatives of the working class movement, he appealed to the workers in the locality to solidly vote for the Congress.

VOTERS MUST PROVE

Mr. Wandrekar said that he had been selected as a candidate not because he was a Maratha, but because he was a servant of the Congress. It was not even known that he was a Maratha till it was found necessary that the Congress should set up a Maratha for the reserved seat in the Assembly for the community.

Mr. Khimjibhai moved a vote of thanks to the speakers and the meeting terminated.

LUSITANIANS 'A' BEAT "TIMES OF INDIA"

Big Crowds Witness Closely Contested Match

Before the biggest crowd so far seen in the Bombay Hockey League, the Lusitanians 'A' and the 'Times of India' met at the Reclamation ground on Tuesday evening. It was a stern struggle for supremacy and resulted in a well-deserved victory for the former by a narrow margin of 3 goals to 2.

A feature of the match was the uncanny stickwork of the Goans' forwards, who exhibited perfect understanding and combination. They soon got the lead through Pinto, their outside-right, following which Correa and Fernandez scored the second and the third goal respectively.

The press-men had reduced the lead, when Tellis scored for them from an acute angle. The Goans were leading by 3 goals to 1, when half-time was called.

Midway through the second half, the press-men made use of a short-corner, when Tellis scored again with a hot shot. Being in arrears of one goal only, the "Times" forwards now fought hard to draw level and should have succeeded but for the sound defence of Carvalho, the Lusitanians left-full back, who was responsible for spoiling their several promising movements.

The Lusitanians retired winners by 3 goals to 2.

The LUSITANIANS 'A' 3 goals.
The "TIMES OF INDIA" 2 goals.

The teams were:—

THE LUSITANIANS 'A'

L. Pinto; R. Fernandez, P. Carvalho; E. Bocarro, N. Rodrigues, W. Fernandez; S. Pinto, F. Fernandez, F. Correa, M. Bocarro, R. Almeida.

"THE TIMES OF INDIA"

Jones; Edwards, Easdon; Adams, Lynn, Thomas; Mendis, Wilson, D'Souza, Tellis, Petty.

To-day's Game

AT ASSOCIATION GROUND

Customs Athletic v. Bombay Telephone.

BOMBAY PRESIDENCY OLYMPIC GAMES

Following is the programme of events:—

15th January (Friday):—8-30 a.m. and 4-30 p.m.—Medical examination for Marathon Competitors,—St. Georges Hospital.

16th January (Saturday):—6 a.m.—100 Kilometres Cycle Run.—Start from Afghan Church, Colaba.

17th January (Sunday):—6 a.m. Marathon Race.—Start from Afghan Church, Colaba.

19th January (Tuesday):—7 a.m.—5000 Metres Run—Cooperage and at 7-30 a.m. 5000 Metres Walk—Cooperage.

21st January (Thursday):—6 a.m. 10000 Metres Run—Round the Oval; at 7 a.m. Heats for Women's Events—Cooperage, and at 4 p.m. Heats for Women's Events—Cooperage.

22nd January (Friday):—7 a.m. Heats for Men's Events—Cooperage and at 4 p.m. Heats for Women's Events—Cooperage.

23rd January (Saturday):—2 p.m. Opening Ceremony. Women's Events—Cooperage. Men's Pentathlon—Cooperage.

24th January (Sunday):—2 p.m. Men's Events—Cooperage. Closing Ceremony—Cooperage and at 8-30 p.m. Annual Olympic Banquet.

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OUR READERS' VIEWS

Police Competitive Examination

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I hope that you will publish the following in the interests of the public.

Just a day or two, and in Indian Police Competitive examination result will be out. So I wish to ask a few questions and I sincerely hope the Government will answer them.

(1) If this is really a competitive examination why are 400 marks reserved for the interview?

(2) Is it a fact that those who stand high in papers are more often put down in interview?

(3) What was the numbers of the students who stood high in papers who were selected last year?

(4) Were those candidates who stood high in papers last year so hopeless as to get the least numbers of mark in interview?—Yours, etc.,

U. P.

Who Should Represent Muslims?

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—On January 6th 1937, there was a letter published in your paper signed by Mohammad Abdur Rahman explaining the task before Muslims.

Mr. Mohammad Abdur Rahman has set out at some length the arguments that should guide the Muslim voters. I hope the Muslim voters well appreciated the arguments.

Muslims of Bombay, as a rule, are not very keen about politics. They wake up from their slumbers at long intervals when some important problem affecting them is on the anvil, and after agitating for a while they revert to a state of mental torpor till the next temporary awakening comes.

The cause of Muslim backwardness lies in this sad state of the community I shall not go here into the causes that have contributed to this state or the remedies therefor. The immediate need is to prepare for the present so that there may be no need for shedding tears over our thoughtlessness in the future.

As Mr. Mohammad Abdur Rahman has rightly said: "The question of selecting a Muslim representative to the Assembly is not to be decided on sentiment, personal predilliction or the mere aspiration of the candidate concerned to achieve so much for the community".

We have six candidates, for instance, for the Bombay City South Mohammedan Constituency composed of A. B. C. and D. Wards. Of these only one will have to be selected.

Every one of them has the cause of Islam at heart and everyone of them deserves the thankfulness of the community. But since all the six cannot be sent to the Assembly and a selection has to be perforce made, let us try to pick up the one who has not only the wish but the makings of a public servant.

The task here is not an easy one. Were it in our power, we should send all six to the Assembly. But it is a question of eliminating four and these four being servants of Islam, will have to make room, in the greater interests of the community.

Among the six candidates contesting the election, five are businessmen, prominent in the community and with resources to help them to success. The sixth, Mr. Syed Abdulla Brelvi, M.A., LL.B., is a journalist and a politician.

I do not want to comment on any of them. Rather than commit the sin of making an invidious distinction, I would put the matter before the Muslim voters and ask them to decide.

My question to the voters to answer is: "Would you have a man who is worthy of your support but who is not acquainted with the complicated procedure of a political fight which has to be conducted in your behalf?"

If you are not thinking of your personal likes or dislikes, you will vote solidly for Mr. Brelvi who has been in politics for nearly two decades, whose study of Muslim problems puts him, in a position of vantage as an effective debate: **Do not forget that our cause will have to be fought out in the Assembly and not decided merely by the casting of votes.**

Some might say that Mr. Brelvi is a Congressman and that the Muslims and the Congress have not been on the best of terms. But Mr. Brelvi whatever his political views as a Muslim and it is absurd to imagine that he will sacrifice the interests of the community he represents.

Before I conclude, let me appeal to the other candidates for election. They are all worthy members of the community and are actuated by the highest of motives. But since all of them have one cause at heart, namely, to serve Islam, would it not be better if they entrust their political fights to a politician and serve the community in their various spheres of life.—Yours, etc.

M. A. HAKIM.

Bombay Jan. 10.

Poona Parsis' Meeting

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—On my return to town, my attention is drawn to a report appearing in the "Times of India" of the 28th ultimo from its own Poona correspondent. And let me say straight way, that the said report is incomplete, incorrect and unfair, as will be seen from the following facts.

(1) In the first place, there was but one reporter at the press table; and that was "Jame-Jamshed's" man.

(2) The "Times of India's" own correspondent could not have been present at the Parsi meeting held at Poona on the 27th ultimo; for, his report is mostly a distorted version of facts and utter suppression of vital points.

(3) He might have appeared on the scene at the tag end of the meeting and got his "Khubbar" from "Jame's" man, Khubbar, which is so misleading, as I shall point out presently.

(4) It is not true, that "over 1,500 Parsis attended the meeting."

(5) It is equally not true, that "the object of the meeting was to decide on the right to convene it" (the meeting).

(6) It is incorrect to state, that "many Bombay Parsi leaders specially came (to Poona) for the meeting."

(7) It is misleading to say, that I "intervened" at the meeting.

(8) It is equally misleading to say, that "there was general disapproval by the audience."

(9) It is also incorrect to say, that "after this (incident) there were several other resolutions passed."

(10) It is equally incorrect to state, that after the meeting, I was asked "to go away."

SUPPRESSION OF VITAL FACTS

Now, I shall point out the suppression of vital facts:

(1) I had gone to Poona on Saturday morning (the 26th ultimo) without the least thought of attending the Parsi meeting the next afternoon.

(2) This writer went to Poona, as usual for the inspection of the sewing, cutting and music classes at the Petit Hall, Poona. On Saturday afternoon, he inspected the ladies' division; and on Sunday morning, girls' division. He was to leave by the noon train, when some friends urged him to attend the afternoon Parsi meeting, and see for himself as to how it was all manoeuvred.

(3) Thus it is clear that this writer did not go to Poona specially for the said meeting.

(4) Now comes the suppression of vital facts, says the "Times": "Mr. Burjorji F. Bharucha, the Parsi Congressman, intervened and attempted to contradict the speaker."!

(5) But the "Times" own correspondent conveniently forgets to mention, like his fellow reporter of the "Jame," that when a speaker from Bombay started using unparliamentary language, and when he went to the length of suggesting in an undisguised form, as though Sirdar Dastur Noshirwan was in favour of a burial ground at Poona; and when even the President Sirdar Padamji did not pull up the speaker I was simply astounded: and yet I did not intervene or interrupt the speaker.

(6) The moment, the said speaker resumed his seat, I sought the permission of the President to speak for two minutes. After denouncing the burial ground in a single sentence, I immediately asked the audience, whether they ever believed, that Dasturji was in favour of the Poona burial ground. Seeing, that their whole game was up, some interested parties created a hubbub. The most distressing fact was, that though I appealed to the President Sirdar Padamji repeatedly to state but one central fact, that Dastur Noshirwan was against the Poona burial ground, he definitely declined to do so! Had he pulled up the previous speaker, as he should have this unseemly incident would never have happened.—Yours, etc.,

B. F. BHARUCHA.

Bombay, Jan. 9.

Our Footpaths & The Public

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—Are the footpaths of Bombay not public thoroughfares? I had a disgusting experience over this issue from a "White Employee" of the Army and Navy Stores while walking along the footpath in front of the stores yesterday and would invite your attention to it.

It was at about 5 p. m. in the evening that I was returning along Esplanade Road from Museum and the operation of a "coffee-roaster" at the shop window of the stores attracted my attention. I had hardly been sixty seconds there, standing, when I was directed by a "White Employee" of the stores to move away. I would certainly do no such thing. I made him understand that the footpath was not his backyard.—Yours, etc.,

M. K. V.

Bombay, January, 8.

Our S. African Letter

Plight Of Chinese Consul-General

NO RESIDENCE AVAILABLE

Turned Away From Hotels: Pretoria Newspaper Warns Public!

(From Our Own Correspondent).

JOHANNESBURG, Dec. 21.

Mr. J. H. Hofmeyr, the Minister of Mines, Labour and Social Welfare, spoke feelingly at a farewell reception meeting in his honour arranged by the local Transvaal Indian Congress. Mr. Justice Krause, who was once an advocate for the Transvaal Indian community and who worked with Mahatma Gandhi, occupied the chair. He said that he was very sorry to leave the Interior Department and cease his connection with the Indian community. He paid a striking tribute to the Indian leaders, but pointed out the fact that they could not go ahead of the public opinion of the country and that Indians should be patient, although the path to upliftment was a slow and a long one.

He described his visit to India and expressed the opinion that, although there remained a certain doubt in the Indian mind, India was sure to attain Dominion Status under the British Empire.

PLIGHT OF CHINESE REPRESENTATIVES

For the second time in three weeks, the local "Sunday Express" called attention to a serious breach of courtesy in the treatment of the Chinese Diplomatic representatives in Johannesburg.

First came the story of Mr. Ting Chain Chow, newly arrived Vice-Consul who complained that he was "virtually a prisoner in Johannesburg" unable even to obtain a haircut except in the "native" quarters.

Now the Consul-General in South Africa himself complains that his plight is almost as bad. His story is as follows:

"A well-known Pretoria tea room refused to serve me when I went in for a meal. The next day a Pretoria newspaper warned South Africa to 'protect its daughters against the Chinese.' I was forced to write to the Department of External affairs, about ten months ago, to ask for help in obtaining a flat in Johannesburg, as the lease of the house I occupied in Orange Grove had expired. I was turned away everywhere on account of being a Chinese. The Department could do nothing for me. I eventually became desperate and had to take a flat, which is hardly in keeping with the status of a Consul-General. There are only a few places in Johannesburg, where I can have a meal, and then only because I am known to the management."

The Under-Secretary of External Affairs declares that no official complaint has been received.

BOHRA GIRL'S LEAD

(Continued from Page 6).

no Nikah (marriage) unless solemnized with his Reza (consent) or with the Reza of his duly appointed agents is valid. In fact he goes a step further and says that all marriages performed and consummated without Reza amount to Zina (fornication). Needless to say for this Fatwa of the High Priest there is no authority in our religion. It has not even the sanction of custom or tradition. By dint of constant preaching and repetition the High Priest has succeeded in making the majority of his followers, of whom I regret to have to say, quite a lot are ignorant and illiterate, believe that the above doctrine has its foundation in Islamic Law.

Many intelligent Bohras know quite well that the attitude of the Mullaji in respect of marriage in the community is definitely unjustifiable but they dare not act contrary to his wishes for fear of ex-communication—a thing unknown to the holy religion of Islam—which entails on its victim social ostracism and numerous other disabilities. Now this bold, brave young lady of Karachi has cut the Gordian Knot and set an example to the more timid of her co-religionists. Let us hope they will now shake off their fright and follow the excellent lead given by Shirin who like her historical name-sake has shown defiance of social tyranny and courage of conviction. She and her family have earned the everlasting gratitude of the Bohra community. A few more marriages performed under similar circumstances and the weapon in the possession of the Mullaji will have completely lost its edge and the great commercial community of Bohras will once again be free from the strangling influence of the priesthood.—Yours, etc.

H. E. T.

Bombay Jan. 10.

Sir Zafrullah Khan's Passage To England

NEW DELHI, Jan. 11.

Sir Zafrullah Khan, Commerce Member and delegate to the Imperial Conference, who booked his passage for 27th February has now changed the date to the 10th April.

It is not known when trade talks between India and the United Kingdom will commence here or in London.—United Press.

CENTRAL BANK'S JUBILEE IN CALCUTTA

Bengal Governor's Tribute To Premier Institution

CALCUTTA, Jan. 12.

There was a distinguished gathering at the Silver Jubilee celebration of the Central Bank of India at Sabai Palace (Galstaun Park) this afternoon, prominent among those present being the Governor of Bengal, (who was the chief guest), several Judges of the High Court, Sir Brojendra and Lady Mitter, Sir John and Lady Woodhead, Sir Henry Birkemyre, Sir Edward and Lady Benthall, Sir Hari Shankar Paul, Dr. S. C. Law, Lady Saklatvala, Sir David and Lady Ezra, Maharaja Tagore, Maharaja of Natore, Sir Walter Craddock and Nawab Zain Yar Jung Bahadur.

The Governor addressing the gathering said: "In wishing the Central Bank a long and successful career in the new regime of Banking in India, I trust it may serve not only as proof of what Indian bankers can do but also as means of stimulating among those who have come within its sphere of influence those qualities of confidence, enterprise and responsibility upon which alone successful growth of banking institutions must depend."

POCHKHANAWALA'S APPEAL

Mr. D. P. Khaitan, President of the Reception Committee formed to celebrate the silver jubilee of the Central Bank welcomed the guests.

Sir Sorabji Pochkhanawala in the course of his speech said:—

It affords me much pleasure to express the deep gratitude of the Central Bank of India to the Calcutta public for the splendid manner in which they have demonstrated their love for a great national institution. We feel highly honoured by Your Excellency's gracious participation in this evening's rejoicings, for, it vividly indicates your warm and generous appreciation of all nation-building enterprises.

The Central Bank of India has now completed twenty-five years of useful existence and it strikes me that this occasion marks a landmark whereifrom it would be convenient to look back and review her past achievements and also to plan out her future course of action.

The Central Bank opened its Branch at Calcutta in 1916. It has now seven offices in Bengal, no doubt a small number looking to the vast area of the Province, and out of these seven Branches, five are now working under Bengali Agents, who have been trained by us to take up their responsible duties. We hope to extend our activities in Bengal as we train up more men with the requisite knowledge and experience of Banking.

I think I can venture to claim, without undue complacency that the Central Bank of India has played not an insignificant part in bringing about a banking renaissance in this country, which has resulted in making the people more and more "banking-minded." If I may be allowed to use such a phrase.

So far as I am concerned I need hardly tell you, that the progress and prosperity of Indian Banking is the object always nearest to my heart and I shall consider my labours and toils amply recompensed if Indian Banking is restored to the pinnacle of glory which

(Continued in col 5)

(Continued from Col. 7).

it occupied in the distant past.

BREAKING NEW GROUND.

The latest manifestation of this ever-present desire to break new ground has been the establishment in London of a subsidiary Bank called "The Central Exchange Bank of India, Ltd." It has been recognised on all hands that the absence of an Indian Exchange Bank in the city of London which is the accredited centre of the world's money market, must needs detract from efficient banking service. It is to remove this long-standing handicap and thereby to accelerate the pace of economic progress, that we have proceeded to open up an office in London. Though this, like most of our other schemes, is really a pioneer venture, we are fully determined to see that it meets with success. This would not, however, be possible of achievement unless the mercantile community of Calcutta having extensive and world-wide trade connections heartily co-operates with us.—A. P.

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Mainly About Motion Pictures

"The Motion Picture Magazine"

Another Picture Paper's Entry

"The Motion Picture Magazine," edited and published by Mr. F. J. Collins, Bombay, marks the entry of another picture paper in the rather crowded arena of film periodicals. The new journal has "embarked upon this enterprise not merely as business proposition in a sphere worth cultivating and assured of development, but also from a sense of duty to a great, if infant, industry and an increasing public for whose benefit and pleasure that industry must be developed."

"The poorest business mind must see," continues the journal, "that a rich future lies before both, foreign and indigenous pictures in India, and its development must contribute a powerful influence towards the achievement of the progress that will entitle this country to take its place among the great nations of the world." If that is so, and if the "great, if infant" industry is to be helped by the journal "from a sense of duty," one must, naturally, seek for an unambiguous enunciation of its policy towards the indigenous "great, if infant industry." Frankly, there is little in the journal that indicates or illustrates that policy. The assurance that the "Motion Picture Magazine" is "supported and assisted by the world's leading film organisations" is not enough information, moreover, of the character of these organisations. For the journal maintains that the views expressed in this magazine should not be considered "as the views of any of the companies of the Motion Picture Industry."

The further elucidation of its policy is, it would be realised, essential logically, for those whose prime interest happens to be the advancement of the film industry. Neither the illustrations nor the articles or information contained in the journal suggest the attention to the indigenous industry it promises, by implication at least, in its editorial.

May be, it is premature to judge by its first issue the policy that will ultimately crystallise for the journal. However that may be, whatever attention the journal does or does not offer to the industry or the national aspirations of the cine-fans, it is a welcome manifestation, so long as it offers "expert knowledge" and the services by "Specialists." And, although one need not, like the journal, invoke "high grade competition" as a principle of "industrial policy" or "an axiom of economic science" one is free to admit that the "example and excellence" of British and American pictures do constitute, as the journal observes, "almost essential factors of development." As a guide to that "example and excellence," the new journal promises to be informative, varied and practically useful. It is well-featured and beautifully illustrated. Its advance notices and its notices, it would be premature to check. But its technical section and collection of the cine information from the world over, seem to have secured careful editorial treatment. It is priced at eight annas. The journal tempts one to watch its career with interest and close attention.

KANAIYALAL VAKIL.

Devika Rani in Izzat" Bombay Talkies' forthcoming release at the Opera.

Syt. Surendra in "Village Girl" at the Roxy (Sagar).

Feroze Dastur and Eruch Tarapore in "Atma Tarang" (Minerva).

"BAGHI SIPAHI"

At Imperial

(CONTRIBUTED.)

"Baghi Sipahi" (Desh Diwan) is the result of combined talents of East India. The story has a novel track. The currents of the story flow smoothly but at the same time swiftly. Politicians treat their career as the biggest game. Their trump card is their attitude towards possessing power. In this photoplay Desh Diwan spreads his net and he is at his cards all the time. You will be charmed to follow the incidents—each one of them will move you—Gul Hamid, the handsome actor, puts a vital performance.

Miss Bimalakumari and Mahmad Mijlat play the most memorable roles of their lives.

This picture will be realeased at Imperial Cinema after a short time. It will be released through Super Film Circuit.

NEW THEATRES

Studio News

"Didi" and "The President"—after completing the first series of indoor shootings, Director Nitin Bose has gone out to the Mill areas with his whole troupe. The shootings at the Mill site—both indoors and outdoors—will take about a week's time and Director Bose will commence his last interior takings before these lines are in print. The writer had the opportunity to see some portions of the films on the screen and he had no doubt about the highly finished superb technique. "Didi" and "The President" will be two monumental landmarks in the Indian Film World—from all angles—story, interest, technique, appeal, treatment and presentation.

Director Hem Chunder is busy with his interior takings and he is expecting to finish his picture (Hindi Version) by the middle of March next. The story of Hem Chunder's picture is adapted from a famous novel of Sailajananda Mukerjee, one of the finest writers of the younger generation in Bengal, and the main interest lies in the coalfield zones, shots of which have been taken with great risk—and at a level 1200 ft. below the earth's surfaec. The Bengali version will be taken up as soon as the Hindi is complete.

Director Barua's story is complete and he is thinking of starting his next by the end of January. This time Barua has made a bold departure as far as his story is concerned and he is confident of introducing a new freshness to the Indian Film Entertainment.

(Continued on page 12 Col. 7)

Fredric March as "Anthony Adverse," coming to Pathe.

SUPER FILM CIRCUIT NEWS

(CONTRIBUTED.)

Day by day, Super Film Circuit is extending its business. In the film trade, this company has its own place and everybody realises it. This concern believes in keeping pace with modern times.

Now Mr. Kevalchand is in Calcutta for the new distributing office of this concern. He is thinking of having another theatre. And this concern intends to produce picture on a big scale. They are discussing 1937 plans with new vigour.

"IZZAT" RELEASE POSTPONED

Serious Accident To Artistes Upsets Bombay Talkies' Plans

A serious accident to some of the artistes in a riding scene which was being shot for the Bombay Talkies production "Izzat" has upset Bombay Talkies plans for the release of this picture in Bombay. The picture will now be released at the Royal Opera House on the 23rd January.

From enquiries made at the studio it appears that a spectacular out-door scene in which a large crowd, including a number of horsemen, was to be employed was kept back to be shot when all the other scenes were over When it was being shot, however and just when the staff were looking forward to bringing off a splendid 'finale' to round off their three months' labour on "Izzat," a couple of unruly horses upset their riders—and also the arrangements for the release of the picture! Luckily the stars including Devika Rani and Ashok Kumar escapes unhurt in the melee created by the mounts but the riders—who play important side characters—received a shaking and also some injuries, necessitating postponement of the scene for quite several days. The whole scene will now be shot again and the picture, it is hoped, will definitely be ready for release by the 23rd when it is scheduled to be shown at Opera House.

"Jadugirini"" a forthcoming Bombay release.

MINERVA'S "ATMA TARANG"

(CONTRIBUTED.)

Based on a theme of high principles of humanity and morality, "Atma Tarang" depicts the tragedy of love as manifested in a conflict arising in a youth's mind faced by an amazing quirk of Fate with the dreadful alternative of choosing between his vow of celibacy and the girl he so dearly loves. The romance, under natural course of events developes so magnificently that suspense follows suspense till one reacnes a point of climax which will leave one gasping.

Firoze Dastoor, the idol of music lovers whose beautiful songs are of marked feature of "Atma Tarang" plays the hero's part with the charming Prabha in the opposite role. Director Sohrab Modi plays quite a unique role and his portrayal of "Guru" Haricharan is undoubtedly striking. Puri, an educated young man from the Funjab and Vasant Pahelwan play the villains creditably. Eruchshaw, the uncrowned king of comedians provides some lively comic touches on several occasions, which are sure to give considerable relief to the audiences whose mind would be constantly occupied by the tense situations of "Atma Tarang."

These are all ably supported by a cast including Kiran Shashi (Nightingale of Bengal) Gulzar and Sadat.

Unique is excellence and novel in style, "Atma Tarang" with such a powerful theme, and an unusually brilliant team of aritistes. is sure to score a great triumph as soon as it is presented on the screen. With its present speed of shooting we hope it will receive the finishing touches in the near future.

MANORANJAN PICTURES

Secure Minerva's Productions

(CONTRIBUTED.)

The remarkable success of "Khoon-Ka-Khoon" followed by the unparalleled triumph of "Saed-E-Havas" especially in Northern India, combined with the expectations of "Atma Tarang"" induced many a leading Indian Film Distributors to secure the agency of Minerva's productions. There was then a 'tug of war' between the rival competitors each offering the best terms for a contract. The Minerva Film Company however thought it fit to decide in favour of Manoranjan Pictures even in the face of some very tempting offers.

Now according to the contract, the Manoranjan Pictures, Delhi, shall control Minerva's coming productions for full one year for Northern India excluding Sind.

"DILAWAR"

Crowded Houses At Globe

(CONTRIBUTED.)

Globe Talkies is the centre of attraction in the city. The Trams, the Garis, and Taxis and also the Legs—they all go to this theatre as it is showing 'Dilawar'—a picture that grips everybody. Mr. Bhavnani has made the picture spicy by his clever directorial touches. The plot deals with the thrilling exploits of a Bandit who has his own code of honour in treating humanity. He knocks out money from the Exploiters and distributes the amount amongst the needful.

Miss Prabha, the beauty Queen, shines in this story in a novel way, while Shivrani's lilting melodies are sweet. Navin Yagnik and Nayampally contribute fine pieces of acting.

The picture has a pulling power for all crowds at Globe Talkies speak for this statement.

Question Of The Week

Have Indian Studios Escaped Orthodox Sentimentality?

Kumari Madhuri in "Rangila Raja" at the West End. (Rnjit).

"PRESIDENT" TO BE RELEASED AT KRISHNA

New Theatre's Picture

(CONTRIBUTED.)

New Theatres "President" will take its honourable seat at Krishna Talkies shortly.

The name of Nitin Bose creates a stir to-day because he has given us "Chandidas", "Dhoop Chhaon"—and this ace Director is offering you "President". You are bound to be thrilled to know that "inimitable Saigal" plays the hero with his enchanting voice. Kamlesh Kumari, Leela Desai, Nawab, Kalyani also enrich the cast. This film has a new angle as regards the story.

Music, Story, Dialogues, Direction, Technique—All this add to the quality of this picture—which will please you all.

Why Bother About Congress Candidates' Merits?

Jawahar, Sardar And Rajen Babu Have Stood Sureties For Them, Says Pt. Pant

ROPAR, (By Mail).

"Communal Award has been condemned by all of us in unmistakable terms and Congress is out to finish it. Oppenents of Congress who pretend to oppose the Award and yet work the Constitution suffer from political muddle-headedness. They are deceiving the people. Congress has openly declared that it wants to demolish the whole structure of the new Constitution and build a new one on its debris.

"You must remember your vote is a double-edged weapon. Its misuse is fraught with dangerous potentialities."

Thus declared Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant, General Secretary of the Central Congress Parliamentary Board, addressing a crowded meeting here in support of Lala Deshbandhu Gupta, Congress nominee.

COMPLETE INDEPENDENCE.

Proceeding the Pandit put up a vigorous defence of Congress policy and programme. Complete independence, he said, was the only panacea for India's economic, political and social ills.

The speaker emphasised that no party except the Congress deserved the people's confidence. They had nothing to bother about the comparative merits of candidates. Big personalities such as Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel and Babu Rajendra Prasad had stood sureties for Congress candidates and had guaranteed that they would serve the country honestly and fearlessly. What more did they want? Was there any other party or individual whose word could be more weighty? The speaker warned the people against the consequences of voting for opponents of Congress. That would, he held, amount to digging the country's grave.

He strongly refuted the allegation that Congressmen were responsible for discriminating legislation against certain classes in the Punjab.

FREEDOM OR BONDAGE.

Concluding Pandit Pant said that election issue was quite clear. The nation had been called upon to divide on the one and only issue whether India was for freedom or bondage. The nation should accept this challenge and give a crushing reply to opponents of Congress.

Pandit Pant left for Patna on Friday night.—United Press.

DESAI'S ELECTION TOUR IN GUJARAT

(From Our Correspondent)

SURAT, Jan. 11.

After addressing a meeting at Surat Sjt. Bhulabhai Desai went to Althan of Chorasi Taluka and Saras and Siyadlu of Olpad Taluka yesterday to hold meetings at Althan.

Sjt. Desai exhorted the villagers not to be misguided by promises of independent candidates but only vote for Congress candidates.

Sjt. Bhulabhai then left Surat for Bulsar last night. There he will meet Congress workers and will address meetings at Bulsar and tour Vapi, Udwada, Pardi and Umarsadi to-day and will leave Bulsar for Chikhli.

VOTE FOR CONGRESS

Jamnalal Bajaj Addresses Dhulia Audience

(From Our Correspondent)

DHULIA, Jan. 11.

Mr. S. V. Thakar writes:—

Seth Jamnalal Bajaj "en route" to Bombay halted at Dhulia yesterday and attended in the afternoon with Mr. Pratap Seth the anniversary of the Human Udyog Mandir of Kapadne. He addressed at Dhulia a public meeting yesterday night. Mr. Barve Editor "Bharat" presided. Seth Jamnalal referred to his sojourn in Dhulia Jail during the last Civil Disobedience movement and said that Congress was the only institution with a clear programme for the country's liberation. "Congress has the grit and courage to carry out a programme for Swaraj, under which alone commerce can flourish. He exhorted the audience to solidly vote for the Congress and prove that they are good for India's freedom."

Biyani's Appeal To Yeotmal Congress Workers

(From Our Correspondent)

AKOLA, Jan. 11.

It has been brought to the notice of Syt. Brijlal Biyani, President, Berar Provincial Congress Parliamentary Committee that the office-bearers of certain Congress Committees in Yeotmal District are working against the authorised Congress candidates there. Syt. Biyani has asked explanation from them and requested them to work for the Congress candidates failing which disciplinary action would be taken.

PUBLIC SYMPATHY WITH LABOUR

Gokak Strikers Firm In Resolve

(From A Correspondent.)

GOKAK FALLS, January 11.

It is more than a month that the dispute in the Gokak Mills is going on.

The management's herculian efforts to open the Mills to-day with the help of black-legs from surrounding villages have been completely frustrated. They could not get even a single soul to work in the Mills. The public opinion strongly favours the workers.

A huge procession of the strikers marched yesterday to Konnur village three miles off. A mass meeting was then held in the centre of the village under the presidentship of Mr. Siwamurti, a prominent citizen of the place. The meeting was addressed by Mr. A. B. Lathe who had specially come from Belgaum. Mr. Lathe exhorted the strikers to be firm and united. He assured them of public support from Belgaum.

Mr. Siwamurti said that the whole of Konnur village was at the back of the workers.

Messrs Dinkar Desai and J. Elias also spoke.

ELECTION DRIVE AT HUBLI

(From A Correspondent)

HUBLI, Jan. 11.

Prabhat Pheries marched through the main streets of Hubli yesterday and to-day morning. It is understood they will be made a daily feature during the election period. Lectures are being organised every evening.

Mr. Krishnarao Mudavedkar has announced an address at an open air meeting on Tuesday evening. Workers and volunteers are putting on more steam every day. A public meeting was held on Sunday evening to record the deep sense of grief and sorrow at the untimely death of Mr. Karnad Sadashivrao.

State Deportee For C. P. Legislature?

(From A Correspondent)

HOSHANGABAD, Jan. 7.

Nine candidates had filed their nomination papers, from the Hoshangabad-cum-Sohagpur Rural Constituency, for the C. P. Legislative Assembly.

Of these, four have withdrawn and now Rai Bahadur G. P. Jaiswal, (Ex-Minister), Lala Arjun Singh (Congress), Mr. B. P. Pande, a landlord, and Mr. R. P. Persai, are left to contest the election. Mr. Persai was asked to stand as a candidate at a public meeting of the voters of Sohagpur and it is believed that attempts are being made to persuade Lala Arjun Singh to retire in favour of Mr. Persai, who will then be a Congress nominee.

Mr. Persai is a prominent Central India leader, and is residing at Sohagpur, since his deportation from the Holkar State.

ELECTION CAMPAIGN IN NASIK

Peasants' Meeting At Palkhed

(From A Correspondent.)

PIMPALGAON, (By Mail).

"By careful inquiry and investigation, the Congress has formulated the minimum demands of the peasants, workers and the other exploited classes in India and Congress candidates are pledged to get these demands redressed through the Provincial Legislatures. Swaraj is nothing else than the redress of the immediate grievances of the toiling masses in India. Every vote to the Congress candidates is, therefore, a vote and a solid support to your immediate and minimum demands," declared Sjt. Madhusudan R. Dalvi, at a mass meeting of peasants and workers at Palkhed, a village in the interior of Niphad Taluk, on Saturday, the 9th instant with Sjt. Nathu Tukaram Naik of Sarole Thadi in the chair. Proceeding Sjt. Dalvi said, "Voters in every constituency should not keep quiet after the elections but must carry on ceaseless agitation throughout the country to back up their demands by undertaking extra-parliamentary action, such as demonstrations, agitation, strikes and create a force of peoples' sanction behind the parliamentary activities of the successful Congress candidates in the legislatures. They must not forget that voting for Congress candidates is voting for immediate minimum demands of the toiling masses."

RETIRED POLICE OFFICIAL JAILED

Sequel To Assault On Bearer And Constable

SIMLA, Jan. 10.

M. Donlea, M.B.E., retired Deputy Superintendent of Police, N. W. F. P. has been sentenced to eighteen months' rigorous imprisonment under Sec. 307, I. P. C. The accused, it is said, came to Solan and was staying at the Dak Bungalow in December. On the 27th ultimo he is alleged to have assaulted the bungalow's bearer. The latter's cries attracted two constables, one of whom Donlea is alleged to have attacked with a sword causing a wound in the chest. The police arrested Donlea and registered a case.

After trial the District Magistrate sentenced the accused as stated above. The accused holds the King's Police Medal and about nine other decorations.—A. P.

Lothian In Rewa State

(From A Correspondent)

REWA, Jan. 11.

Mr. A. C. Lothian, Viceroy's special representative, accompanied by the Hon'ble K. S. Fitze, Agent to the Governor-General, Central India, arrived here yesterday afternoon regarding Federal discussions.

The party is accompanied in the Yuvaraj Bhawan Palace and would stay till Wednesday, when they would proceed to Satna in Rewa State to hold similar discussions with the rulers of the neighbouring States of Nagod Maihar, Beraunda, etc.

MADRAS GOVERNOR OPENS ART AND INDUSTRY EXHIBITION.

MADRAS: Jan. 12.

"India has always been a country of rural and small industries, but in the economic struggle they have fought a losing battle against the forces of mass production," observed the Governor in opening the Exhibition of Contemporary Art in Industry at the University buildings, this morning. There was a large gathering present.

His Excellency considered that the Exhibition had been organised at a most opportune moment and it must prove of the greatest value to the nation at large.

He hoped it would prove a real advance in cultivation and production of things beautiful.

It may be mentioned that the Exhibition, which is the first of its kind in India, owes its inspiration to the Royal Academy Exhibition of British Art in Industry held in London in 1935.

It is intended, through the Exhibition, to emphasise the importance of art to industry.—A. P.

COMMUNAL AWARD CAN'T BE HANDLED PROVINCIALLY

Shaukat Ali Has Not Studied Bengal Pact

ALLAHABAD, Jan. 12.

Maulana Shaukat Ali, who has been conducting an election campaign on behalf of the Muslim League Parliamentary Board, arrived here yesterday and addressed a meeting of Muslims last evening in support of League candidates from Allahabad.

Interviewed by the Associated Press in connection with the Ghuznavi-Burdwan Pact the Maulana said that he had not studied the terms of the Pact, hence he was not able to express his considered opinion.

No Influence

Speaking generally he said that apart from the fact that neither Sir A. H. Ghuznavi nor the Maharajadhiraja of Burdwan had any great influence in their respective communities, he did not think it proper in principle that an All-India question like the Communal Award should be treated separately by the provinces.

The question should be looked at from an all India point of view and dealt with accordingly.

He was not sure about what Mr. Jinnah would say on the question and whether he had been consulted on the matter.

Maulana Shaukat Ali left for Benares this morning where he addresses a meeting this evening —A. P

CONGRESS RESOLUTION IN OPERATION?

Madras Corporation's New Revenue Officer

MADRAS, Jan. 11.

At a special meeting of the Madras Corporation Mr. C. Bhagavantam Gupta, retired Deputy Collector, was appointed Revenue Officer for three months on a salary of Rs. 500, by an urgent resolution brought by the Congress Party.

It may be recalled that the Corporation recently passed a resolution fixing the maximum salary of departmental heads at Rs. 500.—Unitet Press.

TRAINING OF HARIJAN YOUTHS IN TANNING

Mahatma Blesses Rajbhoj's Scheme

POONA: January 9.

The Maharashtra Harijans grievances were placed before Mahatma Gandhi by Mr. Rajaboj, Harijan leader who interviewed Gandhiji this morning at Parnakuti He pleaded for social consideration for Harijans at the hands of the Congress. It is understood that Mr. Rajabhoj expressed the opinion that the Harijans' claims were neglected and Harijan representation was inadequate on the Congress Parliamentary Board and in the forthcoming elections. As regards these points Gandhiji referred Mr. Rajabhoj to Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel. It is understood that Mahatma Gandhi expressed his agreement that nationalist Harijan candidates should generally be supported by the Congress and caste-Hindus.

NO PUBLIC ENGAGEMENTS

Giving his qualified approval to Mr. Rajabhoj's scheme for starting a tanning factory for the training of Harijan youths Mahatma Gandhi cautioned patience before launching on the scheme which needed a lot of preparation and asked Mr. Rajabhoj to come to Shegaon to further discuss matters. It is understood that Mr. Rajabhoj appealed to Gandhiji to give more opportunities to Harijans to meet him oftener and hear their case.

Despite the pressing appeals of the local Congress leaders, Gandhiji has declined any public engagement.

The work in connection with the Ahmedabad textile dispute will be over to-morrow when Mahatma Gandhi is proceeding to Madras 'en route' to Trivandrum.—A. P.

VILLAGERS CHEER JAWAHARLAL

Crowds At Bihar Railway Station

DALSINGHSARAI, Jan. 11.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Congress President reached Bachwara station at 5 this morning and was accorded an enthusiastic reception at the station. Leaders who were present at the station included Messrs. Ramsharitar Singh, Tripit Narayan Chowdhury.

The Congress President who left Purnea last night at 10 p.m was disturbed by large crowds at all stations where the train stopped and could not get sound sleep. From Bachwara he drove to Dalsinghsarai. On the way he met a number of villagers in various villages and freely mixed with them and enquired about their condition. They greeted the Pandit with vociferous cheers.

A huge public meeting has been arranged to be held at 8-30 this morning when Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru will deliver them the Congress message.—United Press.

A largely attended meeting of the Municipal workers was held yesterday in the Foras Road Gardens under the auspices of the Municipal Workers' Union to support the candidature of Com. K. N. Joglekar, the nominee of the Trade Union Congress. Mr. Hargovind Harjivan was in the chair.

CONVICTS' BID FOR LIBERTY

KARACHI, Jan. 10.

Great sensation was caused when seven convicts made a successful bid for liberty from the Sub-Jail of Tando Allahayar in the small hours of yesterday morning.

It is stated that they bore a hole in the roof of the prison and by means of a rope got down. At the time of their escape they were in chains.

The police are making vigorous investigation and have combed the surrounding jungles.—United Press.

POSTMAN ROBBED AT DAGGER'S POINT

PATNA. Jan. 11.

A sensational highway robbery in broad daylight is reported from a Muzafferpore village.

It is stated that a post man while proceeding with letters and money for delivery was waylaid by a gang of men and robbed of the bag containing about 400 rupees in coins and currency at the point of a dagger.

Police has been non-plussed by the two consecutive mail robberies, the first of which was committed at Sheikhupura on January 5 last.—United Press.

"On Declaration Of General Mobilization"

Text Of Confidential Circular Issued In Germany

Every Able-Bodied Man To Be Ready For War At A Moment's Notice

The following is a translation of the German mobilization orders to which a reference has been made in "Our London Letter." They have not yet been made public but were circulated during the last three weeks confidentially and received by every able-bodied man in Germany.

MOBILISATION ORDER

KOELN.

Herrn. . . . .

"On declaration of general mobilisation, without awaiting any further order, you are to report to. . . . (street, address and district) on the first day of mobilisation before 8 a.m.

You are to bring your military papers. Instructions on the reverse side of this order are to be observed.

This mobilisation order is to be considered invalidated by any subsequent one, on receipt of which this order must be destroyed by the recipient himself. See paragraph 3 on the reverse side for instructions in case of removal into another area command.

Area District Command X. . . .

Koeln K.

Seal.

This order will be accepted by the railway as fare to the point of mobilisation.

(REVERSE SIDE)

INSTRUCTIONS

1. This mobilisation order is to be kept in a safe place, and after receipt of a military pass should be attached to it.

2. The loss of this mobilisation order must be reported immediately to the mobilisation station (area district command). Failure to do so will be punished.

3. If this mobilisation order calls for 'immediate' mobilisation, it becomes invalid through the recipient's removal to another area of command. It is to be returned to the area command when notice of removal is given. If this mobilisation order calls for mobilisation on a certain day of the mobilisation period, it retains its validity upon removal to another area command until the new, competent mobilisation station (area command) dispatches a new mobilisation order. Thereupon the old mobilisation order is to be returned to the new, competent mobilisation station (area command).

4. Failure to comply with this mobilisation order will be punishable by martial law.

5. The conscript is under martial law from the day of mobilisation.

NOTICE

The following articles, in so far as they may be available and unable in active service, are to be in your possession upon arrival at the reporting venture; 2 shirts and 2 pairs of underpants, 3 pairs of socks, marching boots, woollen blankets; in addition, in winter, vest, cap comforter, gloves, woollen wrist-bands; furthermore pack, tent-section, belt, haversack, water-bottle, mess-tin, cutlery.

Such of these articles as may be suitable for use will be paid for in cash. In addition the conscript is to bring some adequate receptacle for packing his civilian clothes.

You are to notify your peacetime employer or your immediate superior of the receipt of this mobilisation order.

GUJARAT Furniture Works
FOR QUALITY FURNITURE IN MODERN STYLE
PHONE: 25498.
SHRI KRISHNAPANT NIVAS, NEAR PORTUGUESE CHURCH, CHARNI ROAD, BOMBAY 4.

THE MOTHER'S ECSTASY!

Neither material prosperity nor her husband's love has made her happy. She has been all the while hankering after one thing—A CHILD! THE MOTHER'S ECSTASY! This could have filled her cup of joy but for endless uterine troubles.

A welcome change has come about. 'LODHRA' has blessed her with a lovely child. Her life, at last, is crowned with happiness!

LODHRA
BEST UTERINE TONIC
Agents for Bombay:
P. M. ZAVERI & CO., Princess Street, BOMBAY.

A beauty hint straight from GINGER ROGERS
Radio Pictures

I-LTS X 457-50 LEVER BROTHERS (INDIA) LIMITED

Safely Rely on AMRUTANJAN BALM

For the Cure of Colds, Cough, Headaches, Rheumatism, Swellings and all other kinds of Aches and Pains.

AMRUTANJAN DEPOTS
BOMBAY AND MADRAS.

Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON 6 POINTS UP

Bullion And Wheat Easy But Base Metals Steady

BOMBAY, Jan 12

On Tuesday cross rates ruled quiet.

NEW YORK COTTON FAIRLY STEADY

New York cotton was fairly steady on strength abroad and Bombay buying. Domestic consumption was favourable and textiles were better.

BULLION EASY

London gold and silver ruled easy.

WHEAT EASY

Wheat was easy on heavy liquidation on Australian account. Base metals were steady.

SECURITIES QUIET BUT STEADY

The London Stock Exchange was fairly active on good enquiry, although business was limited. Giltedged securities kept quiet but steady with no important transactions.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

MARCH 1937.

New York, Jan 12

Previous closing	12.43
To-day's opening	12.48
Difference	+.05
To-day's closing	12.49
Difference	+06

LIVERPOOL COTTON

MARCH 1937.

Liverpool, Jan 12

Previous closing	6.86
To-day's opening	6.86
Difference	nil
To-day's closing	6.91
Difference	+05

BROACH EXPECTATION

April May ..... Rs. 232-0

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, Jan 12

Cotton displayed considerable steadiness to-day on strength abroad particularly in Liverpool while Bombay buying was also a feature. However in the absence of any definite announcement with regard to the loan cotton question the market became hesitant with traders much inclined to hold off.

Operations in March commenced at 12.48 i.e. 5 points higher than previous closing. Prices advanced on higher Liverpool cables and scattered trade and foreign buying influenced by favourable domestic consumption and better textiles but the higher level attracted some liquidation and foreign selling with March falling to 12.46 but the undertone continued very steady.

New York cotton finally closed at 12.49 with a rise of 6 points for March delivery.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Jan 12

The following were the opening ranges:—

March (12.44 12.43) 12.48 12.47
May (12.32 12.32) 12.35 12.33
July (12.27 12.26) 12.29 12.28

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Jan 12

The following were the rates at 12-15 p.m.:—

American January (6.84) 6.88
American March (6.85) 6.89
Egyptian January (9.76) 9.88
Egyptian March (9.91) 9.99

BROACH COTTON

Bombay, Jan 12

Broach cotton for April-May delivery moved between Rs. 232-4 and Rs. 231-4 at night. The rate at 9-30 p.m. was Rs. 231-8

LONDON MARKETS

London, Jan 12

The rates at 3-30 p.m. were as follows:—

METALS

Tin (£230 1/2 buyers £230 3/4 sellers. Steady) £230 1/2 buyers £231 sellers. Steady.
Lead (£28 1/8 buyers £28 3/16 sellers. Firm) £28 3/16 buyers £28 5/16 sellers. Steady.
Electrolytic Copper (£57 1/4 to £58) £56 to £57
Glasgow Iron (£87) £87

LINSEED

Castorseed Bombay Jan-Feb. (£14 11/16 sellers) £14 11/16 sellers.
Linseed Calcutta January February (£14 3/8 sellers) £14 7/16 sellers
Linseed La Plata January (£12 3/8 sellers) £12 3/8 sellers
Groundnuts Coromandal February (£16 11/16 sellers) £16 11/16 sellers

TEA

Indian Pekoe (0-11 1/2) 0-11 3/4
Indian Pekoe higher (1-2) 1-2
Ceylon Pekoe (1-0) 1-0
Ceylon Pekoe higher (2-2) 2-2

JUTE

New Crop January February (£19 sellers) £18 7/8 paid and value
Dunlop February (£22 1/4 sellers) £22 1/4 sellers
Lighting February (£20 1/2 sellers) £20 1/2 sellers

RUBBER

Spot (10 13/16 paid and buyers) 10 7/8 paid and value
Forward April June (10 3/4 paid and buyers) 10 13/16 paid and buyers

BROWN BOLD LINSEED
May 1937 Delivery.

Bombay, Jan 12

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds' Association).

	Rs.	a.	p
Rates at 11-0 a.m.	7	12	0
Rates at 12-0 noon	7	12	9
Rates at 3-0 p.m.	7	13	3
Rates at 5-0 p.m.	7	13	0

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATES

Latest Quotations

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON.

New York, Jan 12

Previous closing	4.91 3/32
To-day's opening	4.91 7/32
To-day's latest	4.91 1/4

(At the time of New York cotton closing.)

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK.

London, Jan 12

Previous closing	4.91 1/16
To-day's opening	4.91 1/16
To-day's closing	4.91 5/16
Difference	+.00 1/4

FRANC RATE.

London, Jan 12

Previous closing	105.13
To-day's opening	105.13
To-day's closing	105.13
Difference	Nil

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Jan 12

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.91 1/16 and then improved to 4.91 3/16 on scattered buying with subsequently advancing to 4.91 1/4.

The sterling dollar cross rate closed at 4.91 5/16

The sterling franc cross rate closed at 105.13.

SILVER CABLES

Bombay, Jan 12

The following cable information was received at night from London:—

"India bought and sold. Speculators sold. Market quiet."

LONDON SILVER

	London, Jan 12 Last Price	To-day's Price
Spot	21 1/4d.	21 1/8d.
Forward	21 1/8d.	20 15/16d.

LONDON GOLD

London, Jan 12

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£7-1-8) £7-1-6 1/2

DISCOUNTS

London, Jan 12

3 months (9/16 to 9/16 per cent) 9/16 to 9/16 per cent
4 months 5/8 to 5/8 per cent) 5/8 to 5/8 per cent.
6 months (11/16 to 11/16 per cent) 11/16 to 11/16 per cent.

CROSS RATES

London, Jan 12

3-30 p.m.

London on Bombay (1-6 5/32) 1-6 1/8
Paris on Bombay (7.950) 7.942
New York on Bombay (37.18) 37.15
Berlin on Bombay (0.92 1/4) 0.92 1/4
London on Milan (93.28) 93.34
London on Shanghai (1-2 9/16) 1-2 9/16
London on Kobe (1-1 29/32) 1-1 29/32

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Jan 12

Liverpool wheat opened easy with March at 106 1/4 and May 108 1/4. Prices declined on considerable selling pressure influenced by weaker outside cables while heavy liquidation on Australian account further depressed the market with the result that prices showed a declining tendency throughout.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Jan 12

Chicago wheat opened easy with May at 1.32 7/8. Prices declined on considerable liquidation and lack of outside participation influenced by weakness abroad.

BOMBAY BULLION

Latest Quotations

Bombay, Jan 12

	Rs.	a.	p.
Silver ready	52	4	0
Silver 1st settlement	52	5	0
Silver 2nd settlement	51	14	0
Gold ready	35	0	6
Gold 1st settlement	35	0	6
Gold 2nd settlement	35	0	3
Sovereigns	22	4	6

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, Jan 12

	Rs.	a.	p.
Wheat	5	10	0
Wheat May	5	11	3
Wheat September	5	9	9
Linseed May	7	13	6
Linseed September	8	1	3

The tone was steady.

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, Jan 12

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £98 1/8 as against the previous closing at £98 1/4

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Jan 12

3-30 p.m.

Kaffirs were firm on renewed buying. Coppers were good. Other sections after being firm and fairly active were quieter.

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£81 5/8) £84 1/2
3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£106 5/8) £105 5/8
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£108) £108
5 per cent Indian Loan (£115 7/8) £115 7/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£105 5/8) £105 5/8
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£114 5/8) £114 5/8

INDUSTRIALS

British Celanese 2nd Preference (18-0) 18-0
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (89-4 1/2) 89-4 1/2
Hydro Electric (dol 9 1/2) dol 9 5/8
Musical Industries (23-0) 23-0
Pinchin Johnson (54-7 1/2) 54-7 1/2
Imperial Chemical (41-1 1/2) 41-1 1/2
Woolsworth New Ford (99-0) 99-0
Realisation 1930 (£97 3/4) £98 1/2
Dunlop Rubber (35-3) 35-3
Unilever Ordinary (45-6) 45-6
Ford Motors (32-9) 31-9
Cables and Wireless (£6 5/8) £6 3/4
British American Tobacco (136-10 1/2) 135-7 1/2
Carreas A (£11 1/2) £11 1/2
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (178-7 1/2) 180-7 1/2
P and O S N Company Deferred (29-1 1/2) 29-1 1/2
Distillers (121-3) 120-6
Bredford Dyers (11-1 1/2) 10-9
British Celanese (9-3) 9-3
J and P Coates Ordinary (54-4 1/2) 53-10 1/2
Courtaulds Ordinary (57-10 1/2) 57-10 1/2
Fine Cotton Spinners (13-3) 12-9
Vickers Limited Ordinary (34-10 1/2) 36-0
Inter Nickels (£65) £65 3/8
Indian Iron and Steel Ordinary (44-0) 45-0
Tata Iron and Steel (£103 1/2) £104

INDIAN LOANS

London, Jan 12

3-30 p.m.

3 per cent New Indian Loan (£100 1/4) £100 1/2
3 1/2 per cent Indian (£98 1/4) £98
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950-55 (£115 1/4) £115 1/2
4 1/2 per cent 1958-63 (£119 1/4) £119 1/2
4 per cent Indian 1948-53 (£109 1/2) £109 1/2
5 per cent Indian 1942/47 (£113) £113
3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1954/59 (£105 3/4) £106

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

3 per cent Australian Loan 1945-70 (£109 1/4) £109

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (21-0) 20-0
Donaro Tea (46-3) 46-3
Empire of India (31-0) 31-0

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (44-0) 44-0
Gula Kelampong (57-6) 58-1 1/2
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (43-7 1/2) 44-0

JUTE SHARES

Barnagore (£11 1/4) £11 1/4

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (60-0) 60-0
Burma Corporation (16-10 1/2) 16-10 1/2
Rio Tintos (£22 3/4) £23 1/2
East Rand Proprietors (74-9) 74-9
Rand Mines (9 1/4) 9 1/4

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£16 1/4) £16 3/8
Gedule New (£11) £10 7/8
Sub Nigel (£13 5/8) £13 7/8
New Moddars (£33 1/8) £33 3/4
Spring Mines Split Shares (37-6) 38-1 1/2
Union Corporation (£10) £10

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (54-4 1/2) 54-4 1/2
Anglo Iranian (108-9) 106-10 1/2
Burma Oil (116-3) 114-7 1/2
Musical Eagle (29-10 1/2) 31-4 1/2
Shell Transport (£135 5/8) £135
Royal Dutch (£47 1/8) £46 7/8

HOME RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western (£64) £64
L and S Ordinary (£34 1/2) £34 1/2
L N E R Defd (£6 1/8) £6 1/8
Southern Dutch (£27) £27
London Paris 5 per cent (£133 1/2) £133 1/2
London Transport 'C' Stock (£98 3/4) £98 3/4

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Jan 12

The following were the opening rates:
General Motor (dol 65 1/4) dol 65 1/2
Anaconda Copper (dol 56 1/8) dol 56 3/4
U S Steel Common (dol 80 3/8) dol 80 5/8
U S Steel Preference (dol 144) dol 144

Bombay Sugar

Bombay, Jan 12

Java Ready	Rs. 13 5 0
January March shipment	Rs. 4 5 0
July September shipment	Rs. 4 6 6
Kesar ready	11 14 0
Saraya ready	11 5 0
Spot Java	F. 4.85

REVIVAL OF INTEREST IN SPECULATIVE STOCKS

Heavy Profit-taking In Wall Street

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, Jan 12

Stock Exchange: More bullish interpretation of the political situation brought out the revival of interest especially in the speculative group and several outstanding advances were recorded.

Coppers finished hesitant pending consideration of the effect of the removal of restriction the possibility whereof was freely discussed. Leading oils were easier on rumours of pricecutting in India.

In commodities Copper fluctuated wildly on active trading. Spelter was firm on heavy speculative buying.

Wall Street was steady but later easier on considerable profit taking.

JUTE SHARES FIRM

CALCUTTA, Jan 12

Jutes ruled firm with large business In coals good enquiry continued. In teas buyers appeared for almost all popular stocks, and sellers were very reserved. In miscellaneous Indian coppers were in fair request, while others kept steady and unchanged. Government securities were steady at decline. Following were the closing quotations:

Government securities: Three per cent Government paper 89-13; three and half per cent G P 99-9; three and half per cent loan 1947-50 106-9; five per cent loan 1939-44 108-8; small lot; five per cent loan 1945-55 120-4

Banks: Central 36-2; Reserve Bank 136

Railways: Burdwan Cutwa 96 small lots; Darjeeling Himalayan ordy 87; Katakhal Lala Bazar 96 small lots

Cottons: Bengal Nagpur 17; Cawnpore Textiles 3-2; Dunbar ordy 147; Elgin Mills ordy 139-8; Kesoram ordy 4-9; Muir Mills ordy 298 small lot; New Victoria ordy 1-8; New Victoria pref 4-8.

Coals: Aldih 4-1; Amalgamated 26-8; Bansra 4-2; Bengal 318; Bhalgora 3-2; Bokaro and Ramgur 15; Barrea ordy 13-4; Burrakur 17-5; East Indian 20-8; Equitable 37-4; Equitable Rights 8-7 premium; Hurriladih 15-4; Jainty Central 1-3; Mundulpore 8-5; Nazira 9-5; New Beerbhoom 14-4; New Terruny 3-11, Parsea 2-3; Pench Valley 35-14; Ranegunge 34-4; Rewa Coalfields 22; Samla Colliery 1-6; Searsole 4-4; Talcher 2-8; Seudra 14; South Karanpura 8-3; Union 18-6; West Jamuria 10 odd lot.

Jutes: Adamjee ordy 13-8; Albion 218/8 small lots; Agarpara 23-8 small lot; Alliance 272/8; small lots; Anglo India 425; Auckland 20-8; Barnagore 151 small lot; Belvedere 394; Birla ordy 20; Budge Budge 302 small lot; Budge Budge pref 157/8; Calcutta Jute Manufacturing ord 23; Caledonian 440; Champdany 175; Cheviot 208 small lots; Clive ordy 27/6; Dalhousie 342 small lots; Dalhousie pref 156/8; Delta 389 small lot; Empire 33/4 small lot; Fort Gloster 527; Fort William 282/8 small lot; Gourepore 645; Ganges 231/8 small lot; Hooghly ordy 56; Howrah 55/4; Hukumchand 11/8; Hukumchand pref 114 small lot; India 263; Kamarhatty 556; Kanknarrah 462/8; Kinnison 631/8; Lansdowne 174; Megna 33/8; Naihati 365; National 24/7; New Central 338 small lot; Nuddea 54/8; Orient 194/8; Presidency 4/10; Reliance 77; Northbrook 44/8; Standard 301 small lot

Miscellaneous: Burma Corporation 12/1; Consolidated Tin 8/9; Indian Copper 4/8; Karanpura Development 15/4; Tavoy Tin 4/14; Baranes Electric 17 small lot; Jubbulpore Electric 15/4; cum div; Upper Ganges Electric 12/14; Upper Jumna Electric 11/8; Burn and Company ordy 310/8; Indian Iron and Steel new 31; Indian Steel and Wire Products defd 257; Indian Steel and Wire Products ordy 307; Indian Wood Products 28; Indian Cables 12/2; British Burma Petroleum 7/2; British Ceylon Corporation 8/13; Tide Water Oil 13; Indo Burma Petroleum pref 131 ex div; Midnapore Zemindary 98/8; India General ordy 127/8; Guland Sugar 11/5 small lot.

Teas: Bhelakhat 23/12; Hasimara 43/4 small lots; Hantapara ordy 372 small lots.

Debentures: Three and quarter per cent 1956/66 Howrah Bridge 101/2 small lot; six per cent 1926/42 Dhunseri Tea 96—A. P.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT

POONA, Jan. 12.

Rain or snow occurred locally in Kashmir and at a few stations in North West Frontier Province, east and north Punjab and west United Provinces. Scattered showers also occurred in Tenasserim and south-east Madras. The temperatures were markedly below normal in Rajputana, Sind and Baluchistan.

Chief amounts are:—Negapatam one and a half inches; Simla one and Mussooree half.

Forecast:—Thundershowers will extend in the United Provinces, Bihar, Chota Nagpur, Bengal and Assam. Scattered showers are also likely in Kashmir, east and north Punjab, Burma and south Madras.—A. P.

Congress Candidates' Rounds

(From A Correspondent.)

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Whirlwind propaganda is being carried on by the Central Parliamentary Board of all the Ward Election Propaganda Committees throughout Bombay.

Congress candidates who went on round this morning in Girgaum locality were enthusiastically received by residents staying in various buildings. Residents of these localities gathered round the candidate and promised their whole-hearted support Several of them enrolled themselves as volunteers on the spot.

SHIPPING NEWS

DEPARTURES.

Bombay, Jan. 12.

Volkart Bros' S.S. Tosari of 4458 Reg. tons Capt. H. Stabble sailed for Basra via Cutch Mandvi, Karachi and Persian Gulf Ports with local cargo.

N. Y. Kaisha's S.S. Ryufuku Maru of 4259 Reg. tons Capt. S. Isnu sailed for Kobe via Penang and Singapore with local cargo.

Killick Nixon & Co.'s S.S. City of Hongkong of 6071 Reg tons, Capt. H. Walton sailed for Marseilles, Dunkerk, and Liverpool via Karachi and Port Said with local and same bottom cargo.

Turner Morrison and Co.'s S.S. Rizwani of 3306 Reg tons Capt. J. E. Leck sailed for Jeddah and Red Sea Ports via Karachi with pilgrims and local cargo.

LOADING

Bombay, Jan. 12.

The following steamers booked for loading on 1-12-37:—

S.S. Bahadur (T. M. & Co.) for Fort Okha.

EXPORTS

Bombay, Jan. 12.

S.S. Dalgoma for Havre:—18 bales cotton raw N Rajaram and Co; 200 bags talc powder Shaw Wallace and Co; 60 bags henna leaves Grindlay and Co. Ltd; 30 bags henna leaves D Abraham and Sons; 64 bales cotton K Dewchand and Co: 600 bales cotton V Bros; 742 bags mustard seed V Bros.

For London:—92 bags bristles B Philip and Hayley Co.; 29 drums castor oil M/s Greaves Cotton Co Ltd; 47 hlsheds Indian chutney F. Nawroji; 250 pieces scrap G. Gabriel: 1000 bags lentils H Khiaram; 2464 bags myrabollams J. Moolchand and Co; 558 bags groundnuts B Balwant and Co.: 334 bags groundnut kernels K M Nathoo; 2000 bags groundnut oil meal K Prasad & Co; 292 drums oil The Swastik Oil Mills; 2800 bags groundnut oil meal L Dreyfus and Co; 1350 bags groundnut oil meal V Shivji; 1400 bags linseed oil cake Mantri and Co: 400 bags soap stone powder S Wallace & Co; 623 bags metal mixed G Gabriel; 143 bags brass barings G Gabriel; 40 bags henna leaves D Abraham and Sons; 9 cases Indian bristles The Bombay Co Ltd; 70 bales cotton fly V A Save; 133 bags poppy seed R Ratilal and Co.

For St. John:—300 bales groundnut kernels R Ratilal and Co.

For Halifax:—100 packets groundnut kernels R Ratilal and Co.

S.S. City of Hongkong for Marseilles:—60 bales wool raw A J Calcuttawalla; 960 bags groundnut seed M Bhuta and Co.

S.S. City of Mobile for Antwerp:—2800 bags groundnut cake Mantri and Co; 100 bales hemp T Dawoodbhoy; 440 bales cotton V Bros; 385 bales cotton The Bombay Co. Ltd; 55 bales cotton K M Nathoo; 665 bags groundnut cake K Prasad and Co.

For Ghent:—421 bales cotton V Bros.

For Gdynia:—55 bales cotton K M Nathoo.

S.S. Genoa Maru for Kobe:—100 bales cotton Ralli Bros; 100 bales cotton K M Nathoo; 100 bales cotton N Futehally and Co.

For Osaka:—100 bales cotton G K Kaisha.

S.S. Reyufuku Maru for Kobe:—5 bundles cotton K Dewchand and Co; 500 bales cotton N Futehally and Co.

S.S. Taijan Maru for Kobe.—100 bales cotton The Bombay Co. Ltd; 500 bales cotton V Ladha & Co; 200 bales cotton N Nagsee & Co; 500 bales cotton Langley and Co; 100 bales cotton B Factory.

For Yokkaichi:—300 bales cotton G K Kaisha.

S.S. Glasgow Maru for Kobe:—200 bales cotton B Gangadhar; 100 bales cotton K M Nathoo; 200 bales cotton H Nensey & Co; 500 bales cotton A Podar and Co; 2200 bales cotton N Nagsee and Co; 700 bales cotton A Khimji & Co; 400 bales cotton Kotak and Co; 600 bales cotton M Amersey and Co.

For Osaka:—100 bales cotton A Fodar and Co; 500 bales cotton Langley and Co; 500 bales cotton R Kanji and Co.

IMPORTS.

Bombay, Jan. 12.

S.S. Borneo Maru, Agents O. S. Kaisha, for Osaka, Nagoya, Kobe, Tokyo and Yokohama:—225 bales cotton yarn; 52 cases clocks; 235 cases confectionery; 20 cases silk yarn; 11 case toys; 22 cases rubber glass; 15 cases conductors; 310 case P ware; 48 cases gramophone motors; 180 cases R. yarn; 78 cases glass ware; 187 cases glass bottles; 117 bales cotton yarn; 218 carton E. tiles; 50 cases glass tubes; 375 cases cotton piecegoods; 35 cases varnish; 14 packages E. ware; 109 cases machinery; 150 cases art silk yarn; 195 cases glass bangles; 200 kegs red lead; 19 cases R. fents; 635 cases mixed piecegoods; 98 pieces motor car tyres; 380 cases paint; 400 keks paint; 10 cases peppermint oil; 24 cases refined camphor; 99 cases cotton jean; 85 cases silk piecegoods; 21 cases nut buttons; 25 cases amorphosphorus; 300 cases beer; 15 cases wool muslins; 200 cases candles; 25 cases insect coils.

From Moji:—741 cases window glass; 234 cases sheet glass; 52 cases ground glass; 23 bundles automobile tyres; 200 bales straw boards.

From Hongkong:—440 bundles China ware; 50 cases wet preserves; 105 bags white beans; 55 cases tea.

From Singapore:—1511 bags sago flour; 25 bags betel nuts.

The Hon'ble Sir Muhammad Zafrullah Khan and Sir Richard Temple lunched at Government House on Tuesday.

The Governor of Bombay and Lady Brabourne attended the Jubilee Meeting and 'At Home' of the Anthropological Society of Bombay at the Town Hall.

TIN CONSUMPTION ANALYSIS

According to the December issue of the Hague Statistical Bulletin of the International Tin Reserch and Development Council, the apparent world consumption of tin in the twelve months ended October 1936 totalled 153,709 tons, showing an increase of 13,925 tons over the total for the preceding twelve months, while world production increased by 36,200 tons to 167,000 tons.

Although the production of tin has exceeded consumption by about 13,300 tons during the year ended October 1936, world visible stocks have increased by only 3,130 tons in that period. This discrepancy is partly due to the time lag which occurs between the export of ore from the producing areas and the appearance of the metal on the market, but it also indicates that there was an increase in smelters' stocks which had not appeared in the statistics up to the end of October. In the month of November 1936, world visible stocks of tin increased by 4,162 tons to 22,137 tons. These stocks now represent 14.5 per cent of the current annual rate of consumption, compared with an average ratio of 11 per cent in the first 10 months of this year. A comparison of the statistics of apparent and actual consumption indicates that the present level of consumers' stocks is approximately the same as at the beginning of the year.

TIN PLATE INDUSTRY

The increase in tin consumption this year has been largely due to the tinplate industry, in which there has been an increase of 17.7 per cent. In the year ended October, the world output of tinplate reached a new record of 3,630,000 tons against 3,083,000 tons in the previous year. There was also an appreciable advance in the motor industry, the world output in the year ended October 1936 being 5,650,000 vehicles, compared with 4,509,000 vehicles in the previous twelve months.

Considering the consumption of tin by countries, in the United States of America there was an increase of 12,269 tons in the year ended October 1936 as compared with the preceding year. The United Kingdom consumption was 21,512 tons, which represents a slight decrease of 389 tons. Russian consumption continues to increase at a rapid rate, a new record of 9,227 tons having been reached in the year under review, representing an increase of 33.4 per cent. Substantial increases are recorded also for the following countries: France 19 per cent, Japan 16 per cent, Canada 12.8 per cent. Czechoslovakia 28.7 per cent. Belgium 19.3 per cent and Poland 34.4 per cent. In Germany there was a decrease of 23.6 per cent.

STATISTICS.

The following table shows the consumption statistics for the principal countries, in tons of 2,240 lbs.

	Year ended Oct. 1936	1935	% increase or decrease
U.S.A.	72,149	59,940	+20.4
United Kingdom	21,512	21,881	— 1.7
France	9,767	8,206	+19.0
U.S.S.R.	9,227	6,915	+33.4
Germany	8,357	10,943	—23.6
Italy	5,500	5,756	— 4.4
Other Countries	27,197	26,143	+ 4.0
Total Apparent Consumption	153,709	139,784	+10.0
Tin used in manufacture	153,500	138,200	+11.1
Change in consumers' stocks	+200	+1,600	

Wheat Liverpool

Liverpool, Jan 11

March	106 3/4d
May	106 3/4d
July	106 3/8d

Wheat Chicago

Chicago, Jan 11

May	1-33 5/8c.
July	1-16 1/8c.
September	1-12 5/4c

New York Sugar

New York, Jan 11

March	2.98—05
May	3.00—03
July	2.99—05
September	3.01—04

Okha Port Shipping

OKHA PORT, Jan. 12.

The Port Officer, wires as follows:—

S. S. "Naringa" of British India arrived on the 7th inst., loaded 43 cases of grease and oil mixture, and 247 bales of cotton yarn for Rangoon and left the same day.—A. P.

EGYPT'S NEW STATUS

Military Mission Will Replace Retiring Br. Army Officers

CAIRO, Jan. 12.

Egypt's new status was marked to-day by the ceremonius presentation of credentials as the first British Ambassador by Sir Miles Lampson, hitherto High Commissioner.

Sir Miles Lampson was driven to Abdin Palace in the State coach used by the King on State occasions accompanied by Court Chamberlain and escorted by the Royal Bodyguard. Other royal coaches and cars conveyed other members of Embassy staff.

Under the new regime fifteen British officers are retiring from the Air Force but others may be engaged on different contracts.

All British army officers will resign, thus severing 55 year British connection with Egypt. New British "military mission", however, will be arriving shortly.—Reuter

MODEL MILLS' LOCK-OUT

3,000 Men Thrown Out

NAGPUR, Jan. 12.

Nearly 3,000 men are affected by the management of the Model Mills declaring this evening a lock-out indefinitely.

About 600 men of the weaving department resorted to strike on 8th January demanding that all looms in the mills should be worked. The management could not accede to this request in the absence of sufficient demand and with stocks in hand. They pointed out that the number of looms working at present showed a distinct improvement on the position in October last. The strike, however, was continued spreading to other departments, whereupon the management gave two days' notice to the workers for settlement. This period expired this evening and the mill authorities have declared a lock-out.—A. P.

Shaukat Ali At Allahabad

ALLAHABAD, Jan. 11.

Maulana Shaukat Ali arrived here to-day in connection with election campaign on behalf of the Muslim League Parliamentary Board and addressed a meeting of local Muslims.—United Press.

OUR STOCK EXCAHNGE

(Continued from Page 6)

pelled to book business of weak and small operators. They book business witnout knowing the financial capacity of a party and ultimately they are forced to suffer in some cases.

It may be said that Brokers will not like to invite troubles on themselves, but as a matter of fact it is so. All members of the Stock Exchange are not strong enough and some members with limited means become over-anxious to earn large brokerage, book big business which they themselves find too big for them to stand and put the machinery of the whole Exchange out of gear. If members of the Exchange book only bonafide business, which can be easily managed with their own resources, there can be no occasion for the use of emergency powers and for suspending trading. But as a matter of fact, it will be seen that all our difficulties are due to "overtrading beyond capacity." In such a state, it is a question why brokers book such a large business. I will discuss it in the next article.

(To Be Continued).

NEW THEATRES

(Continued from page 10)

Casting of characters may be taken up immediately.

The line-up for 1937-'38 is almost ready and will be released for publication very soon. Mr. P. N. Roy, the Studio-Chief, is leaving nothing to chance and probability. He means to follow up the Schedule of Productions most rigidly and punctually.

Bengali version of "Maya" is ready for release at Calcutta on the 16th inst. The picture has acquired fame and name in other provinces of India and it is out to get the same amount of success here in Calcutta. The cast of Hindi "Maya" includes names of players like Paharl, Nawab, K. C. Dey, Jagdish, Jamuna, Azuri, Vaid, Vikram and others. Nawab and Paharl have given sterling performances—and they have been very ably supported by Jamuna and Azuri on the other side. Azuri's dances are special attraction of the picture.

General Selling In New York Cotton

Trade Best Buyer On Declines

Uncertainty Over Probable Influence Of Loan Cotton

BOMBAY, January 12.

On Monday, the New York Cotton futures market was quiet on general selling by tired longs.

But trade was best buyer on declines as yarn and cloth markets were firm.

There was some uncertainty over the probable influence of loan cotton as regards both prices and differences.

The New York cotton futures market opened very steady on Monday but business was inactive with early irregularity due to January and March liquidation and exchanging to distant months.

The release of loan cotton is causing anxiety and the market fails to understand the effect which caused some nervous unloading.

Trade was the best buyer on subsequent scale down. Domestic consumption and textile markets were favourable. New interest was largely lacking. Prices thereafter steadied in sympathy with the stock market.

At the opening March was quoted 3 points down at 12.43 but soon improved 2 points and prices reached 12.45 which was the highest level. Later on there was general selling which resulted in a decline of 5 points and March was quoted 12.40 which was the lowest level.

In the afternoon the market was fairly steady and closed unchanged to 4 points down. Spot cotton prices declined 3 points at 13.03c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was steady with a limited turnover and closed at a decline of one to three points. Spot cotton prices advanced 4 points at 12.98c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a rise of 4 points with March 6.86. Speculators were cautious on disturbing international situation. Trade calling met tired liquidation. Later on the market was dull and incentive was lacking. Trade calling balanced hedge selling and the market closed at 4 to 2 points up. Middling American spot cotton prices advanced 2 points at 7.11d.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Business was irregular in this section. Sakels futures closed 6 points up to 6 points down while uppers improved 3 to 9 points.

There was fair enquiry in Alexandria market which resulted in a steady rise. Sakels gained 10 to 15 points and ashmouni futures were 7 to 6 points higher.

PRIVATE CABLES

N.Y. March Highest (10-3 a.m.	12.45—01
N.Y. March Lowest (1-42 p.m.)	12.40—06
Liverpool March Highest	6.86+04
Liverpool March Lowest	6.84+02

Messrs. Devkaran Nanjee have received to-day the following cable advices from their Foreign friends:—

New York:—"No new features. Confidentially Italy expect to buy 100,000 or more of loan cotton."

New York:—"Trade demand continues to be good, while hedge pressure continues against foreign growths. Loan cotton bringing pressure upon near positions. Downward tendency might be inclined to continue. Think it would be an opportune time for buying on a scale down."

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

Liverpool.—New York cables, textile operation new high. Southern basis high. Government releases unlikely to have much bearish influence owing to excellent demand.

Liverpool.—Steady market. Business small, mainly professional. Loan price may check advance temporarily. Bullish.

Liverpool.—Market irregular. Demand principally for old crops. The "spot" market is firm. American yarn market strong. Lancashire yarn business is healthy with prospects of continuance.

New York.—Trade and Co-operatives bought March, hedging October. Foreign selling nears buying distants.

Messrs. Patel Brothers have received the following cables:—

New York Cotton Exchange Service cabled:

Trade apparently expects only minoportion loan stock will be taken due restrictive terms though needed, ease spot situation; domestic foreign mill trends very favourable.

Their Liverpool Agents cabled as follows:—

Expected December consumption 675,000. Estimated unfilled print orders 450 millions yards.

NEW YORK COTTON.
New York, Jan. 11.

March	12.43—03
May	12.30—03
July	12.23—03
October	11.84—04
December	11.86
Middling Spot	13.03—03

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.
New York, Jan. 11.

January	12.27—10
March	12.36—03
May	12.27—01
Middling Spot	12.98+04
11-00 a.m. Ranges.—	
March	12.43/12.45
May	12.33/12.33
July	12.25/12.25
Noon Call.—	
March	12.42
May	12.30
July	12.23

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS
New York, Jan. 11.

	bales.
Day's Receipts at all U.S. Ports	13,000
Day's Exports to Great Britain	8,000
Day's Exports to the Continent	15,000

LIVERPOOL COTTON.
Liverpool, Jan. 11.

January	6.85+01
February	6.86+04
March	6.86+04
April	6.84+04
May	6.83+01
June	6.79+03
July	6.76+03
August	6.62+03
September	6.56+02
October	6.51+02
November	6.47+02
December	6.47+02
Middling Spot	7.11+02
10-12 a.m. quotations.—	
March	6.86
May	6.83

EGYPTIAN COTTON.
Liverpool, Jan. 11.

F.G.F. SAKELLARIDIS—	
January	9.80
March	9.95
May	10.14
July	9.99
September	9.91
F.G.F. Spot	10.21

INDIAN COTTON.
Liverpool, Jan. 11.

BROACH—	
Fully Good (Good Staple)	5.76
Fine (Good Staple)	5.91
Superfine (Good Staple)	6.06
OOMRA—	
Fine (No 1 staple)	5.80
Superfine (No 1 staple)	5.95
Choice (No 1 staple)	6.10
BENGAL—	
Good	4.69
Fully Good	4.79
Fine	4.91

LONDON SEEDS
London, Jan. 11.

Linseed La Plata Hull C. I. F. Jan. sellers	£12/7/6
Linseed Calcutta London C. I. F. Jan-Feb. sellers	£14/8/9
Linseed Bombay London C. I. F. Jan-Feb. sellers	£15/0/0
Rapeseed Toria Hull/Cont. C. I. F. Jan-Feb. sellers	£14/10/0
Castorseed Bombay Hull C. I. F. Jan-Feb. sellers	£14/13/9

LONDON PRODUCE
London, Jan. 11.

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe Jan-Feb. sellers	40/9
Wheat Barletta Russo Jan-Feb. sellers	41/3
Wheat South Australian Jan-sellers	46

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES.
London, Jan. 11.

Bank bills 3 months market rate 9/16 per cent to 9/16 per cent.

Bank bills 6 months market rate 11/16 per cent to 11/16 per cent.

Fine trade bills 3 months market rate 2 per cent to 2 1/2 per cent.

Fine trade bills 6 months market rate 2 1/2 per cent to 3 per cent

Interest day to day loan 1/2 per cent to 1/2 per cent.

Interest 7 days market loan 1/2 per cent.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE
London, Jan. 11.

Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent	£74 1/2
Indian Stock 3 per cent 1948	£84 1/2
Indian Stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£98 1/4
Indian Stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	£115 1/4
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£84 1/2
Conversion Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£106 5/8
War Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952	£105 5/8
Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/90	£115 7/8
Victory Bonds 4 per cent	£114 5/8
Chartered Bank of India Australia and China	£16
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London Reg.	£111
National Bank of India	£47 1/2
P and O Banking Corporation	£10 1/8

LONDON EXCHANGES.
London, Jan. 11.

T. T. London on:—	
New York (Closing rate)	4.91 1/16
Paris	105.13
Berlin	12.20 1/2
Madrid	nominal 69.00
Amsterdam	8.96 1/2
Brussels	29.10 1/2
Milan	93.31
Berne	21.38 1/4
Prague	140.37

NEW YORK COFFEE
New York, Jan. 11.

Fair Rio Coffee (no 7 quality)	8 7/8

LONDON RUBBER
London, Jan. 11.

Smoked Sheet standard ribbed per lb. sellers	10 13/16

BOMBAY COTTON

Speculative Buying On Firm Osaka Cables

Bombay, Jan. 12.

Following a decline of 3 points in New York cotton futures, the local market was expected to open at Rs. 230/8 for Broach A/M, delivery but under the influence of higher Osaka cables, the market opened steady at Rs. 231/4 and declined to Rs. 231 on scattered selling.

At this level it was reported that Osaka Sampin prices closed 10 yen up which considerable speculative buying and Broach A/M. was quoted at Rs. 232.

Later on there was some long liquidation which checked the rise and prices receded to Rs. 231/10. The tone of the market was firm and general feeling continues bullish.

Later on there was improved buying and Broach A/M delivery advanced to Rs. 233/4. Liverpool opened unchanged and under long liquidation prices declined to Rs. 232/8 but again advanced and closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:

	Rs. a. p.
Broach A-M	232 8 0
Oomra D-J	209 0 0
Oomra March	209 12 0
Oomra May	211 12 0
Bengal D-J	185 0 0
Bengal March	182 8 0
Bengal May	181 8 0

Cotton Room Rates

Bombay, Jan 12

	Extra Sprfine	Sup	Fine	FG	Good
M G—					
Bengal U P	190	187	184	181	
Punjab	190	187	184	181	
Oomra No. 3	216	213	210	207	...
C P No. 1	231	228	225	222	...
C P No. 2	222	219	216	213	...
Khandesh	211	208	205	202	...

Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, Jan. 12.

Bengal Superfine	195/98
Bengal Fine	190/92
C. P. 1	219/21
C. P. 2	214/15
Arvi	214/15
Ellichpur	213/15
Berar	211/12
Khamgaon	212/14
Mulkapur	209/11
Khandesh	207/09
Jalna/Sailu	209/11
Burwah Sanavad	211/12
Punjab/American	231/38
Sind, N.T.	271/76
Punjab 289F.	286/91

Indian Cotton Figures

Bombay, Jan 12

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY
Since 1st Sept.

In full-pressed bales	2 days.	This year.
Khandesh	3,869	112,376
Central India	3,676	134,022
Barsi and Nagar	1,746	74,290
Hyderabad Gaorani	533	29,526
Berar	5,348	271,730
Central Provinces	606	59,882
Total Oomras	15,778	681,827
Dholera	146	9,067
N W Provinces	50	3,812
Rajputana	1,030	22,183
Sind Punjab	4,132	142,706
Broach	101	2,532
Coompta and Dharwar	411	9,449
Westerns Northerns	2	8,912
Cocoanada	...	16
Tinnevelly and Cumbodia	...	1,573
Persian	...	10
American	...	3,144
Egyptian and African	...	91,446
Comilla, Burma and other sorts	...	5
Total	21,650	976,712

Exports From Bombay

1st Sept to 7th Jan

In full-pressed bales	Yesterday.	This year.
Europe	3,669	119,742
Japan and China	6,611	460,873
Coast Ports	...	5,804
Up-country by Rail	...	78,103
Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan	...	68,212
Total	10,220	732,734

Cotton Straddles

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES

New York—Liverpool:—
March 160 May 167 at Cross Rate 4.91 3/32

Bombay—Liverpool:—
Broach A/M. 1937 230/8—Liverpool May 6.83 Rs. 67 at Exchange 1/6.

Bombay—New York:—
Broach A/M. 1937 230/8—New York May 12.30 Rs. 48 at Cross Rate 4.91 3/32

American Cotton Figures

F P Bales	1936-37	1935-36
Receipts to date 11-1-37	5323000	5733000
Receipts yesterday 11-1-37	13000	21000
Exports to date 11-1-37	3207000	3884000
Stock at Ports 8-1-37	2760000	2634000
Stock at Interior Towns 8-1-37	2179000	1337000
Stock at Liverpool 8-1-37	920000	726000
Visible Supply 8-1-37	6472000	6830000
Quantity in sight 8-1-37	9972000	9659000
Quantity out of sight 8-1-37	6752000	5935000

GINNING OF EGYPTIAN COTTON

The ginning figures of the Egyptian crop to the end of December are as follows:+

	Kantars
Sakels	3,86,100
Others	6,266,400
Last Season.—	
Sakels	624,400
Others	5,622,100

LINSEED OIL.
London, Jan. 11.

Linseed Oil, Naked London per cwt. Jan-Apr. sellers	28 3
Linseed Oil, Naked London per cwt. May-Aug. paid sellers	28 1/2

GOLD AND SILVER

Increased Selling In Silver

Bombay, Jan. 12.

Yesterday London gold prices improved 1 1/2d to £7-1-8 and London-Paris Exchange rate was unchanged at 105.13 Dollar sterling cross rate was quoted 4.91 3/32. London silver market was steady and prices advanced 1/8d to 21 1/4d for spot while forward silver improved 3/16d to 21 1/8d. India bought while China and speculators sold. Business was small and buyers were satisfied Later on the market was easy with sellers 1/16d under fixed prices. New York silver was 1/8 cent up at 15 3/8 cents. Montreal silver futures market was steady at a rise of 5 points. The local silver was easy on increased selling by Chokseys and speculators while gold was dull with a limited turnover.

	Rs. a. p.
GOLD—	
Ready	35 0 6
Posh	35 0 6
Magh	35 0 3
SILVER—	
Ready	52 4 0
Posh	52 5 0
Magh	51 13 0

Montreal Silver

Montreal, Jan. 11.

January	46.45+05
March	46.45+05
May	46.45+05

LONDON SILVER
London, Jan. 11.

Spot	21 1/4
Forward	21 1/8

LONDON GOLD
London, Jan. 11.

Gold bars fine per ounce	£7/1/8

Bombay Metals

Bombay, Jan 12

London market quotations	
Standard copper cash (buyers)	£53 0 0
Standard copper 3 months	£53 5 0
Electrolytic copper	£58 0 0
New York—	
Blue Eagle	12.10 cents
Non-Blue Eagle	12 cents
Bombay market Closed.	

RISE IN COPPER

Bombay, Jan. 12.

London Copper prices yesterday advanced to £52-12-6. The rise was due to speculative and trade buying but the rise met realising. The situation is still promising and we look for a further substantial rise. Thus it will be advisable to buy.

High And Low Cotton Prices

Bombay, Jan. 11.

Broach A/M. 1937 Op. 231; Highest 231 3/4; Lowest 229 3/4; Closing 230 1/2.

Oomra D/J. Op. 207 3/4; Highest 207 3/4; Lowest 206; Closing 206 3/4.

Oomra March Op. 209; Highest 209; Lowest 207 1/4; Closing 208 1/4

Oomra May Op. 209; Highest 209 1/4; Lowest 209; Closing 209.

Bengal D/J. Op. 180 3/4; Highest 184; Lowest 180 3/4; Closing 182 1//2

Bengal March Op. 178 1/4; Highest 180 1/2; Lowest 178 1/4; Closing 180 1/4

Bengal May Op. 178 1/4; Highest 180 1/2; Lowest 178 1/4; Closing 180 1/4.

T/Mandi for Broach A/M. Settlement (21-1-37) Rs. 4 1/2

T/Mandi for Broach A/May (31-3-37) Rs. 14 1/2.

Osaka Cotton

Osaka, Jan. 12.

March	(77.40)	76.50—90
April	(78.60)	76.90—170

Cotton Arrivals

Receipts into Bombay on 9th January	20,472
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1936	955,062
Receipts into Bombay same time last season	719,616
Increase	235,446

Osaka Sampin

Osaka, Jan. 12.

January	(290.00)	290.00
March	(280.50)	280.40—10
April	(277.50)	278.00+50
May	(273.50)	277.00+350
July	(273-0)	276.60+360

Groundnuts And Seeds

Bombay, Jan 12

Our market was fairly active with a good enquiry. Shippers were buying ready as some business with France was reported. London Copra were quoted at £21/10 and chances are against any decline. Bold ready groundnuts were done at Rs. 8/14/6 while Khandesh quality was reported to fetch Rs. 9. Local crushers were also buying ready at market terms. Groundnut February opened to-day at Rs. 45/3 and advanced to Rs. 45/10. Castorseed opened at Rs. 39/3 and improved to Rs. 39/5.

There was considerable short covering in January cottonseed which narrowed difference to Rs. 1/4 which was Rs. 1/9 formerly. January cottonseed opened to-day at Rs. 21/11 and advanced to Rs. 21/15 while May was quoted at Rs. 23/3.

	Rs. a. p.
Groundnuts Feb—	
Opening	39 2 0
Highest	39 5 0
Lowest	39 2 0
Closing	39 4 6
Castorseed May—	
Opening	45 2 0
Highest	45 10 6
Lowest	45 3 0
Closing	45 9 0
Cottonseed Jan—	
Opening	21 12 0
Highest	21 15 6
Lowest	21 10 6
Closing	21 13 6
Cottonseed May—	
Opening	22 14 0
Highest	23 3 6
Lowest	22 13 6
Closing	23 2 0

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, Jan. 12.

2 3/4 per cent 1948/52	100/14
3 per cent 1951/54	102/14
3 per cent 1941 Bonds	104/8
3 1/2 per cent G P N Cash	99/8
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan	106/12
4 per cent 1943 Bonds	111/6
4 per cent 1960/70 Loan	114/12
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60	119/12
3 per cent U P Bonds	99/8
5 per cent 1939/44	108/6
5 per cent 1940/43 Loan	111/4
5 1/2 per cent 1938/40 Loan	107
TAX FREES	
5 per cent 1945/55	120/8
4 per cent 1953/63 Loan	113/4
5 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore	107/2
5 per cent 1955 Mysore	126/3
CORPORATION DEBENTURES	
4 per cent B P T 1974	112
4 per cent M Deb 1974	111/8
5 per cent M Deb 1959	120
6 per cent M Deb 1954	132/8
6 per cent K P T 1956	132
6 1/2 per cent B I T 1937	103

Note:—3 1/2 per cent Government Paper opened to-day at Rs. 99/7/6 and declined to Rs. 99/6. Tone weak.

MONEY AND EXCHANGES

Bombay, Jan. 12.

T C RATES—	
T T D D	1/6 1/16
LONDON—	
Banks selling T T D D— to March	1/6 3/32
Banks buying T T	1/6 5/32
Banks buying D D	1/6 3/16
Banks buying 3 mos	1/6 7/32
NEW YORK—	
B C Rate T T	272 3/4
Banks selling T T	270 3/4
Banks buying T T	268 5/8
PARIS—	
Banks selling T T	788
Banks buying T T	803
JAPAN—	
Banks selling T T	77 1/4
Banks buying T T	76 3/8
AMSTERDAM—	
Banks selling D D	67 1/2
JAVA—	
Banks selling D D	67 1/8
HONGKONG—	
Banks selling D D	83 1/2
SHANGHAI—	
Banks selling D D	81
SINGAPORE—	
Banks selling D D	156 1/4
BERLIN—	
Banks selling D D	91
CROSS RATE—	
New York/London 11th instant	4.91
Japan/London 12th instant	1/1 31/32
Java London 12th instant	8.92
Hongkong London 12th instant	1/3
Shanghai London 12th instant	1/2 17/32
London/Paris 11th instant	105.13
London/Belgium 11th instant	29.10 1/2
London/Switzerland 11th instant	21.38 1/4
London/Berlin 11th instant	12.20 1/2
London/Stockholm 11th instant	19.39 1/2
London/New York 11th instant	4.91 1/16
London/Amsterdam 11th instant	8.96 1/2
London/Italy 11th instant	93.31
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Quiet.	
Gold 9th instant	£7-1-6 1/2
11th instant	£7-1-8
Silver London Ready 9th instant	21 1/8
11th instant	21 1/4
Silver London Forward 9th instant	20 15/16
11th instant	21 1/8
Silver New York Ready. 9th instant	45
11th instant	45
London Discounts 3 Mos 9th instant	9/16 p.c.
11th instant	9/16 p.c.
London Discount 6 Mos 9th instant	11/16 p.c.
11th instant	11/16 p.c.
Reserve Bank Rate	3 p.c.
Bank of England Rate	2 p.c.
Money:—	
Call	1/2 p.c.
3 Months	1 p.c.
6 Months	1 1/4 p.c.
Tone:—Easy.	

Indian Sterling Loans

London, Jan. 11.

Call Loan London	1/2
3 per cent	84 1/2
3 1/2 per cent	98 1/4
3 1/2 per cent 1954/59	105 3/4
4 per cent 1948/53	109 1/2
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	115 1/4
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68	119 1/4
5 per cent 1942/47	113
3 per cent 1949/52	100 3/8
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	84 1/2
3 1/2 per cent Conversion	106 5/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan	105 5/8

Shanghai Exchange

Shanghai, Jan. 12.

T. T. on London—	
Previous closing	1.2 17/32
To-day's opening	1.2 17/32
Tone steady.	

Linseed & Wheat

Bombay, Jan. 12.

Our market opened very steady today with a better enquiry but later on there was some realising.

	Rs. a. p.
Linseed May	7 12 9
Linseed September	8 0 6
Wheat January	6 1 0
Wheat May	5 10 9
Wheat September	5 9 9

U. S. Wheat

Bombay, Jan 12

A cable received here states:—

Wheat United States visible supply situation bullish but offset by very large winter wheat acreage. Believe that March wheat Liverpool technically weak. We advise taking longs profits but would favour purchases on all good setbacks.

Further Improvement In Share Prices

Steel And Textile Look Up

Some Realising At The Rise

BOMBAY: January 12.

The local Share Bazar opened very steady and with active buying prices advanced further. Later on there was some realising, which depressed prices, but renewed buying again hardened the prices.

The rise induced renewed realising and prices declined and closed at about the lowest level of the day, but as compared with previous day's closing, there were good improvements.

The undertone of the market was very steady and general feeling continues bullish. There is more disposition to buy on all declines as the international political situation seems a great disturbing factor.

After many years, the textile industry is working at a fair margin of profit. U. S. A., Lancashire and Japanese reports are encouraging and our mills are bound to have a favourable time.

Our Cement industry is in a healthy state and Cement shares have remained dull, but the outlook seems promising.

Other speculative counters are again receiving more attention. There is a scarcity of actual offerings and the situation of the market is healthy.

In the near future we may have irregular markets, but we think it will be a wise policy to buy on all setbacks.

TEXTILE MILLS.
BOMBAY, Jan. 12.

	Rs	as
100 Ahm. Advance (Rs. 8)	315	0
250 B'bay Dyeing (Rs. 25)	966	4
100 Century	226	4
100 Central India (Rs. 4)	321	4
100 Colaba (nil)	161	4
100 Coorla (Rs. 5)	95	0
250 David	60	0
250 Dawn (Rs. 10)	300	0
1 E. D. Sassoon (nil)	0-11	-6
100 Finlay (Rs. 2-8)	130	0
100 Gokak (Rs. 2-8)	232	8
1000 Hindustan (Rs. 75)	1605	0
100 Indore (Rs. 2)	51	4
100 Khatau (Rs. 2)	93	2
100 Kohinoor (Rs. 8)	295	0
250 Laxmi (Rs. 12-8)	675	8
250 Madras United	11	0
1000 Morarji (nil)	900	0
250 Model	65	0
50 Mysore (Rs. 3)	105	0
200 New Great (nil)	212	8
100 Oosmanshahi (nil)	52	0
100 Phoenix (10)	327	8
25 Sassoon Silk (Rs. 2)	56	8
1000 Sholapur (Rs. 50)	1925	0
50 Simplex (Rs. 4)	96	4
100 Swadeshi (Rs. 4)	261	4
100 Swan (nil)	101	4
500 Vishnu (Rs. 50)	1,238	12
100 Western	805	0
BANKS.		
50-100 Baroda (Rs. 2-8)	118	0
25-50 Central (As. 12)	36	0
500 Imperial (Rs. 30)	1600	0
125-500 I. Conty.	395	0
50-100 India	137	8
100 Reserve Bank (Rs. 2-3-4)	137	8
5 Union (As. 4)	5	15
CEMENTS.		
10 Bundi (As. 10)	41	10
100 Coimbatore	192	8
70 Gwallor (Rs. 5)	145	0
160 Indian (Rs. 63-3-9)	560	0
40 Katni Def. (Rs. 63-3-9)	2340	0
100 Katni ord. (Rs. 10)	397	8
75 Okha (Rs. 7)	315	0
10 Punjab (As. 12)	30	12
100 Shahabad (Rs. 13-8)	158	12
70 United (Rs. 2-3-3)	164	8
INSURANCE		
80-500 Empire (Rs. 14)	876	4
15-100 Jupiter (As. 12)	17	4
15-75 New India (Rs. 1-4)	45	10
20 Mercantile	48	12
200 Oriental (125)	5450	0
10-50 Vulcan (As. 8)	8	1
ELECTRIC.		
100 Ahmedabad Old (6)	173	12
1000 Andhra Valley (45)	1722	8
10 Ajmer (As. 4)	14	6
50 Bombay Tram (2-8)	153	12
100 Bombay Suburban (Rs. 6)	215	0
10 Broacn	13	8
100 Karachi (4)	267	8
100 Poona (4)	265	0
100 Surat (Rs. 8)	208	2
100 Tata Hydro	191	10
100 Tata Power (Rs. 40)	1617	8
RAILWAYS		
500 Ahmedabad Prantij	915	0
100 C Province	100	0
100 Dhond Baramati	105	8
100 Gujarat	95	0
100 Mandra Bhon	102	0

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE.
Bombay, Jan 12.

Century (224/6) 235 237 225 226

Bom. Dyeing (957/6) 970 975 972 976 965 970 966

Kohinoor (287/8) 297 298 296 298 296 295

Central India (308/12) 330 317 325 320 321

New Great (211/4) 220 212 216 211 212

Simplex (91/14) 98 97 100 95 96

Swadeshi (263/12) 272 276 272 261

Bundi (41) 41/4 41/8

I. Cement (554/6) 560 562 558 560

Punjab (30/12) 30/8 30/14 30/12

Shahabad (515) 520 515 517 518

Andhra (1732/8) 1725 1730

Tata Hydro (192/8) 193/2 191/14

Tata Power (1627/8) 1630 1640 1632 1635 1627

Tram. Ord. (152/13) 153/2

T. Steel Dfd. (1160) 1130 1135 1132 1140 1127 1145 1130 1131 1125 1127/8

T. Steel Ord. (283) 290 292 290 293 288 289

Tata Steel 2nd Pref. (177/8) 177/8 176/8 177 176

Bellapur (193/12) 195 193 192

B. Steam (283/12) 285

B. Burma (X.D. 607/8) 626 617 626 623 622

100 Pachora Jamner	99	0
100 Sara Sirajgunje	102	4
500 Tapty Valley (17-8)	772	8
MININGS.		
10 Shivrajpur (Rs. 8)	48	8
30 Tata Steel Def. (Rs. 12-8) X.D	622	8
75 Tata Steel Ord.) Rs. 6)	289	0
MISCELLANEOUS		
100 Alcock (Rs. 5)	292	8
50 Belapur Sugar (Rs. 10 plus 2)	193	12
200 Bom. Safe Dep.	832	8
250 B'bay Steam (Rs. 8)	285	0
125 Bombay Burma (Rs. 12-8)	607	8 XD.
50 Bombay Burma Contry (Rs. 5)	206	4
8sh. Br. B. Petrol (nil)	6	13
50 B. Telephone (128)	116	0
9 Burma Corp (As. 8)	11	10
100 I. Bleaching (Rs. 4)	156	4
50 India Invest Trust (Rs. 2)	52	0
100 I. Radio defd. (12)	550	0
100 I. Radio ord. (15)	521	4
1000 Port Canning (Rs. 25)	605	0
15 Scindia (Re. 1)	22	7
30 Premier Const. (Rs. 1-1)	110	8
25 Tata Oil (nil)	23	4
PREFERENCE.		
7 p.c. Andhra Valley	1578	12
8 p.c. Bombay Steam	315	0
7 p.c. Bombay Trams	88	0
5 p.c. Central India	552	8
7 p.c. Katni 2nd	146	4
7 p.c. Katni 2nd	146	4
7-1/2 p.c. Punjab Cement	13	10
6-1/4 p.c. Prem. Const. 1st.	107	0
6-1/4 p.c. Prem. Const. 2nd	102	8
7 p.c. Tata Hydro	162	8
7-1/2 p.c. Tata Power	1617	8
6 p.c. Tata Steel 1st.	199	6
7½ p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	176	4
7 p.c. Vishnu	677	8
DEBENTURES		
3-3/4 p.c. Andhra Valley	103	0
6 p.c. Andhra Valley	112	8
4 p.c. Bom. Telephone	51	8
7 p.c. Sholapur	85	4
6 p.c. Tata Hydro	112	0

(Last Dividend in Brackets)

WALL STREET MARKET

Sensational Rise In Sun Life Share

New York, Jan. 11.

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dol.
Amer. Power and Light Com.	15
Electric Bond Common	26
Electric Bond 5 dol. Pfd.	75
Consolidated (Gas) Edison	46
United Corpn.	8
American Tel. and Tel.	184 1/2
Western Union Telg.	79 3/4
Erie Rly.	15
New York Central Rly.	42 3/4
Northern Pacific Rly.	29
Republican Steel	30
Skelley Oil	44
Amr. Gas and Elec.	46
Bethelehem Steel	76
United States Steel	80 1/4
Anaconda Copper Mining	57 1/4
Int. Nickel of Canada	64 1/2
General Motors	66
General Electric	56 1/2
Sperry Corp.	23
Westinghouse Airbrake	50
Socony	16 7/8
Amr. Celanese	28
Chase Bank	49
National City Bank	43
Sun Life of Canada	995
Amr. Car Foundry	62
Electric P and Light 7 p.c. Pfd.	88
N. Y. N. Hartford H. R. R.	17
Brazilians	21
Barnsdall Oil	33
P. Service of Illinoes Pfd.	90

Market broad and strong. Still have a favourable opinion of market. Sensational rise of Sun Life Insurance Co., from 725 to dol 995.

Produce Receipts

Bombay, Jan 12

Wheat	12,626	cwts.
Linseed	527	cwts.
Rape, Rai and Mustard seeds	499	cwts.
Gingellyseed	3,318	cwts.
Poppyseed	10	cwts.
Groundnuts	25,420	cwts.
Castorseed	422	cwts.
Rice	13,223	cwts.
Myrabollams	1,694	cwts.
Cottonseed	9,137	cwts.
Gram	988	cwts.
Joowar	251	cwts.
Bajree	645	cwts.
Indian sugar	4,628	cwts.
Coal	1,435	tons.

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is a progressive Insurance Co.
J5

REGD. NO. B. 1068

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 13, 1937

JUPITER GENERAL
can be consulted by the Insuring public on all occasions and for all Insurances.
J6

Heavy Italian Casualties

STORY OF RAS IMRU'S CAPTURE DENIED

Abyssinian Bands Continue Offensive On All Fronts

According to a recent Reuter's cable, Ras Imru, the Abyssinian war-lord, was captured by the Italians and was to be taken to Rome, under orders of Mussolini.

The story of capture is contradicted 'in toto' by the Ethiopian Consul at Djibouti, according to our correspondent. The Consul saw in the news nothing but sheer Italian propaganda.

The Italians are not yet masters of Abyssinia, and according to our correspondent, Abyssinian offensive continues on four fronts. Ras Imru is very much alive and kicking round about Gore, while Dedjaz Thayyu, one of the heirs to the Abyssinian throne, has inflicted heavy casualties on Italian columns.

Four special trains, containing hundreds of wounded Italian soldiers arrived at Djibouti and the wounded men were immediately carried to the hospital ship, which was ready for departure to Italy.

(FROM OUR COR RESPONDENT).

ITALIANS, NOT YET CONQUERORS

DJIBOUTI: January 1.

On receipt of the news of the capture of Ras Imru from an Italian telegram, dated 22nd Dec. 1936, I interviewed the Ethiopian Consul about it. The Consul totally denied the news and said that it was the third time the Italians gave out such false news to the world.

I then asked him to give me official news of the present situation in Abyssinia.

He first expressed sympathy for what I had suffered for befriending Abyssinians and then requested me to thank the Indian nation for all the sympathy that is being shown by all classes of Indians to the Abyssinians in this calamity. He said they would never forget this.

ABYSSINIAN BETRAYAL.

He then stated that on the assurance of some European Powers, they had started offensive against the Italians and were betrayed. Had the Abyssinians known that they would not get arms and aeroplanes from the Powers, they would sooner have paid 2,00,000 dollars claimed by Italy for the Wal-Wal incident and saved their country and hundreds of thousands of lives lost by poison gas.

The Consul, who had always been cheerful whenever I saw him at Dire-Dawa, looked sad. The Consulate remains closed the whole day and there are few callers. His last words were that the Abyssinians would never lay down arms, as they were sure that God would help them.

ETHIOPIAN OFFENSIVE.

I now give below the exact situation in Abyssinia to-day. According to my information from reliable sources, the Italians are not yet conquerors of the whole of Abyssinia.

1. Fitaurari Shemalis, Beade, Demisie, son of Fitaurari Alamazu and Abraha are operating near Gara Mullata and Chercher with nearly 15,000 to 20,000 armed soldiers. Six months' bombing and even poison-gas have not succeeded in dislodging them from their secure positions. They keep changing from one place to another and are always on the look out, for small or big Italian columns which are sent after them. General Nazi has offered a reward of 10,000 Liras for each of them dead or alive. He has also sent tempting offers to them to surrender themselves. He had even allowed the Abyssinians, who had surrendered to retain their arms, but this had no effect.

RAILWAYS IN DANGER.

2. In Arousi and Bali Dedjaz Bayana and Fitaurari Taffari have joined hands. The latter made many attacks on Railway communications. Now, on account of the rainy season, he has moved his men to mountainous regions, where they will be free from attack by Italian aeroplanes. They have hundreds of men on the look out, who very often swoop down on small Italian bands and take away all their arms after defeating them.

3. Dedjaz Thayyu with thousands of followers is in the field near Uganda border. This chief is the son of Memlik's brother and is an heir to the Abyssinian throne. He is getting more powerful day by day. Three days ago, four special trains came here with wounded Italian white and black soldiers and these men told me that the men of Dedjaz Thayyu had attacked them and killed hundreds of their men.

RAS IMRU ALIVE.

4. Ras Imru and Dedjaz Waldi Taditt are operating near and around Gore with more than 1,00,000 soldiers. The son of Ras Cassa, most daring of them all, is operating near Salale, very near Addis-Ababa.

The Italian soldiers cannot pass through Tigra country, because of the activities of Tigra bands.

There are many bands under small chiefs operating everywhere, even near Ankolar and they do not remain long in one place.

ITALIANS, NOT MASTERS.

The Italians have great difficulty in arranging transport, for want of wagons and trucks. They have to move their troops from one place to another in goods wagons. As a result, the railway company refuses to accept merchandise from traders. Hence the Italian Government has asked the Issa and Dankali tribesmen to supply them with men and camels. Both the tribesmen are very wealthy in flocks and used to take life easy. They have now entered into a pact to observe passive resistance to any forcible order of the Italians.

Four special trains arrived here three days ago, bringing hundreds of wounded Italian soldiers. A hospital ship was in port and these men were at once carried on board. Some sight-seers told me that it was a very gruesome sight, as majority of the wounded were in critical condition.

Under the auspices of the Bombay "G" Ward and Suburban Districts Joint Election Committee a public meeting was held at Santa Cruz last Sunday, when Mr. B. G. Kher presided. A group of some of the speakers with Mr. B. G. Kher in centre.

DANGE ASKED TO EXPLAIN

Why He Supported Joglekar In Opposition To Congress Nominee?

BOMBAY, Jan. 11.

Mr. Shankerrao Deo, President of the Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee and Chairman of the Reception Committee Faizpur Congress, has under instructions from Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Congress President, asked for an explanation from Mr. S. A. Dange, a member of the A.I.C.C. for breach of discipline in supporting the candidature of Mr. Joglekar against an official Congress nominee. Mr. Dange is expected to submit the explanation shortly.

On receipt of the explanation Mr. Deo will seek the advice of the Congress President in this regard before taking any disciplinary action against Mr. Dange.—United Press.

The workers of Wimco Match Factory of Ambarnath held a meeting under the presidentship of Mr. N. V. Phadke of the Servants of India Society on Sunday to express working class solidarity with the workers of the Wimco Match Factory at Dubri in Assam, who have gone on strike from the 14th December.

State People To Join In National Protest

Baroda Praja Mandal Resolves To Hold Demonstration Against Inauguration Of New Constitution On April 1.

(From Our Correspondent)

BARODA, Jan. 11.

At a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Baroda State Prajamandal, held yesterday under the presidentship of Doctor Sumant Mehta, it was resolved to protest on April first against the new constitution as it did not contain any direct representation of States people in the Federal Legislature and as there was no reference regarding the demand of the fundamental rights of the people.

It may be mentioned, here that the Prajamandal had passed a resolution about fundamental demands in 1933.

The meeting also decided to inquire into losses occurring to the agriculturists of the State as a result of the recent frost and urged upon the Kheduts to seek Government relief.

The Baroda Jain Youth League at a mammoth public meeting passed resolutions recording emphatic protest against His Master's Voice Company recording the dramatic piece entitled "Thirugnana Sambandar" the contents of which "are calculated to outrage the religious feelings of the Jains and otherwise insult them as a community and hold them up to ridicule, and requesting His Master's Voice Company to stop further production and circulation of the records in question, and to respect the religious feelings of the Jain community". It was also resolved that if the H.M.V. Company, failed to take immediate steps in this matter, the Jain community within and without Baroda State should be advised to carry on intensive propaganda to boycott the production of the above mentioned company.

A committee was appointed to put this resolution into effect.

Further reports are pouring in from various parts of State regarding incalculable harm caused to crops due to the recent frost. Peasants, who are passing critical times since last 6 to 7 years, are hard hit by the recent cold wave and look to the Government for remissions in land revenue and for the opening of relief works.

There are now about 1,500 mill workers idle because Sayaji Mills and Jagdish Mill's are closed since last 3 months. The Conciliation Board has become ineffective in the present mill dispute. The Government ought to put a check on activities going on in certain quarters to starve the millhands into submission.

SIKH-MUSLIM SETTLEMENT?

"Give And Take" Policy In Deciding Routes Of Procession

RAWALPINDI, Jan. 11.

Prospects of a permanent and honourable compromise between Muslims and Sikhs of Rawalpindi with regard to the question of routes of processions of Sikhs as well as Muslims appear to be bright.

The Sub-committee appointed by a representative Sikh Board which carried on negotiations with Muslims and Government authorities have submitted its recommendations and accepted by the Board.

Sikhs have agreed to changing their route eliminating Juma Mosque from the way of their processions and Muslims have agreed not to take out processions from Banker Bazar and Raja Bazar including Gurdwara of Guru Singh Sabha. Sikhs would further be allowed to play music in front of all other mosques without any restrictions.—United Press

Delhi Stock-Brokers Decision

NEW DELHI Jan. 11.

At a meeting of the stock-brokers of Delhi it was decided that the Delhi Stock Exchange shall begin to transact regular business in stocks and shares from the 13th inst. The Exchange will be situated in Fatehpuri, in the heart of Delhi City.—A. P

ANTHROPOLOGY AS UNIFYING FORCE

R. P. Masani Pleads For Its Inclusion In I. C. S. Test

A powerful plea for making anthropology a compulsory subject for candidates for the Indian Civil Service was made by Mr. R. P. Masani, the president of the Bombay Anthropological Society at the Golden Jubilee of the Society on Tuesday evening at the Town Hall. H. E. the Governor of Bombay presided. In welcoming the Governor and Lady Brabourne, Mr. Masani referred to the days when the seeds of corporate intellectual life in the City were sown by the Bombay Literary Society under the guidance of James Mackintosh on his arrival to take charge of the office of Recorder in 1804 and to the contributions made to scholarship by Judges and administrators including Governors like Duncan, Mountstuart Elphinstone and Malcolm. In the early days the State and the Church frowned on the pre-Darwinian evolutionists and transmutationists. The Bombay Society, however, received encouragement and support from the representatives of the State as well as the Church.

MAKE IT COMPULSORY.

Mr. Masani then put in a powerful plea for making anthropology a compulsory subject for candidates for the Indian Civil Service. No citizen, said Mr. Masani, could hope to discharge adequately his duties as a citizen without intimate knowledge and sympathetic understanding of the beliefs and motives underlying the social observances and religious rites of one's fellow-citizens. It was, therefore, that the Society had always advocated that chairs of anthropology should be founded by the Indian Universities.

NEED GREATER.

At the present moment when there was startling recrudescence of primitive passions in some of the civilised nations which appeared to be relapsing into barbarism, the need for commencing the study of this subject during the most impressionable years of one's life seemed all the greater. Differences in hygienic, economic, educational and ethical standards estrange the different members of the human family, but these differences were due to passing social conditions and not to so-called innate and fixed racial characteristics. To regard such treats as immutable is to underestimate the environmental factors; and it is the mission of the sociologist and the scientist to correct such errors.

UNIFYING FORCE.

All who joined the Society subscribed in theory, and also in practice, to the ideal of mutual understanding and unity and rose above the regional, racial religious and political barriers that separate man from man. The larger the number of people brought under the influence of such societies, the greater the hope for the fruition of the ideal of world citizenship.

It was their ambition that in future they might be able to extend it so as to touch the life of the people. In that task they sought the support of all their fellow-countrymen, such support would be forthcoming and Mr. Masani hoped that fifty years hence, at the centenary celebration of our Society, or earlier, its President might be able to claim that it had accomplished its mission as a unifying force.

Governor's Speech

Replying to the welcome the Governor said:—

Anthropology is the scientific study of man in his racial aspect. I stress the word 'scientific.' In these days of heated political argument, when, as often as not, ethnological grounds are alleged in support of political theories which it is sought to base upon them, there is a definite value in the cold and dispassionate study of anthropological facts. Science is the search for truth, and the establishment of facts must precede the drawing of inferences from them. The scientific method is based on classification of facts, and all known facts must be taken into consideration. It is not right to lose sight of the unity of man by noting only the differences between races, nor is it true science to overlook these various differences, great and small, in order to convey the impression that the many and varied races of mankind are alike. It is the function of science to record and classify similarities and differences alike, and to keep recorded fact distinct from inference.

DIFFICULT FOR COMPETITION.

You, Mr. President, have suggested that members of the Civil Services should receive a training in anthropology. It is my experience that District Officers have, as a rule, a wide and detailed knowledge of the peculiarities of the various castes and creeds within their districts, and of their social customs, preferences and prejudices. These phenomena are the basis of anthropological study, and the knowledge of them is more important than that of theory. It would, however, be useful if officers had some training in theory, as they could more usefully observe and record these social facts for the information of students of anthropology.

Anthropology is essentially a post graduate subject of study, and it would be difficult to include it as a subject in a competitive examination, and it is open to question whether it is of sufficient importance to civil servants to justify its inclusion. But lectures on this subject used to be given at Cambridge to I. C. S. probationers, and possibly they still are. In any case, it is a subject which can be studied as a hobby, and surely there could be no better country in which to study it than in India.

The meeting terminated with a vote of thanks proposed by Dr. J. Mackenzie.

"A SENSIBLE DOCUMENT"

Shafaat Ahmed Khan On Bengal Pact

ALLAHABAD, Jan. 11.

Interviewed by the Associated Press Sir Shafaat Ahmed Khan Secretary to the Muslim Delegation at the Round Table Conference gave warm support to the Bengal Pact. He expressed the hope that the Pact would usher in a new era in the relations between the two communities in Bengal. Those who had to deal with the vexed question of the Punjab and Bengal in London during 1930/33 clearly realised that the new constitution would never have reality until those two major provinces had started on an even keel and built up foundations of permanent peace on the firm grounds of communal concord and harmony.

"It is an eminently sensible and practical document, and bears the impress of strong commonsense and reasonableness".

An intensification of agitation on a highly controversial issue on the threshold of provincial autonomy would have seriously jeopardised the future of Bengal.—A. P.

EDGAR WALLACE'S DETECTIVE STORY DAY BY DAY

Inspector Wade— *The Clever One*

WELLS GOT AWAY AND HE TOOK RADLOW WITH HIM — THE OFFICER FOUND INK ON THE FLOOR!
WHAT GOOD IS THAT? WE STILL DON'T KNOW WHERE HE WENT!
GET THIS, DONAVAN -- ONLY THE INK WAS SPILLED! NOTHING ELSE WAS UPSET — I ASKED THE OFFICER TO EXAMINE THE INK --- MAYBE RADLOW TRIED TO LEAVE A CLUE!
THERE AIN'T NOTHIN' HERE — WADE MUST BE --- HELLO, WHAT'S THIS?
LYMAN ANDERSON
I FOUND SOMETHING SIR -- BUT IT DON'T MAKE SENSE!
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